

International Laser Class Association



2017 Handbook

Constitution and Class Rules



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In accordance with the ILCA Constitution, in November 2016 the Laser World Council voted to establish an ILCA Asia Region. The office and regional executive committee will be established in the near future.

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www.laserinternational.org

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This Handbook is published every year by the International Laser Class Association (ILCA) and distributed to class members throughout the world. Any changes to the information contained in this Handbook, including changes to the class rules and By-Laws, are published on the ILCA web site **www.laserinternational.org** and in LaserWorld, the international magazine of the class that is also distributed to Laser class members.

If you are not an ILCA member consider joining us by contacting your national Laser association through the contacts list on our website.



Eric Faust
ILCA World Executive Secretary



From our President

A boat for Life in a Lifetime Sport

2017 sees the beginning of another quadrennium and the lead up to the XXXII Olympiad, with the sailing events to be held in Fujisawa, Japan. This will mark the seventh games for the Laser Standard since its first appearance at the XXVI Olympiad held in Atlanta, Georgia in 1996, and the fourth games for the Laser Radial since its first appearance at the XXIX Olympiad held in Beijing, China. Both are firmly established as the Olympic singlehanded dinghies for the men and women and are the most popular of the Olympic classes. We look forward to an exciting four years leading up to the next games. More important, we look forward to several more Olympic games for both!



The Laser was not a young class when it was first chosen for the Olympics but it was certainly ready. It has opened the door to Olympic sailing for a number of new countries and continues to do so year on year. The "Laser Formula" of three rigs for one hull has developed into 3 classes (Laser 4.7, Radial and Standard) for different weight ranges of sailors. It provides a low cost pathway through age and weight growth and sailing development from the Optimist to the Olympics. This has helped the Laser grow where it is today with many of the over 200,000 Lasers still in action in over 120 countries.

Laser is the boat for life. It has a special charm that excites the holiday maker sailing off a sunny beach and technically challenges the racing sailor to continually develop their boat and sail trim to get to the front of a racing fleet. The one design rules are a great leveler where the competition is close – respect must be earned and friendships are born that last a lifetime.

Not everyone will make it to the front of a Laser fleet but the lessons learned from their Laser racing experience will always serve them well. Some will go on to try their hands at Olympic level competition in other classes. Many will continue to sail their boats at the club level and eventually move into Laser Masters sailing where they will find new competition and friends on national and international circuits.

All of this is held together by the true strength of the Laser Class - its members, in particular the many who share their love of Laser sailing by volunteering their time to organize and run events and help to keep Laser sailing the best racing to be found anywhere!

We have something very special in sailing.

A handwritten signature in dark ink that reads "Tracy Usher". The signature is fluid and cursive.

Tracy Usher
ILCA President

In the pages of this handbook you will find an enormous amount of useful information:

- ★ The Laser Class Rules to help you understand what you can (and can't) do to rig your boat for racing,
- ★ Contact information for District Associations, Class Measurers, Class Officers and the ILCA office,
- ★ ILCA guidelines and policies for major championship events,
- ★ The ILCA Constitution to better understand the organization of the association,
- ★ Useful hints and tricks gleaned from years of experience,
- ★ And, finally, a list of all champions from ILCA World Championships to help provide incentive!

Go Sailing, Go Racing

Sailing is great but Laser sailing is a little bit more special. You are totally in control and when you want a challenge you go out in stronger and stronger winds until you are flying across waves and through spray, experiencing the most exhilarating ride of your life. The joy of going Laser sailing is what keeps the class the most popular boat of its type in the world.

If you need a little help getting used to the boat there are books about Laser sailing and racing, but for many the best way to get to know your boat better is to go racing. It also means you can meet like-minded people.

Contact the Laser Association in your country for details about how racing is organised and where the nearest group of Laser sailors are (*see page 13*) or check out the contact list on our website. Over 90% of Laser racing takes place over a couple of hours in an evening or on a weekend. Most racing takes place from sailing or water sports clubs and, like golf, you are guaranteed to see a full range of experience at the local club where beginners and experts are welcome. Your club may organise training weekends and visiting coaches and you will certainly benefit from talking to and watching others.

After a while you may wish to have a weekend or week away sailing at a different venue against other Laser sailors. This could be 50 or 500 kilometres away but for sure you will find other places to race. Your national Laser association can help you.



© Jesus Renedo/Sailing Energy/World Sailing

YOUTH AND MASTERS (over 35)

In many countries there are special extra events organised specifically for different Laser rigs (Laser Standard, Laser Radial and Laser 4.7) and for youth and master sailors. Some countries organise extra National Championships for these rigs and age groups.

For sailors who do not like to travel, the National Championship is often the highlight of the annual racing calendar. These events are open to all comers and all levels of skill. You will experience the excitement of racing in a large fleet of between 30 and 100+ Laser sailors. Best of all you need no qualifications, except being able to handle your boat in up to 20 knots and having enjoyed at least 10 club races in your Laser. You probably will not become national champion (at least not at the first attempt) but you will certainly have a great time.

With the exception of most World and European Championships, all Laser racing is open and there are many national and international regattas you can go to with only a limited amount of experience.

Contact your national Laser association for a chat about what is available. Check out the contact list on our website at www.laserinternational.org.

The Laser Formula

A choice of rigs for different weight sailors - 3 boats in one

- *Are your children reaching the age when they want to go sailing in a Laser by themselves?*
- *Does your husband or wife fancy the occasional sail in your Laser?*
- *When you drive 2 hours to get to the water have you found it is too windy for you to go sailing?*
- *Maybe you are too light to sail the Laser with the Standard rig?*

The **Laser Formula** is the answer to all these questions. By changing only the sail and lower mast the Laser can be sailed comfortably in all wind conditions and provide exciting but controlled sailing for any sailor weighing as little as 35 kg. The Laser Formula is a 3 rig option that has been adopted by a number of sailing schools as a simple and economical way to keep sailing in all winds and reduce the amount of 'down time'.

The **Laser 4.7** uses a short pre-bent lower mast to maintain a balanced helm and a sail area that is 35% smaller than the Laser Standard. It is ideal for learning to sail or for the lighter weight sailor graduating from Optimist.

The **Laser Radial** is the next step up. It uses a more flexible and slightly shorter lower mast together with a sail area 18% smaller than the Laser Standard. The Laser Radial has a large following with national and international regattas and World Men's, Women's & Youth Championships attracting as many countries and competitors as the Laser Standard Rig. As well as a strong following amongst lighter weight sailors, the Laser Radial is also used for youth, women and masters racing. Many countries support a full Laser Radial Youth programme and in a survey of national yachting authorities conducted by World Sailing the majority replied that the Laser Radial was their preferred youth boat.

The **Laser Standard** can be sailed by any weight in light winds, but as the wind increases it is better suited to higher sailor weights.

Apart from the strong second hand market in Lasers with the Laser Standard rig, there is an even stronger second hand market for Laser Radial and Laser 4.7 lower mast and sails as a separate package from the hull.

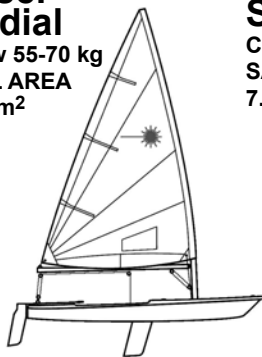
Laser 4.7

Crew 35-55 kg
SAIL AREA
4.70m²



Laser Radial

Crew 55-70 kg
SAIL AREA
5.76m²



Laser Standard

Crew 60 kg +
SAIL AREA
7.06m²



INFORMATION AND LASER CLASS RULES

The ILCA website features an online search facility to enable you to find detailed information about ILCA and the Laser Class Rules. Please visit www.laserinternational.org.

ILCA Age Policy and Useful Information

WORLD CHAMPIONSHIPS - general

As a result of high demand for places at major Championships, the majority of Laser World Championships and European Championships are allocated place events. For further information see www.laserinternational.org.

YOUTH AGE CHAMPIONSHIP POLICY

The Laser is widely used as a youth training and racing boat. The chart below illustrates a typical progression and suggested age limits for prizes at youth events. The stepped progression maintains interest throughout youth years for different rates of growth.

Age*	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Birth Year**	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997
Laser 4.7	UNDER 16				UNDER 18				
Laser Radial Youth				UNDER 17		UNDER 19			
Laser Radial Women						UNDER 21			
Laser Standard Men						UNDER 21			

* The age the competitor **becomes** in the year of the Championship

** The year during which the competitor must have been born **FOR A 2017 CHAMPIONSHIP** using this guide

Within these age limits there will be a wide variation in weight for a given age, therefore some overlap is necessary. The age bands for each rig show suggested main prize categories even when the total entry for a rig is starting together. In larger events, prizes for more age groups within the band limits should be awarded to generate even greater interest.

In general, ILCA recommends that youth events shall be held in Laser 4.7 and Laser Radial rigs. ILCA also recommends an "Under 21" category (17 - 20 years old in the year of the championship) for the Laser Standard Men and Laser Radial Women categories.

In 2017 ILCA will organise Youth World Championships in the Laser Radial and Laser 4.7, following the above age limits, and an "Under 21" World Championship for the Laser Standard Men and an "Under 21" World Championship for the Laser Radial Women.

Competitors in Youth World Championships will normally be in the upper age limits and will be of a high standard. They should be experienced in big fleets and able to sail well in all conditions, including waves and high winds. Entering a World Championship without experience and ability in all racing conditions is not recommended, especially if a sailor is not heavy or strong enough to handle the rig.

WOMEN - policy

ILCA's recommended policy is that Women's championships should be held in the Laser Radial.

For identification purposes, sails used at certain women's events shall carry a red rhombus above the top batten pocket on both sides, see class rule 4(g).

Red rhombi shall conform with ILCA Rules, Part Two, section 4(g)(i) RED RHOMBUS.

LASER 4.7 - policy

Although the Laser 4.7 is used primarily as a youth class, at times it may be appropriate to run "open" Laser 4.7 regattas for lighter weight adults. At these events, separate category prizes for youth and women should also be considered, in a format similar to the Laser Radial.

Further information about events can be obtained from www.laserinternational.org

LASER RADIAL - policy

With the exception of world and some continental championships all Laser Radial regattas should be mixed gender and ages. However, if there are two or more categories (e.g. category men, category women) with 35 or more sailors in each, then these categories should race separately and have separate prizes. Where there are separate prize categories, each category should be identified by either a masthead streamer or a colour band on the mast. When two or more categories race in one fleet, then the individual category results should be extracted from the overall results without rescoring.

MASTERS - policy, age limits and identification

ILCA's recommended policy for Masters events is that the sailor must reach the ages given in Fig. 1 (below), which shall be defined in the Notice of Race. The following colours in Figure 1 are recommended for identification stickers on the mast below the gooseneck so that different category masters know who they are sailing with when they sail in mixed fleets. Overall prizes will be awarded in accordance with the ILCA Honour Award By-Law in each category.



Fig. 1

Age Group	Masters Category	Fleet Colour
35 to 44	Apprentice Master (Standard / Radial)	Green
45 to 54	Master (Standard / Radial)	Red
55 -64	Grand Master (Standard / Radial)	Blue
65 - 74	Great Grand Master (Standard / Radial)	Yellow
75 and over	75 and Over (Radial)	White

HANDICAP NUMBERS

Sometimes we get asked: "What are the handicap numbers for Lasers in mixed class racing?" The numbers used by the Royal Yachting Association (GBR) in their Portsmouth Handicap system are:

Laser 1080 Laser Radial 1104 Laser 4.7 1175

The numbers can be used for handicapping different Laser rigs within a mixed fleet. To use the numbers, convert the elapsed time into seconds. Divide the elapsed time by the handicap number and multiply by 1000 to achieve a corrected time.

The handicap numbers work best on races around 100 minutes long. Further information on Portsmouth Numbers can be obtained on the internet at: www.rya.org.uk

Personal Handicaps

The handicap numbers take into account the difference in boat speed as a result of the different size rigs. The handicap numbers take no account of an individual's ability. If the finishes are timed, a personal factor can be applied to the handicap number so that each person has a Personal Handicap Number.

The handicap numbers are based on race times. In a theoretical race, where a Laser finished in 60 minutes, a Laser Radial should finish in 61 minutes 17 seconds if all the sailors were the same standard and made the same mistakes! A Personal Handicap can be introduced by adjusting the handicap numbers.

For example, changing the Laser Radial handicap number from 1101 to a Personal Handicap of 1102 would mean that in the same race the Personal Handicap would give an extra 4 seconds advantage on someone sailing a Laser Radial without a Personal Handicap.

Personal Handicaps can be fixed for a set number of races or adjusted in any number of ways based on the performance of the last race. For example, if you win a race you are handicapped by 30 seconds in the next race. Second could be handicapped by 15 seconds etc. Similarly, the last placed boat could be given a handicap advantage of 1 minute, second to last 30 seconds etc. A simple time or place penalty system like this can also be used instead of handicap numbers (see fleet handicaps on our website at: www.laserinternational.org).

It is best to keep race by race changes simple and restrict changes to a maximum of the first two and last two places.



***If you decide on a Personal Handicap System don't forget
someone has to manage it so KEEP IT SIMPLE.***

COACHING AND COACHES

ILCA helps in the organisation of training camps for racing sailors throughout the world. Demand for this type of help is increasing. We hold a register of Laser sailors who are experienced at international regattas and who are able and interested to give some time to run race training courses around the world. Laser Coaches do not normally get paid for their work but they get their travel, meals and accommodation paid for plus a small expense allowance.

Coaching can be a rewarding experience and an opportunity to visit countries you might not normally get a chance to visit. If you are interested in being a Laser coach please write to the International Office with FULL details of your sailing experience, race results, coaching experience in Lasers and other classes, age, languages, address, including business and home phone, fax and e-mail. Please also include references.

If you would like the services of a Laser coach on the above basis please contact ILCA International Office with at least 6 months notice. Please also keep in mind that all the coaches have their own busy sailing season and therefore courses should be planned at a 'quiet' time of the year to give ILCA the best possible chance of finding a coach.

ADVERTISING/SPONSORSHIP

Information about advertising/sponsorship on sails can be found on the ILCA website (www.laserinternational.org) by clicking on the "Information" tab and choosing "Regulations 20: Advertising Code" from the sub-menu. Advertising and graphics may not be placed on the sail window (Class Rule 10).

ANTI-DOPING

The latest information about the ISAF Anti-Doping Code can be found on the World Sailing website: <http://www.sailing.org/documents/regulations/isafregulations/index.php>

REGIONAL CHAMPIONSHIPS

ILCA must be informed of a Regional (Continental) Championship 18 months in advance. Before the dates, venue and notice of race of such a championship are published, the venue and dates must be submitted to the World Council for approval. Before giving such approval the World Council shall consider the requirements of the Regional Championship By-Law and any other aspect, which may affect the quality and fairness of the competition.

POLICY FOR TRANSLATING THE HANDBOOK

It is possible to translate the ILCA Handbook into your native language.

If you are interested in translating this handbook, please email your translation to ILCA at office@laserinternational.org. Once the translation has been approved, we will make the translated version available on our website.

If you have any questions or would like to translate this handbook, please contact the ILCA office.

What is the International Laser Class Association (ILCA)?

The International Laser Class Association (ILCA) is like a worldwide sailing club specifically for owners of Laser sailboats and people interested in the Laser. Like most sailing clubs it is run by volunteer Laser sailors who employ staff to run a dedicated Laser office.

For easier administration the Laser Association is divided into 4 main levels of activity, each with elected volunteers:

FLEETS - normally sailing clubs or small groups of Laser sailors sailing together on a local basis. Fleet activities are normally co-ordinated by a Fleet Captain who has been elected by the Laser sailors in that Fleet.

DISTRICTS - In North America and Australia these are single states or an amalgamation of states. For the rest of the world, district boundaries are normally the same as national boundaries, although occasionally small countries either amalgamate with other small countries or get looked after by larger countries. District activities are co-ordinated by a committee, elected by Laser sailors at the district's annual general meeting.

REGIONS - these are a number of districts grouped together on a continental basis. Regional activities are co-ordinated by officers elected by the District representatives.

INTERNATIONAL (World Council) - this is like the board of directors of a company. It is responsible for directing the work of the association and maintaining the objects of the association as they are expressed in the association's constitution. The World Council consists of the President and Vice President, the Chairman of each region, the Executive Secretary appointed by the council and 2 representatives of the Laser manufacturers. Our World Council is truly international, currently consisting of officers from Australia, France, Switzerland, UK and USA - all are active sailors and between them have a wealth of experience spread over all levels of sailing.

The contact details of all class officers from the district to World Council level can be found on the website at www.laserinternational.org. Please do not hesitate to contact any officer if you have any Laser problems or need help or information about the Laser or Laser Association.

ILCA Goals

The objects expressed in the constitution of the association are:

- To enhance the enjoyment of Laser sailboats.
- To provide a means of exchanging information among Laser sailors throughout the world.
- To promote and encourage Laser class racing in all countries under uniform rules.
- To promote and encourage the sporting and recreational aspects of sailing.

ILCA's Work

For the majority of members, the work done by class officers is not directly apparent, but it is vitally important for the continuation of our class and the very existence of the Laser sailboat as we know it. It is all too easy to go to a dealer, buy a Laser, and go sailing with lots of other identical Lasers without even thinking about how it all happened or if it will continue to happen!

The existence of a strong International Laser Association is important to all Laser owners, whether they are occasional weekend sailors or aiming for an Olympic gold medal. If you doubt this, think back to the reasons why you were originally attracted to the Laser:

A good design?

ILCA cannot take credit for that. However, ILCA plays an important part in protecting that design and making sure it isn't devalued by manufacturing changes. The construction of the Laser is controlled by an agreement between the manufacturers, ILCA and World Sailing, and by the class rules. Monitoring this agreement is an important part of ILCA's work.

Strict one design?

When the Laser was first introduced a set of rules were drafted which, at the time, were very different to other existing classes. These other class rules listed a number of prohibitions, which led to developers trying out new ideas if the idea was not specifically prohibited. The result of this is that quite often older boats became outdated with a subsequent loss in value. The Laser rules are different in that they prohibit ANY changes unless the rules specifically allow a change. This means that a 10 year old Laser is the same as a brand new one and, as a result, holds its resale value far better. ILCA plays an important part in keeping the Laser rules strictly one design by preventing changes and providing a measurement structure that maintains the one design.

Good racing?

The International Office of ILCA is responsible for organising world and other major championships for the class. Of course these only directly interest a small group of sailors. However, the organisation of top quality championships has an effect on all sailors. The qualification and training for major championships can only take place at lower level regattas. This results in increased participation at lower levels, which in turn attracts more people to the class. Standards that are set in sailing, racing and organisation at international level filter down throughout our organisation.

Good magazines, website and communication?

The amount and quality of literature available to a Laser sailor is high compared with most other classes. ILCA's *LaserWorld* magazine is prepared by the International Office and distributed throughout the world to supplement the many and various publications produced by the Districts. A truly international magazine keeps everyone in touch with class activities and helps the class to develop evenly throughout the world. This is one of our greatest strengths. ILCA also has its own website (www.laserinternational.org) with regularly updated news items, information and links to other sites. In many other classes a lack of international communication has caused groups of sailors in different countries to become isolated and the class in those countries to become extinct. This fall-off in activity eventually affects the class in established countries, leaving only the truly international classes well supported.

Low price?

Mass production keeps the price of the Laser relatively low. An active Class Association encourages more people into the class, therefore making mass production viable.

Activity

Whatever reasons made you become a Laser owner, they are all a result of ACTIVITY. The Laser Association plays an important part in promoting and maintaining this activity and keeping the Laser at the top of the sailing world for both Laser sailors and sailing authorities.

The International Office, together with the regional and district officers, ensure a strong and healthy future for the Laser.

The International Office also deals with correspondence and communications from individuals, fleets, sailing clubs, district committee members, national yachting authorities, the World Council, World Sailing and the various manufacturing plants - in fact anything concerning Laser!

***ILCA is working for each individual Laser sailor
no matter where they are in the world.***



FINANCES

Being a large class, there is a considerable amount of administration. At District level, membership numbers are often so big that part time secretarial help is needed to assist the volunteer officers, if only to send out the newsletters! Multiply the number of countries by 120 and add together all the memberships from each country, and it is easy to see why we need a full-time International Office.

Any club or association needs a small fee to cover costs. Your membership fee would normally include an amount for the district and sometimes regional administration, plus a contribution towards the international costs of the association. The international accounts are audited each year, and a summary income and expenditure account, including an accumulated reserve funds carried forward, is published in *LaserWorld*.

The association's finances and administration are independent of the Laser manufacturers, although we work closely together on a number of things. The World Council believes that our continued strength is related to having sound finances, therefore it tries to maintain a small operating surplus each year, which is put in a reserve fund.

ILCA

- A self-administered international organisation
- Provides co-ordination, organisation and communication for the class worldwide
- Liaison with national and international authorities
- Maintains one design rules
- Protects the design and ensures consistency
- Monitors building agreements
- Self-funded
- Positively promotes Laser sailing worldwide
- Publishes annual handbook and quarterly magazine LaserWorld
- Co-ordinates international racing calendar
- Organises World Championships at international level
- Administers the class worldwide
- Sets the standard that others aspire to achieve

Website: www.laserinternational.org

The ILCA website contains a large amount of regularly updated information useful to Laser owners, including:

- Event information for all Laser world championships, including dates, allocations, Notice of Race, Charter Terms & Conditions and links to event venue websites.
- Full results, daily results and reports from all Laser Championships.
- Archive of results from Laser World & Regional Championships since 1971.
- RSS Newsfeed, to keep you in the loop with breaking news from ILCA.
Facebook.com/intlaserclass, Twitter: ILCA @intlaserclass
- Bid pages - want to host an ILCA championship? You can find all the bid documents for World championships online.
- Image Gallery, containing the best pictures from all Laser Championships.
- Videos of Laser sailing activities - from Masters events to the CrazyNorwegians.
- LaserWorld, our quarterly newsletter, is available for all to download or view online.
- Measurement Manual - to help both sailors and officials understand the Laser Class measurement process.
- Technical & Quality pages, which provide you with the opportunity to request assistance with quality complaints and where you can contact us with proposed rule changes.
- Regularly updated list of addresses for Laser contacts in each country.

COUNTRY AND DISTRICT CONTACTS (In Alphabetical Order)

Correct as at 01.01.17 Updated regularly on the ILCA website: www.laserinternational.org

Key to Regions: (a) Oceania (csa) Central & South America (e) Europe (int) International (na) North America (a) Asia

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INTERNATIONAL LASER CLASS ASSOCIATION

Constitution

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Amended 3 May 1974, 18 March 1993, article 12 amended 1 June 1995, articles 6 (1), 7 (4), 8 (3) and 9 (3) amended 1 January 2000, head office amended 1 January 2016.

NAME

1. The name of the association shall be the INTERNATIONAL LASER CLASS ASSOCIATION, with head office at PO Box 49250, Austin, Texas 78765, USA.

INSIGNIA

2. The emblem of the Class shall be the recognised Laser symbol, and the insignia of the officers shall be those prescribed by By-Law.

OBJECTS

3. The objects of the Association are
 - (1) to provide a medium of exchange of information among Laser sailors throughout the world and to enhance the enjoyment of these sailboats;
 - (2) to promote and develop Laser class racing in all countries, under uniform rules; and
 - (3) to encourage and foster the enjoyment of the sporting and recreational aspects of sailing.

POLICY

4. It shall be the policy of the Association to maintain the Laser as the epitome of a strict one-design class of sailboat.

JURISDICTION

5. The Association has authority over all activities of the Laser Class throughout the world, and its powers shall be vested in and carried out by the World Council, Regional Executive Committees, District Associations and Fleets as provided in this Constitution and any By-Laws passed pursuant to the provisions hereof; all subject to and in accordance with the General Rules and By-Laws of World Sailing.

ORGANISATION

World Council

6.
 - (1) The Association shall be governed by the World Council comprised of the Chairman of each Regional Executive Committee from time to time holding office, the immediate Past President of the World Council, the Executive Secretary, the two appointed members of the Advisory Council, and such additional officers to be appointed by the Council for such term as it may from time to time determine. Each officer shall be a member of the Association.
 - (2) The World Council shall meet not less frequently than once per year and the first meeting shall take place within two months of the election of the Regional Chairmen. The time and location of meetings shall, if possible, coincide with the holding of a world or a regional championship meet.
 - (3) The World Council shall elect from amongst themselves, the President and Vice-President of the Association who shall hold office until their successors are elected to office; and the World Council may appoint Honorary Commodores from time to time as they shall see fit.
 - (4) The Executive Secretary shall be appointed by the elected members of the World Council and shall hold office for such term and upon such conditions as the World Council shall decide. He shall be situated at the Head Office of the Association and shall be responsible for the management of all business of the Association, subject to and in accordance with the Constitution, By-Laws and the direction of the World Council, including
 - (a) the co-ordination of all inter-regional activities,
 - (b) the organisation of all activities relating to World Championships,
 - (c) liaison between the Association, World Sailing and all other yachting authorities, and
 - (d) liaison between the membership and the Chief Measurer.
 - (5) The World Council shall appoint, for such term as it shall decide, a Chief Measurer for the Association who shall rule on all questions and challenges relating to the Rules, and shall issue Interpretations thereof deemed necessary by him. All such Interpretations shall be binding until approved, rejected, or modified by decision of the World Council, duly published to the members of the Association.

Regions

7.
 - (1) The World Council may, as and when it deems it convenient for the administration of the affairs of the association within a substantial area where several Districts are or may be established, constitute such area as a Region.

- (2) The World Council, upon establishing a Region, shall appoint a Regional Executive Committee comprised of a Regional Chairman, Vice Chairman, and Executive Secretary, to hold office until their successors are elected.
- (3) The Regional Executive Committee shall have those powers, vested in the World Council by this Constitution (other than the power to amend the Rules or this Constitution) as are specifically delegated to the Regional Executive by the Regional By-Law, including the power to appoint additional officers for such term as it may from time to time determine.
- (4) The Regional Executive officers, other than the Executive Secretary, shall be elected annually by vote of the Chairman (or other officer authorised by him if he is unable to attend) of each District at the annual Regional meeting to be held at the head office of the Region or such other place as the Regional Executive Committee shall determine, and shall hold office until their successors are elected, and nothing shall preclude one of the District Chairman as also acting as the Regional Chairman. Each officer shall be a member of the Association.
- (5) The Regional Executive Secretary shall be appointed by the elected members of the Regional Executive Committee, and shall hold office for such term and upon such conditions as the Regional Executive Committee shall decide. He shall be responsible for the management of the business of the Region, subject to and in accordance with the Regional Executive By-Law and the direction of the Regional Executive Committee, including
 - (a) the co-ordination of inter-District activities and events,
 - (b) liaison with the Executive Secretary of the World Council,
 - (c) issuance of Fleet Charters,
 - (d) maintenance of all records of the Region, and
 - (e) maintenance of all membership records and information, unless such duties are delegated to the District Secretary.
- (6) The World Council may subdivide a Region into one or more Regions, may amalgamate two or more Regions or may add Districts to or delete Districts from any Region from time to time as may be required for the effective administration of the Association.
- (7) In the event that a Regional Chairman shall be unable to attend any meeting of the World Council, the Executive Secretary of the Region or such any other member of the Regional Executive Committee nominated for that purpose may attend and represent the Chairman and vote at such meeting of the World Council.
- (8) Nothing shall preclude the Executive Secretary of a Region also serving as Executive Secretary of the World Council.
- (9) The Regional Executive Committee may make By-Laws, subject to the provisions of this Constitution and the Regional Executive By-Laws of the World Council, for any purpose necessary to carry out the functions and responsibilities of such Region, and copies of all such By-Laws as are from time to time passed by any Regional Executive shall be filed with the Executive Secretary of the World Council.

Districts

8. (1) The World Council, on the recommendation of a Regional Executive Committee where applicable, shall by By-Law establish Districts in distinctive areas deemed appropriate and relevant, having regard to all considerations, including geography, language, distance, and population, for the development of the Laser Class and the fulfilment of the objects of the Association.
- (2) The World Council, upon establishing Districts, shall appoint District Associations comprised of a District Chairman, a Vice-Chairman, a Secretary, and a Treasurer, to hold office until their successors are elected.
- (3) The District Association shall consist of the foregoing officers, and may appoint such additional officers to hold office for such term as it may determine. Each officer shall be a member of the Association.
- (4) Each District shall be administered in accordance with and subject to the provisions of a Constitution of the District, approved by the World Council, or if the District has no Constitution, the District Association By-Law of the World Council; and the officers of each District Association shall be elected annually by the members of the Association within the District in accordance with the provisions of the District Constitution, or, in the absence thereof, the District Association By-Law.
- (5) The boundaries of Districts may be varied by the World Council on the application of any District concerned, and one or more Districts may be amalgamated or any District may be subdivided into one or more Districts with the approval of the District Associations concerned.
- (6) A District Association with the approval of the Chief Measurer may appoint a District Measurer for a District to assist the Chief Measurer in the conduct of his responsibilities and the enforcement of the Rules; and nothing precludes a District Measurer from acting as Measurer for more than one District. A District Measurer shall have the authority to rule on all questions and challenges relating to the Rules and Interpretations of the Chief Measurer, but he may not issue Interpretations except with the prior approval of the Chief Measurer.

- (7) A District Association may make By-Laws, subject to the provisions of this Constitution, the Regional Executive By-Laws, and the District Association By-Law or District Association Constitution (as the case may be), for any purpose necessary to carry out its functions and responsibilities in the management of such District.
- (8) If any District is within the jurisdiction of a National Authority, such District Association shall, in addition to any other requirements of this constitution, be subject to such rules, regulations and directions of such National Authority.

Fleets

9. (1) A Fleet may be granted a charter upon application to the Regional Executive Committee (or the World Council where the locality is outside a Region) by 6 or more members of the Association who are individual owners of Lasers within any area or club deemed appropriate, having regard to the locality where regular racing activity is easily accessible to members of that Fleet.
- (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), a special Fleet may be chartered in any locality for the purposes of accommodating specific members of the armed forces, an educational institution, a junior programme or any other non-profit organisation.
- (3) A Fleet Captain, and such other officers if any as the Fleet may deem necessary, shall be elected annually from among the members of the Fleet in such manner as is prescribed by the Fleet, unless otherwise provided by the By-Laws, and shall be responsible to the District Association for the organisation of the Fleet and the due compliance by the members of the Fleet with the provisions of the Constitution and By-Laws of the Association. Each officer shall be a member of the Association.

MEMBERSHIP AND DUES

10. (1) Any person may become a member of the Association by making application to the Executive Secretary, or the appropriate Regional Executive Secretary or District Secretary, as the case may be, and payment of the prescribed Association dues, provided that he has not been disqualified from membership for cause by decision of the World Council or under suspension from membership.
- (2) An application for membership implies that the applicant undertakes and agrees to be bound by the Constitution and By-Laws of the Association upon being accepted to membership.
- (3) A member of the Association *ipso facto* belongs to the District in which he normally sails, even though such place may not be his permanent residence; but such member, for valid reason and with the approval of both District Chairmen, may select instead the District in which he has permanent residence.
- (4) A member of the Association may become a member only of the Fleet in his District where he normally sails for the purpose of qualification, where required, for sanctioned events; and any dispute shall be settled by decision of the District Association which decision shall be final.
- (5) The World Council may grant honorary membership in the Association, for such period as it determines, to any person who, through special contribution to the Class or through special relationship to the Association, is considered meritorious.
- (6) The World Council may grant an honorary life membership to any member who has achieved, in the opinion of the World Council, international stature as a result of his yachting achievements.
- (7) An honorary and an honorary life member are entitled to full privileges of membership, but are not required to pay the annual dues of the Association.
- (8) Membership in the Association shall not be open to any company, partnership, group or other association unless specifically authorised in any case or class of cases by the World Council; and the World Council may impose such terms, conditions or qualifications to any such membership as it shall deem appropriate.
11. (1) Association dues shall be in the amount determined by and shall be payable within the time prescribed by By-Law of each Region or District, as determined by the World Council, and shall include all amounts required for World Council, Region and District purposes as determined by each authority.
- (2) The Association may ask for special contribution in addition to dues, provided any such contribution shall be for a specific purpose and shall not be mandatory.
- (3) Dues shall be collected by the Regional Executive Secretary, but the World Council may direct the District Secretary to collect such dues under such terms and conditions as to reporting and accounting as may be required.

SUSPENSION AND REMOVAL FROM OFFICE

12. A member may be suspended by the World Council, on the recommendation of a District Association, for gross violation of the Rules and By-Laws, for committing an unlawful act in relation to the Association or one of its members, or for any unsportsmanlike conduct contrary to the interests of the members of the Association. The duration of the suspension shall be fixed by the World Council and a suspended member shall during such period be precluded from racing or enjoying any other rights of membership.
13. A Regional or District officer may be removed from office by the World Council for a wilful and unjustifiable act of commission or omission detrimental to the Association or to its members.

APPEALS

14. Any dispute arising in relation to fleets, districts, regions, eligibility to race, the interpreting of this Constitution, the By-Laws or similar matter, other than any dispute as to the interpretation of the Rules or any protest within the jurisdiction of the applicable racing rules, may be made to the World Council whose decision shall be final and binding.

ADVISORY COUNCIL

15. The President and Vice President of the World Council and two persons nominated by those builders who are also Trademark owners shall constitute the Advisory Council and shall assist and co-operate with the World Council in the carrying out of their responsibilities, and shall have the responsibilities as set forth in paragraph 17 hereof and the paragraph entitled "Amendments" of the Rules.

BY-LAWS

16. The World Council may make By-Laws for the purpose of carrying out the objects of this Constitution and of the Association and, without restricting the generality of the foregoing, may make By-Laws
 - (a) amending the Rules of the Laser Class, hereby established as By-Law 1 of the Association, as provided in paragraph 29 thereof;
 - (b) respecting the establishment of Regions, and the powers of the Regional Executive Committees;
 - (c) delegating specific powers of the World Council to Regional Executive Committees;
 - (d) respecting the establishment of Districts and the powers of District Associations;
 - (e) respecting the Constitution and By-Laws of District Associations;
 - (f) respecting registration of members and collection of dues;
 - (g) respecting the measurement of boats and measurement fees;
 - (h) respecting the conduct of championship and other regattas, including the classification of regattas and the eligibility of members for major racing events;
 - (i) respecting the acceptance of deeds of gift of trophies;
 - (j) changing the Headquarters of the Association; and
 - (k) respecting the procedures for meetings of the World Council and Regional Executive Committees, including the conduct of business by mail or other means of communication.

AMENDMENTS

17. Amendments to this Constitution shall be approved by each of:
 - (a) the World Council
 - (b) the Advisory Council
 - (c) at least two thirds of the membership replying in writing to the International Office of the Class in response to a postal ballot published by the International Office. Only those postal votes returned to the International Office within 6 months from the date of publication of the proposed change shall be valid.

TRANSITION PROVISIONS

18. (1) This Constitution shall come into force on the date of the approval thereof by the Association in accordance with the provisions of Article XVIII of the Laser Association Constitution enacted September 30, 1972; and thereupon the said Constitution enacted September 30, 1972, shall be repealed and the officers of the Association elected and appointed under the provisions of the Constitution enacted September 30, 1972, shall be deemed to be the first officers of the World Council under the within Constitution, to hold office until their successors are appointed or elected, as the case may be.
- (2) On the coming into force of this Constitution each District and each Fleet established under the Constitution enacted September 30, 1972, shall be deemed to be Districts and Fleets within the meaning of this Constitution, and all officers and Fleet Captains of such Districts and Fleets shall be deemed to be the first officers and Fleet Captains of such Districts under this Constitution until their successors are appointed or elected, as the case may be.
- (3) All Actions of the Executive Committee or other officers of the Association, including any District officer, made or performed pursuant to the said Constitution enacted September 30, 1972, shall be deemed to be validly done for the purpose of the within Constitution to the same extent as though same were carried out in accordance with the provisions hereof.

Protecting the One Design Principle

An overview of the tools we have to protect the One Design Principle and how each member of ILCA can influence changes to the Rules and the Laser Construction Manual

The one-design principle is the most important asset of the Laser Class. Its protection is therefore a prime concern for the class. A number of legal instruments are in place to assure that protection. The most important ones are the Laser Construction Manual (LCM) and the Laser Class Rules.

The LCM is a proprietary, protected document that specifies the manufacturing procedures, standard plugs and tools as well as the raw materials and parts supplied by third parties for the hull, sails and spars. Periodic factory inspections by the class make sure that the manual is strictly adhered to by the builders. These factory inspections are the “measurements” in the traditional sense of sailing. The class rules specify that nothing can be changed by a sailor on the hull, sail and spars except what is specifically and positively allowed by the rules. At major Laser regattas, there is no measurement in the traditional sense. Instead, a simple inspection is made to assure that only original parts are used and that the boat is rigged according to the rules.

The one-design principle means that all Lasers produced by the approved builders are the same. There should be no differences in performance, quality and fittings used between boats from different manufacturers. The LCM is the instrument to assure this. It defines in detail the manufacturing procedures, the materials used and the quality assurance procedures mandatory for each builder. Any change in the LCM requires the unanimous approval by all approved builders, the International Laser Class Association and World Sailing. Several years ago, the ILCA undertook a major revision of the LCM to bring it into compliance with current practice. Wherever possible tolerances were reduced, more detailed descriptions were added and the whole manual was put into a properly secured electronic form. The LCM is continuously reviewed as part of an ongoing process to further tighten tolerances and specifications where possible.

During the revision of the LCM much thought was given to the basic principles on how the Laser should evolve. The following principles were approved by all the builders and the ILCA and are now part of the LCM:

Evolution in quality and ease of use:

The builders have made and will continue to make a sustained effort to improve the quality, durability and ease of use of the Laser – but without changing its basic performance. Where tolerances exist in the quality assurance procedures for incoming materials and for the manufacturing process, a continued effort will be made to reduce them, but avoiding significant cost increases.

The concept of a “lead builder”:

For each proposed project a “Lead Builder” will be nominated, who will report periodically to the other builders and ILCA. Changes can only be introduced after the appropriate testing and with the approval of all of the parties concerned.



Availability of options in materials and fittings:

If the LCM or the class rules allow options in the fittings, boat parts and material used, then all options must be made available worldwide at the same time and at comparable prices.

Evolution of the Laser:

Allow only for changes that are not too expensive, do not affect the performance of the boat and can be easily fitted by a sailor without professional help.

Parts or fittings that have been produced in compliance with the LCM and are therefore legal under the rules cannot be subsequently made illegal, but restrictions on the use of particular equipment (in the interest of minimising differences) may be made.

The control of the adherence to the LCM is governed by the Laser Construction Manual Agreement signed by the afore mentioned parties. It defines the procedures for the periodic factory inspections by the class and the measures necessary in case of deviations. This agreement is the most important legal document, which, alongside the Laser Class Rules, holds the whole "Laser one-design system" together.

The Rules:

The basic principle is that nothing can be changed by a sailor on a Laser, which was built according to the tight specifications of the LCM. Only a few changes, which are positively described in the rules, are allowed. The rules also describe how a boat must be rigged to be class legal. The rules are sometimes difficult to understand. Therefore the Chief Measurer of the Class publishes, from time to time, interpretations to certain rules.

Nevertheless, over the years changes have been made to the Laser and the LCM and the rules have evolved. However, the class and the builders were very careful that:

- The changes do not affect the basic performance of the boat, but
- Only the ease of use, durability and safety were improved and
- Older parts, fittings and sails remain legal

How can each member of ILCA influence these changes?

Firstly, be aware that only changes which improve the ease of use, durability and safety of the boat, have the chance to be passed.

Rule changes:

If you have a good idea for a rule change, talk first to some other sailors and also to class officials to see whether they share your opinion. If this is the case, then formulate the rule change as precisely as possible and add a justification. Next, send your proposal to the Chief Measurer of the Class, Jean-Luc Michon (e-mail: chiefmeasurer@laserinternational.org.) He will discuss it with the other members of the Technical and Measurement Committee. If recommended the proposal will then be presented to the World Council. Finally, if the World Council and the Advisory Council agree with your proposal, the rule change must be approved by two thirds of the membership.

Changes in the Laser Construction Manual:

In view of the protection of the one-design principle, there is always much hesitancy to change the LCM. Any change must have clear and important advantages in terms of usability, quality, durability or safety. Any proposal must be duly justified.

The best way to get some attention is to present a detailed proposal to the Technical and Measurement Committee through the ILCA Technical Officer, Clive Humphris, e-mail: technical@laserinternational.org.) Be aware that any change requires the unanimous approval by all the builders, the International Laser Class Association and World Sailing, but is not subject to a member vote. Despite the high hurdles a change must overcome before it can take effect, there are several examples in the last few years of important changes that were initiated by ILCA members. If you have a good idea for improving the Laser, do not be scared away by this process.

Reprinted from original articles by Heini Wellmann, featured in LaserWorld October 2007 and January 2008.

Technical Tips

One of the great things about the Laser is it is instant sailing. It takes only a few minutes to rig a Laser and then you are out on the water. Here are some ideas to help make rigging and sailing a Laser even more simple.

Mast retention line (class rule 3(b) xi.)

The mast retention line is one of the most important lines on the boat. It must allow 180 degree rotation of the mast and at the same time keep the mast in the deck tube in the event of a capsizing. It is important that the mast cannot move in and out of the tube by more than 50mm. A mast retention line with too much movement may result in the mast sliding most of the way out of the tube and then breaking through the side of the tube and the deck when the boat is righted after a capsizing.

You will need 640mm of 5mm diameter line and a 15mm plastic stop ball. Core spectra line works well as it is low friction.

1. Tie a stop knot in one end of the line and thread the stop ball on to the line.
2. Pass the loop through the 2 eyes on the deck block plate (fig 1).
3. Tie a bowline in the other end of the line so that the overall length of the line from the end of the loop to ball is 570mm. The loop of the bowline should be just big enough to allow the stop ball to pass through the loop.
4. Take the loop end round the front of the mast and then behind the mast over the top of the mast boom vang attachment point and back to the front of the mast.
5. Take the ball end of the rope to the front of the mast and pass through the loop to secure (fig 2).

The retention line can be left on the boat through the deck block fitting so it does not get lost.

Reprinted from an article featured in LaserWorld January 2008.



Is Your Rudder Angle Correct?

At championships, measurers are often asked what angle the rudder should be set at, how this is measured and, if it is wrong, how it can be fixed. This article is intended to answer these questions.

Using a measuring gauge (fig 3), the angle is measured between the bottom edge of the rudder box and the front edge of the rudder blade.

So, if the front edge of the rudder exceeds 78 degrees, it is more vertical than it should be.

The sanctioned method (Rule 15(e) of the Laser Class Rules) to correct this is to wind plastic tape around the front lower rudder box spacer pin (fig 4).

Note: you are **not** allowed to add material to the front of the rudder to achieve the same effect.

If the rudder angle is significantly less than 78 degrees, you may cut away the rudder where it touches the spacing pin (see Rule 15(d)).

Be careful though, as just 1mm of cut away will result in about 1 degree of rudder movement.

You are always safer to make it slightly less than 78 degrees to allow for wear on the pivot bolt hole and the contact area to the spacing pin (fig 5).

With the recent availability of new fibreglass skinned rudders, both Performance Sailcraft Australia and Laser Performance inform us that the incidence of rudders being significantly below 78 degrees (in conjunction with a modern rudder head) is extremely low.

If required, the gel coat can be wet sanded to fine tune the angle.

However, sanding into the laminate will weaken the blade and is not advised.

Reprinted from an article by Technical Officer Clive Humphris, featured in LaserWorld March 2009.



Instructions for Applying Sail Numbers

Style and Colour

Only self-adhesive, stick on sail numbers and letters may be used. Each one shall be a single, solid colour, and easy to read. The last four numbers on both sides of the sail shall be the same dark colour, preferably black. The numbers in front of the last four shall all be another, obviously different colour, preferably red. National letters are only required at international events, and shall all be the same colour.

Preparation

If the sail is not new, it should be sponged clean with mild soapy water, rinsed and dried. Find a large, clean, flat, hard surface to work on, such as a table or clean wooden floor.

Template

Make a template that each number will just fit inside. See the **Positioning Diagrams** for the minimum sizes of numbers and letters, and template details. They are different for each of the Standard, Radial and 4.7 sails. The template is a rectangle for upright numbers, and a parallelogram for angled numbers.

Base Lines and Limit Lines

Use a pencil to lightly draw **Base Lines** and **Limit Lines** on the sail. The bottom of each number and letter must lie on a **Base Line**. The **Limit Line** is parallel to the leech of the sail, and 100mm from it. The closest letter or number to the leech is positioned to just touch the **Limit Line**. This is shown as the **Start Point** on the Positioning Diagrams. The number or letter should touch the **Limit Line** at the **Base Line** or at any other height, depending on its shape.

Starboard Side Numbers and National Letters

1. Spread the sail out flat on the working surface so that the starboard side of the sail is facing up. The leech (back edge of the sail) will be on the left hand side as shown in the positioning diagrams.
2. **Make sure you are using the correct diagram for the design of sail you are applying the numbers to.** Draw the **Base Line** and **Limit Line** for the starboard numbers (and letters) as shown on the positioning diagram.
3. Before peeling off the backing, place the bottom of the first number on the **Base Line**, with the Start Point touching the **Limit Line**. Use the template with its bottom edge on the **Base Line** to make sure the number is at the correct angle. Pencil around the outline of the number.
4. Peel and fold back about 10mm of the backing from the bottom of the number. Place the number within the pencil outline and press down to stick the peeled back area. Lift the remainder of the number and slowly peel off the backing as you smooth the number onto the sail, taking care to remove air bubbles and creases as you go.
5. If the first number you applied was a 1 (one), measure from the bottom right corner of it and mark a point the space width away along the **Base Line**. The space width is 60mm for Standard and Radial rig sails, and 40mm for 4.7 sails - see the appropriate Positioning Diagram. Place your template on the **Base Line** with its lower left corner on the new mark and pencil round the outline of it. Before peeling off the backing of the second number, place it within the pencil outline of the template. Pencil around the outline of the number, and apply it as in point 4, above.
6. If the first number you applied was not a 1 (one), place your template over it and make a pencil mark at the bottom right hand corner. Measure the space width from this mark along the Base Line and make a second pencil mark. Place the template, with its lower left hand corner on the second mark, pencil around the outline and then apply the next number as in point 4, above.
7. When a 1 (one) is to be applied after another number, make sure the appropriate space width between numbers along the **Base Line** is maintained, as shown in the positioning diagram. Use the bottom right hand corner of the template, placed over the preceding number to find the start of the space width on the **Base Line**.
8. Continue marking number positions using the template, the appropriate space widths between template corners, and applying numbers to complete the full sail number. Use the same method to apply national letters if they are required.

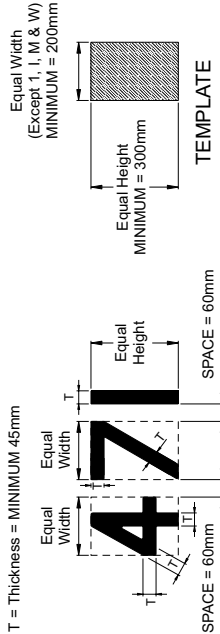
Port Side Numbers and National Letters

1. Spread the sail out flat on the working surface so that the port side of the sail is facing up. The leech (back edge of the sail) will be on the right hand side. Draw the **Base Line** for the port numbers (and letters).
2. Start with the letter or number closest to the leech making sure that no part of the number or letter crosses the 100mm **Limit Line** towards the leech. Follow the same method as for the starboard side of the sail, working along the **Base Line** away from the leech towards the luff.

STANDARD MKI RIG NUMBER & LETTER SIZES AND POSITIONING

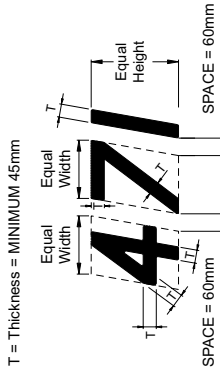
UPRIGHT NUMBERS AND LETTERS

T = Thickness = MINIMUM 45mm

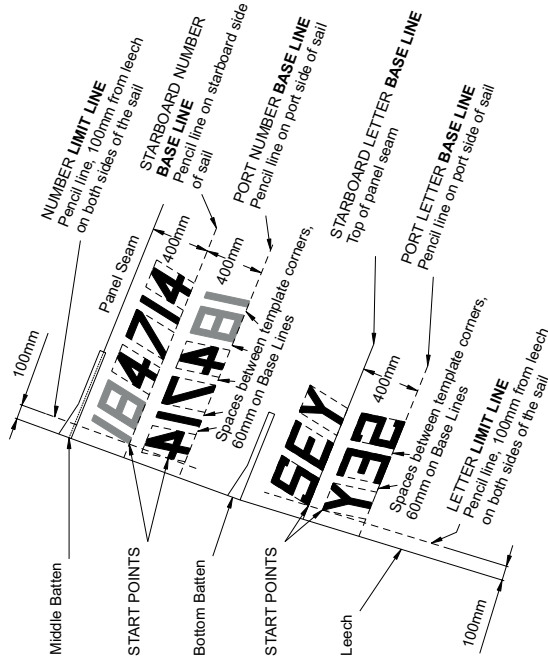
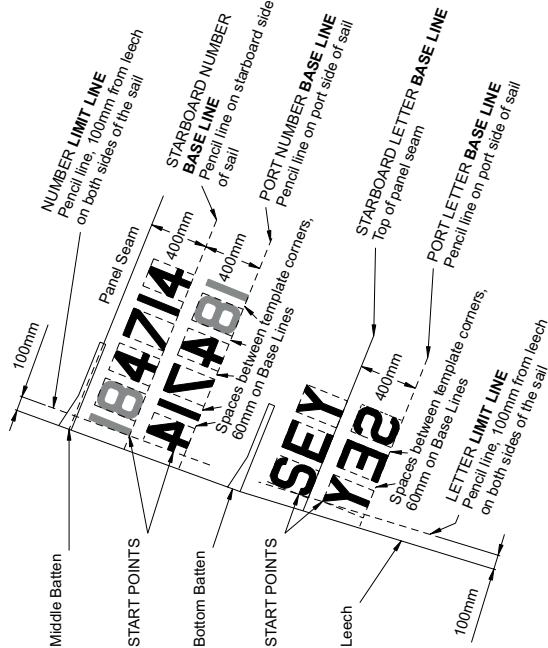


ANGLED NUMBERS AND LETTERS

T = Thickness = MINIMUM 45mm



January 2009 Edition

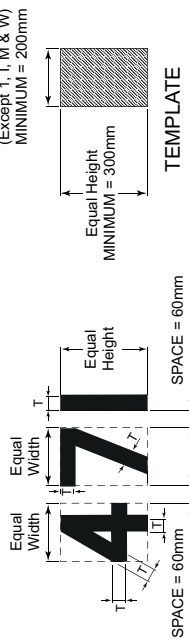


1. MINIMUM SPACE BETWEEN NUMBERS AND LETTERS IN THE CLASS RULES IS 50mm, SO USE 60mm TO ENSURE THAT ANY SMALL ERRORS IN POSITION ARE STILL LEGAL.
2. LAST FOUR DIGITS OF SAIL NUMBER TO BE ONE DARK, DISTINCTIVE COLOUR OR BLACK, PRECEDING DIGITS TO BE A DIFFERENT, CONTRASTING, COLOUR, PREFERABLY RED. ALL NATIONAL LETTERS TO BE ONE COLOUR, THEY MAY BE ONE OF THE COLOURS OF THE SAIL NUMBER DIGITS OR ANOTHER DISTINCTIVE COLOUR.

STANDARD MKII RIG NUMBER & LETTER SIZES AND POSITIONING

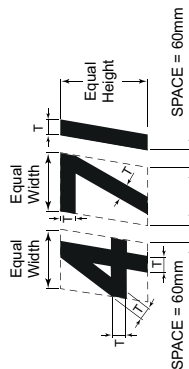
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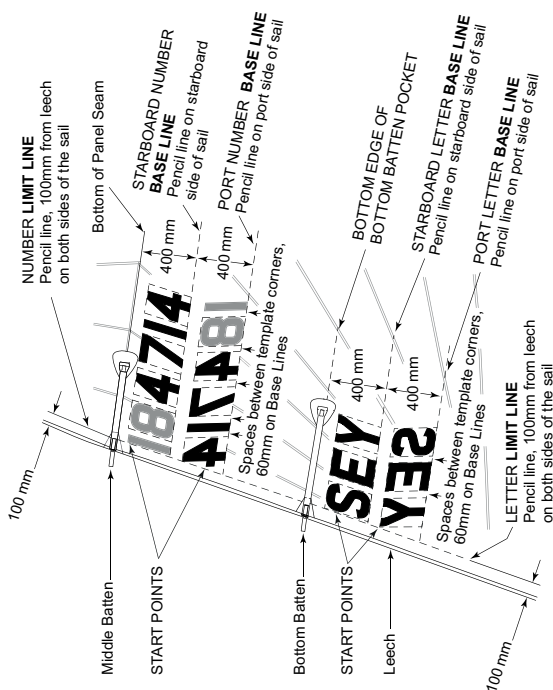
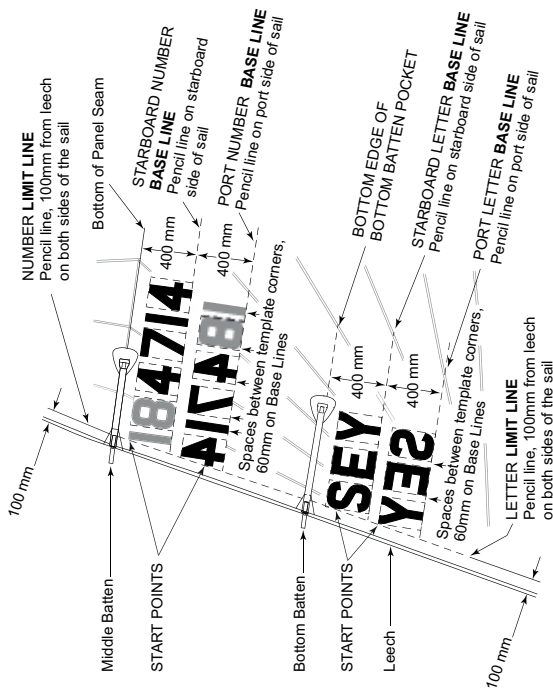


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September 2015 Edition

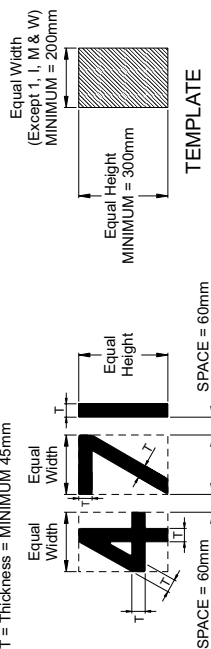


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RADIAL RIG NUMBER & LETTER SIZES AND POSITIONING

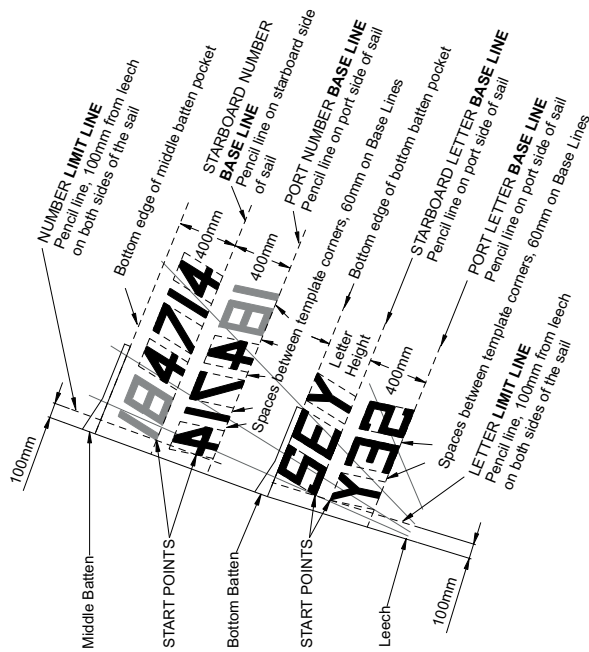
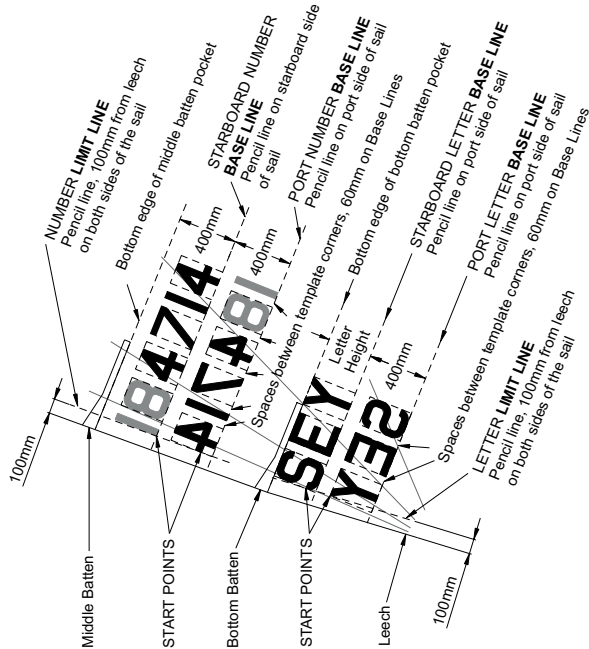
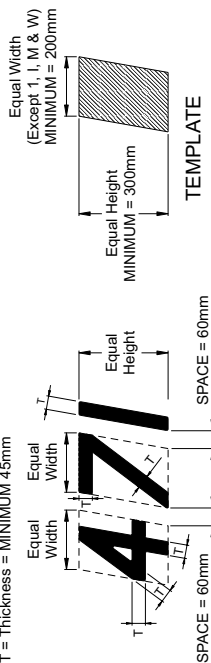
UPRIGHT NUMBERS AND LETTERS

T = Thickness = MINIMUM 45mm



ANGLED NUMBERS AND LETTERS

T = Thickness = MINIMUM 45mm



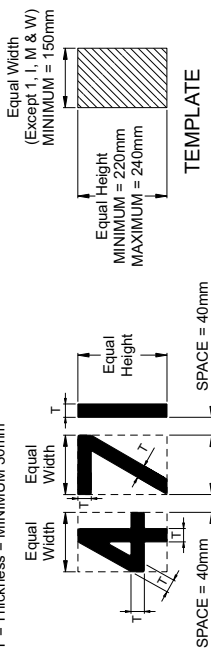
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LASER 4.7 RIG NUMBER & LETTER SIZES AND POSITIONING

November 2013 Edition

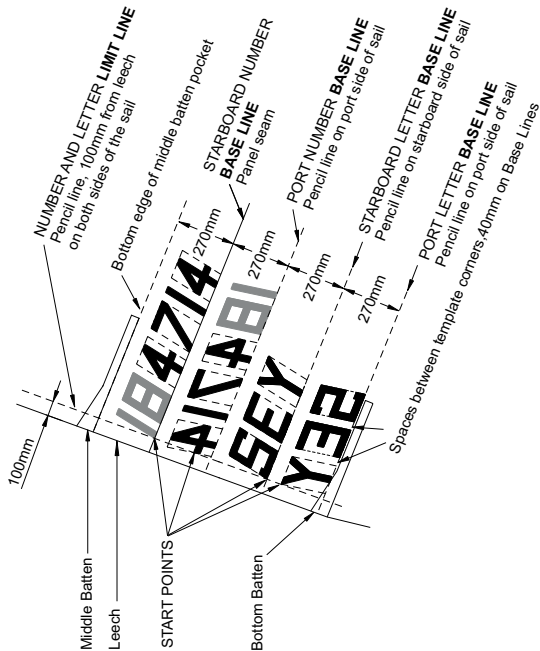
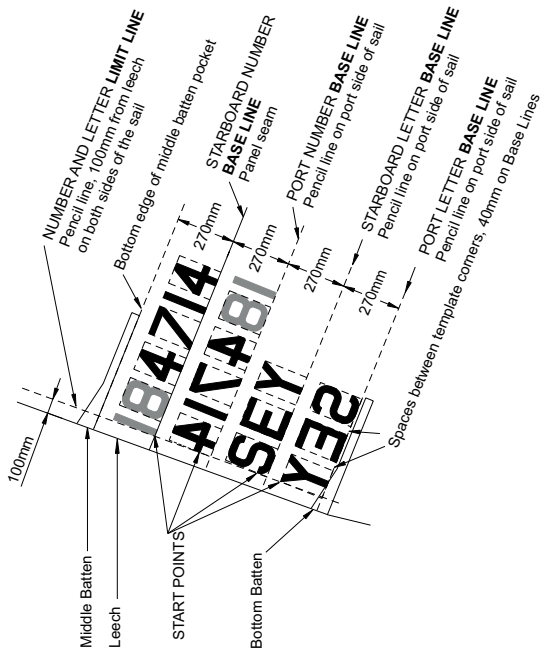
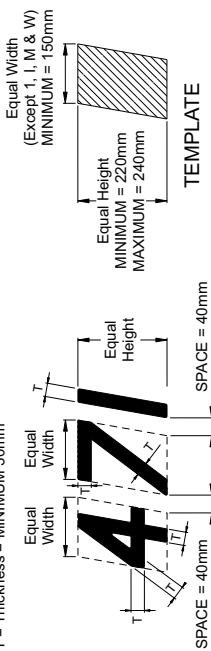
UPRIGHT NUMBERS AND LETTERS

T = Thickness = MINIMUM 30mm



ANGLED NUMBERS AND LETTERS

T = Thickness = MINIMUM 30mm



1. MINIMUM SPACE BETWEEN NUMBERS AND LETTERS IN THE CLASS RULES IS 30mm; SO USE 40mm TO ENSURE THAT ANY SMALL ERRORS IN POSITION ARE STILL LEGAL.
2. LAST FOUR DIGITS OF SAIL NUMBER TO BE ONE DARK, DISTINCTIVE COLOUR OR BLACK. PRECEDING DIGITS TO BE A DIFFERENT, CONTRASTING, DISTINCTIVE COLOUR. PREFERABLY RED. ALL NATIONAL LETTERS TO BE ONE OF THE COLOURS OF THE SAIL NUMBER DIGITS OR ANOTHER DISTINCTIVE COLOUR.

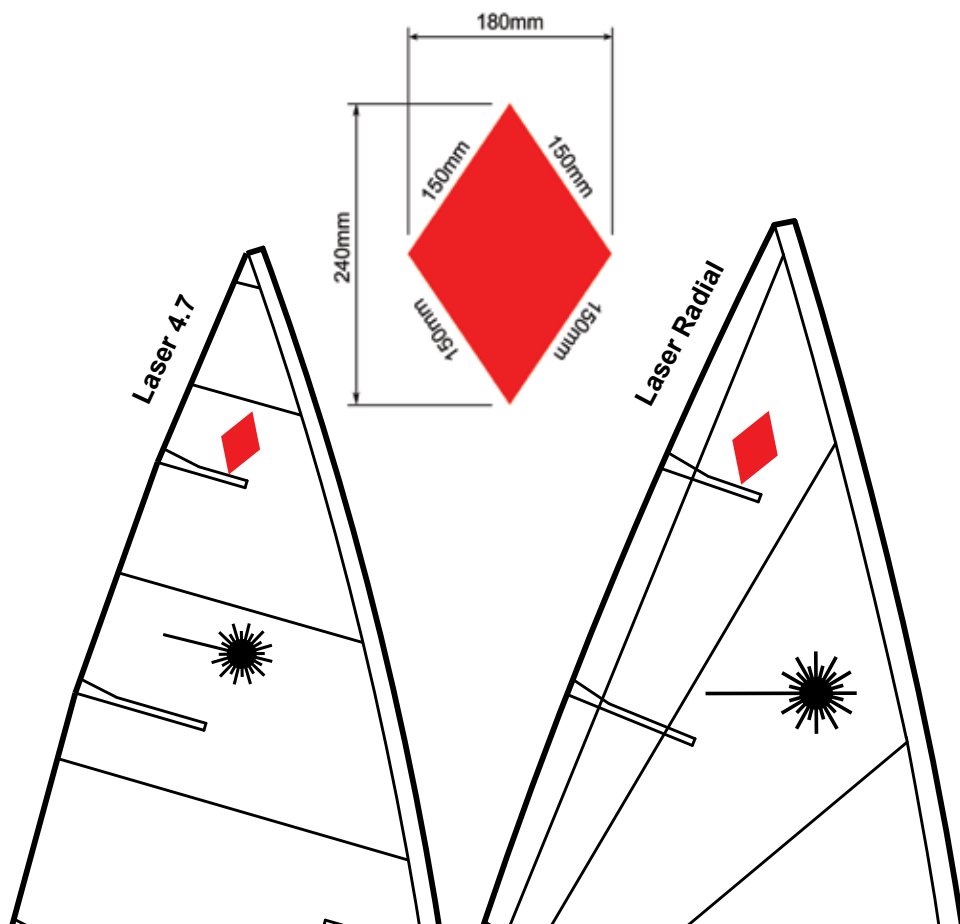
Instructions for Applying Red Rhombus For Women's Events

Sails used in the following women's events shall carry a red rhombus above the top batten pocket on both sides;

- World or regional (continental) championships.
- Events described as "international events" by the Notice of Race or Sailing Instructions.
- Other events that prescribe in the Notice of Race or Sailing Instructions that women competitors should be identified.

The minimum size and approximate position shall comply with diagrams below.

The rhombus may be retained for racing in other events.



Boat Care - Stresses and Strains

The Laser boat has an excellent record of durability but like any piece of equipment it can break if overstressed. Weight for weight it probably has one of the strongest constructions of any boat of its type, a fact we are all aware of on occasions when we see Lasers over 10 years old, sailing happily when other classes are retired to the scrap heap. Further, the Laser has proved itself in very strong winds when other classes are reduced to wreckage. It never ceases to amaze me to see Lasers sailing in 40 knots plus.

Over the years, small changes have been made to the Laser to strengthen it as we sail in increasingly stronger winds. However, there is a limit to the number of changes that can be made before performance is affected.

Mast and Boom

One particular area where strengthening is not possible without affecting performance is the mast. Any increase in strength of the mast would dramatically affect stiffness and therefore performance. This would be totally undesirable.

The Laser mast is produced to a high manufacturing standard in the aluminium trade for the specified wall thickness. Within this standard the Laser requirements demand an even tighter tolerance. Even with this high standard it is possible, when sailing, to stress the mast beyond its yield point which causes a permanent bend.

Some of the biggest causes of bending are sailing with a lot of boom vang on and:

- 1) capsizing at speed;
- 2) catching a wave with the boom end, either offwind or whilst gybing; or
- 3) sailing into the back of a wave causing rapid deceleration.

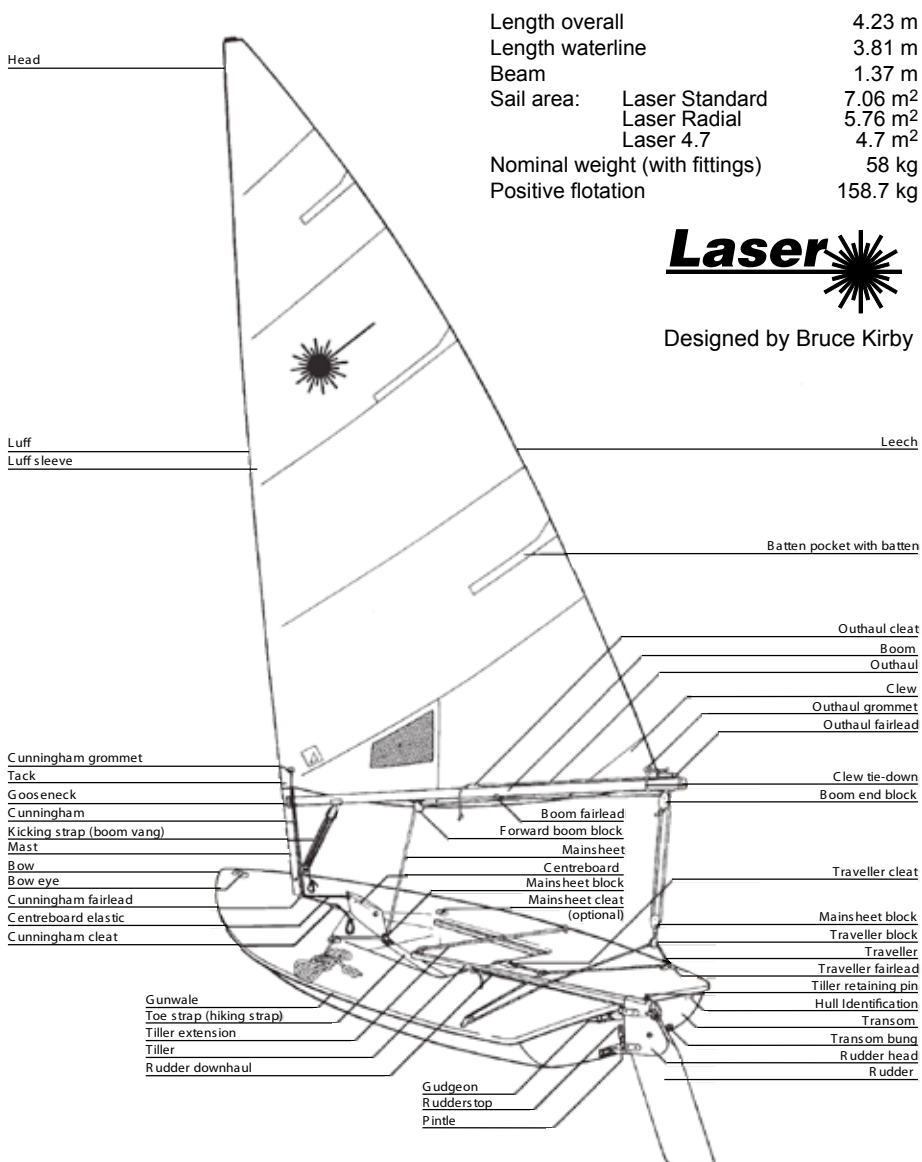
Recognising these causes tells us that it is very important to release the boom vang before sailing offwind, ideally just before you round the windward mark. In strong winds, this will reduce the risk of bending with the added advantage that you will open up the leech of the sail which is fast for offwind work! As a guide for letting off the boom vang, trim the mainsheet tight until the rear boom and traveller blocks are just touching then release the vang until there is no pressure on it.



Rudder and Tiller

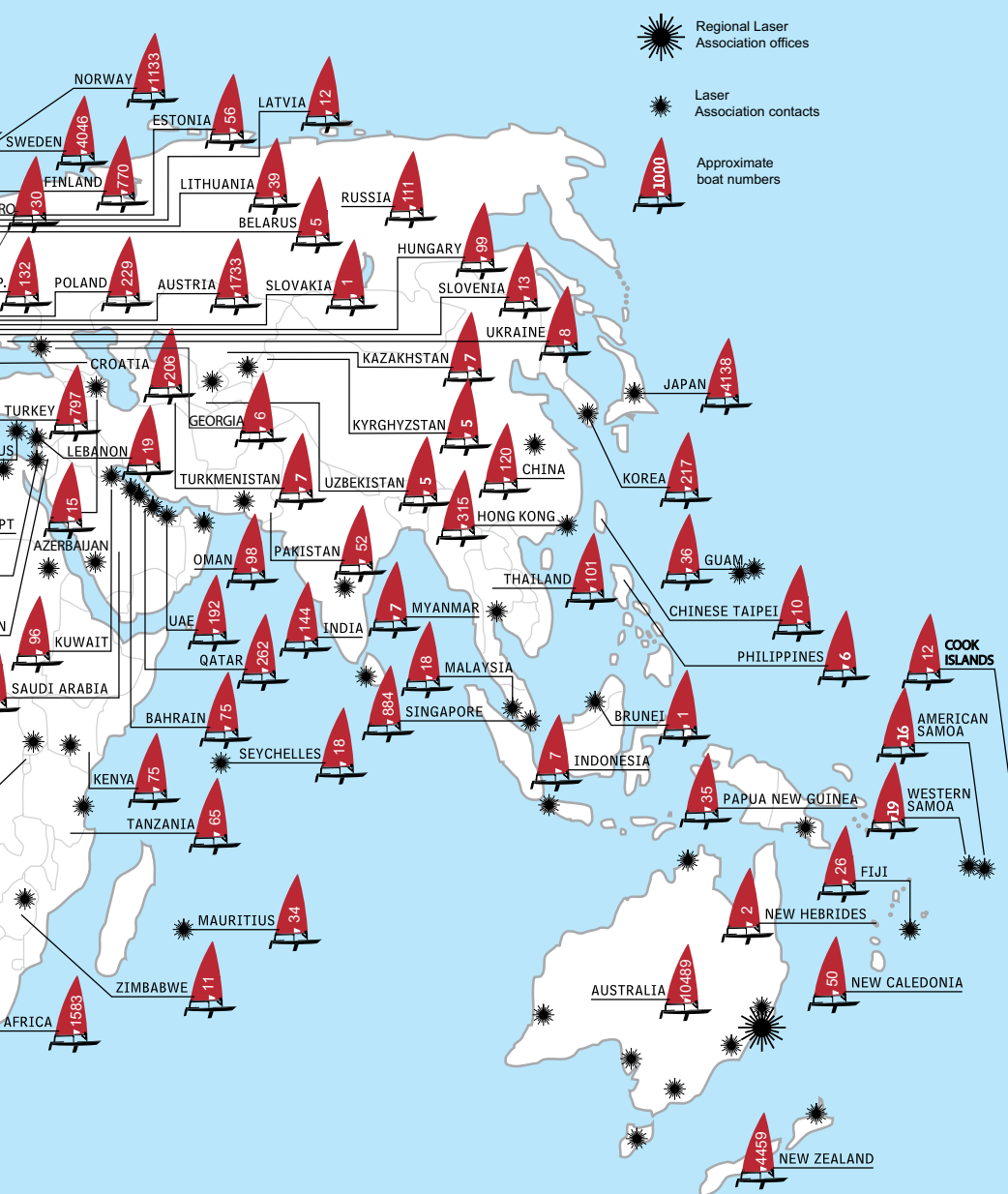
Rudders and tillers like everything else are not indestructible. On the very few occasions when we have seen damage to either the rudder or the tiller, it has been caused by trying to bear away at speed while the Laser is heeled to leeward. When a Laser is heeled over it takes on severe weather helm. If you try and bear away whilst heeled, you place great loads on the rudder and tiller. The simple answer is to bring the boat upright first before attempting to bear away. This can be done by either hiking more and/or releasing the mainsheet.

Parts of the Laser



Laser Worldwide





Laser Class Rules - One Design

One of the attractions of the Laser for most owners is that the class rules are very strict and that the boat is one design. The Laser philosophy incorporated in the rules is that we want to go sailing, not waste time fiddling with boats. We want to win races on the water using our skill, not by trying to find a way round the rules that will give us an advantage.

The class rules are written to prevent any changes from the standard boat that might affect performance, so that on the water each boat is the same. The few changes to the standard boat that are allowed are minor and only to allow for a few options that make racing the Laser more comfortable and enjoyable.

Over the years the class has refused to make changes to the rules that allow more expensive or complicated equipment or which makes older boats redundant.

If you feel you want to change something on a Laser - STOP. Ask yourself why you want to do it? If the answer is "to make me go faster" there is a very good chance the modification or addition is illegal!

Take a look at the Laser Rules.

- Part One explains the Fundamental Class Rule which covers the philosophy and any item not specifically written into the rules.
- Part Two tells you what you must do to have a legal boat.
- Part Three details a few optional changes and additions you can make.

If Part Three does not specifically allow a change or addition - IT IS ILLEGAL!

If you race a Laser that has a change or addition not allowed by the class rules you will be disqualified from the race. Ignorance of the rules is no defence.

Cheating

In our sport in every club and class there is the odd person who needs to cheat to win. Cheating is doing something that you know is illegal. Whether you gain an advantage or not is irrelevant.

Our class is strong and popular because we believe in a strict one design and our sailors want to know that they are racing on equal terms. ILCA takes a very strong line with Laser sailors who do not sail according to the rules. There have been cases in the past where sailors who have sailed with illegal boats have been banned from sailing a Laser. Such a ban can be for life. If action is also taken under the racing rules, the ban can cover racing in any boat.

Our class is much bigger than the odd person who wants to gain advantage by illegally changing the Laser or its equipment. They can sail in other classes where the rules allow changes to a boat to get an advantage. We do not want them with us.

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ILCA By-Law 1: Rules (Parts one to five inclusive)

Valid from 1st January 2017. Cancels all previous rules and interpretations.

HISTORY:

1 January 2016

4(f) National Letters: updated wording with instructions for positioning of letters on new *MKII* sail.

1 February 2015

3(h) ii Traveller: A spliced eye allowed. Previous interpretation

4(h) National Flag: new rule adopting World Sailing standard position of flags when country flags are required by NoR (currently only at World Cup events organized by World Sailing).

10. Advertising: change to prohibit advertising or graphics on the sail window

14(d) Centreboard: allowing vertical cuts in the anti-wear strip at front of centreboard box. Previous interpretation.

15(k) Rudder: new rule allowing padding either side of the head of the rudder blade up to a max 20.3mm. Previous interpretation.

18(c) Boom and traveller blocks: new rule allowing the original blocks to be replaced by new "builder supplied" blocks. Most boats now supplied with new blocks.

26(c) Repairs and Maintenance: re-word to clarify "fixings". Previous interpretation.

INTRODUCTION

The principle of the Laser Class Rules is that no changes to the boat are allowed unless they are specifically permitted by the class rules.

The English text of the Laser Class Rules shall govern.

PART ONE

OBJECT

The Laser is a strict one-design dinghy where the true test, when raced, is between helmspersons and not boats and equipment.

FUNDAMENTAL RULE

The Laser shall be raced in accordance with these Rules, with only the hull, equipment, fittings, spars, sail and battens manufactured by a World Sailing and International Laser Class Association (ILCA) approved builder in strict adherence to the Laser design specification (known as the Construction Manual) which is registered with World Sailing.

No addition or alteration may be made to the hull form, construction, equipment, type of equipment, placing of equipment, fittings, type of fittings, placing of fittings, spars, sail and battens as supplied by the builder except when such an alteration or change is specifically authorised by Parts 2 or 3 of these Rules.

HULL IDENTIFICATION

All Lasers shall have an identification number moulded into the deck under the bow eye or into the transom, which shall be either the sail number or a unique production number.

Lasers with sail numbers from 148200 shall display a unique World Sailing Building Plaque that has been purchased by the builder from the International Laser Class Association. The plaque shall display the sail number of the boat issued by the International Laser Class Association and shall be permanently fixed in the rear of the cockpit by the builder.

DEFINITION OF BUILDER

A Builder is a manufacturer that has the rights to use a Laser trademark, is manufacturing the hull, equipment, fittings, spars, sails and battens in strict adherence to the Construction Manual, and has been approved as a Laser Builder by each of World Sailing and the International Laser Class Association.

PART TWO

1. MEASUREMENT DIAGRAMS

The measurement Diagrams are part of these Rules.

The spars, sails, battens, centreboard, rudder, and the placing of fittings and equipment shall conform to the Measurement Diagrams. The measurement tolerances are intended to allow for necessary manufacturing tolerances and shall not be used to alter the design.

2. MEASUREMENT

In the case of a dispute alleging non-compliance with the Construction Manual, the matter, together with any relevant information, shall be referred to the Chief Measurer of the International Laser Class Association at the International Office who shall give a final ruling in consultation with a World Sailing Technical Officer.

In the case of a measurement dispute on the hull, spars, sail, battens, centreboard and rudder, rigging, type of fittings and equipment and the placing of same not explicitly covered by these Rules, Measurement Diagrams and Measurement By-Laws the following procedure shall be adopted:

A sample of 10 other boats shall be taken and measured using identical techniques. The dimensions of the disputed boat shall be equal to, or between the maximum and minimum dimensions obtained from these 10 boats. If the boat in question is outside these dimensions the matter, together with any relevant information, shall be referred to the Chief Measurer of the International Laser Class Association at the International Office, who shall give a final ruling. If any of the dimensions of the sample are considered to be unusual, all relevant information shall be referred by the Class Association to World Sailing.

3. CONTROL SYSTEMS, CONTROL LINES AND FITTINGS

(a) Control System Definitions

i The Cunningham, outhaul, vang, traveller and mainsheet are the **Control Line Systems**. The cunningham, outhaul and vang **Control Line Systems** may include more than one **Control Line** as allowed in Rules 3(d)i, 3(e)i and 3(f)i. Each **Control Line** shall be a single piece of uniform thickness and material. A line is a **Control Line** if any of the line moves along its axis during adjustment of the **Control Line System**. A line that exclusively attaches items together is a **Tie Line**.

ii For the purpose of these definitions, the **Standard Fittings** are the:

Plastic cunningham fairlead
Plastic cunningham clam cleat
Mainsheet block
Plastic outhaul clam cleat
Plastic outhaul fairlead
Vang cleat block
Vang key block
Vang key
Plastic traveller fairleads
Plastic traveller clam cleat

iii An "**Optional**" fitting is a fitting or block that replaces, or is additional to, a **Standard Fitting** as allowed by these Rules.

- iv A **"Builder Supplied"** fitting replaces a **Standard Fitting**, and is supplied only by the Builder, as allowed by these Rules.
- v A **"Turning Point"** is a sheave (pulley) in a block, a rope loop, a rope loop reinforced with a thimble, the outhaul fairlead, a shackle, part of a fitting, sail cringle, mast or boom around which a moving **Control Line** passes, **except that** the cunningham fairlead, the **"Optional"** blocks attached to the **"Builder Supplied"** deck block fitting, the cunningham clam cleat, and the **"Optional"** cam cleats attached to the **"Builder Supplied"** deck cleat base **will not be counted as "Turning Points"** in Rules 3(e) and 3(f).
- vi When an **"Optional"** block, or shock cord is **attached** to a fitting, line, mast, boom or the sail, it may be attached either with or without a shackle, clips, balls, hooks and/or a tie line.

(b) Control Lines and Fittings

- i. Control lines shall be natural or synthetic rope, except that aramid fibre (e.g. kevlar) is not permitted for the boom vang or cunningham control systems.
- ii. Control lines shall be of uniform thickness and shall not be tapered except for the purpose of a splice at the load bearing attachment point.
- iii. In a control line system where more than one control line is permitted, lines of different diameter shall not be joined together.
- iv. "Optional" blocks allowed in cunningham, vang or outhaul control systems, shall have sheaves of diameter not less than 15 mm and not more than 30 mm.
Thimbles allowed to reinforce rope loops used as "Turning Points" in the cunningham, vang and outhaul control line systems shall not exceed 40mm in length.
- v. Only single or double "Optional" blocks shall be used. A single block means a block with one sheave; a double block means a block with two sheaves. "Optional" blocks may include a becket, a swivel and/or a shackle.
- vi. The plastic fairleads and plastic clam cleats may be replaced in the same position with an identical size and shape fitting made of metal.
- vii. The plastic cunningham fairlead may be replaced with one of the same type which has a stainless steel insert, and has the same screw hole positions.
- viii. "Builder Supplied" Deck Fittings (Deck Block Fitting and Deck Cleat Base)

- a) The cunningham fairlead may be replaced in the same position with a "Builder Supplied" deck block fitting which may have one or two single "Optional" blocks attached.



"Optional" blocks shall not be attached to the cunningham fairlead.

Either the cunningham fairlead alone, or the "Builder Supplied" deck block fitting with single "Optional" block(s) attached may be used to lead the cunningham and/or outhaul control lines to the deck cleat(s)

- b) The "Optional" deck blocks may be supported with a spring, ball, plastic tube or tape.
- c) The cunningham clam cleat may be replaced in the same position with a "Builder Supplied" deck cleat base for attaching two "Optional" cam cleats (cunningham and outhaul) which have

fixing hole centres of 27 mm. The two cam cleats may include a bridge and a fairlead with or without rollers on the aft exit.



- d) Control lines shall not be tied to any of the cunningham fairlead, the "Builder Supplied" deck block fitting and the "Optional" blocks attached to it, the cunningham clam cleat or the "Builder Supplied" deck cleat base and the "Optional" cam cleats, cleat bridge and fairleads attached to it.
- ix. Rope loop handles covered with plastic/rubber tube and/or tape may be included anywhere on the free end of a control line.
- x. The free ends of different control lines (except mainsheet) may be tied together and/or tied to any deck fitting or the centreboard, the centreboard handle or a rope loop used to attach a retaining line. Free ends of control lines shall not be tied to shock cord (except mainsheet).
- xi. To secure the mast in the event of a capsizes, a loose retention line or shock cord (that will allow 180 degree plus mast rotation) shall be tied/attached between the cunningham fairlead or the deck block fitting and the mast tang or gooseneck. Clips, hooks, shackles and balls may be used to attach the retention line.
- xii Reference points (marks) may be placed on the deck, spars and ropes.

(c) Mainsheet – also see Rules 3(a) & 3(b)

- i. The mainsheet shall be a single line, and be attached to the becket of the aft boom block, and then passed through the traveller block, the aft boom block, boom eye strap, forward boom block and the mainsheet block. After the mainsheet block it shall be knotted, or tied, so that the end of the mainsheet cannot pull through the mainsheet block. The mainsheet shall not be controlled aft of the forward boom block except to facilitate a tack or gybe.
- ii. The tail of the mainsheet may also be knotted or tied to either the base of the mainsheet block, the hiking strap, the hiking strap support line, or the hiking strap shock cord. This option, if used, satisfies the knotting requirement in 3(c).
- iii. The mainsheet block may be replaced by any type of single block with or without an internal or attached jamming device, and mounted in the position shown on the measurement diagram. The block may be supported by a spring, ball, plastic tube or tape.
- iv. One mainsheet clam or cam cleat of any type may be mounted on each side deck in the position shown on the measurement diagram.

(d) Vang – also see Rules 3(a) & 3(b)

- i. The vang system shall be between the mast tang and the boom key fitting and shall be comprised of the vang cleat block, the vang key block, a maximum of two control lines, loops and/or "Optional" blocks for additional purchase with a **maximum of 7 "Turning Points"**.
- ii. The vang cleat block shall be attached directly to the mast tang, or to an "Optional" swivel that shall be attached to the mast tang.
- iii. A shackle may be used to attach the vang cleat block or the swivel to the mast tang.
- iv. The swivel, shackle or swivel/shackle combination shall not exceed 80 mm in length when measured under tension.

- v. The vang key block may be fitted with a spare key.
- vi. The key may be straight or bent, and it may be held in the key way with either tape, elastic or velcro.
- vii. The vang key block may be replaced with an "Optional" vang key block which may have a spare key.
- viii. "Optional" single blocks may be attached to one or both sides of the vang cleat block, using a clevis pin or bolt through the attachment hole in the vang cleat block.
- ix. The mast tang hole may be drilled to take a larger pin.
- x. "Builder Supplied" Vang Cleating Fitting
 - a) The vang cleat block may be replaced with a "Builder Supplied" vang cleating fitting which incorporates "Turning Points" and a cam cleat. These photos show the 2 Class legal "Builder Supplied" vang cleating fittings:



- b) The fitting shall be attached directly to the mast tang.
- c) The fitting shall not be modified in any way.

(e) Cunningham – also see Rules 3(a) & 3(b)

- i. The cunningham system shall consist of a maximum three control lines, "Optional" blocks or loops for purchase with a **maximum of 5 "Turning Points"**.
- ii. The cunningham control line shall be securely attached to any of the mast, gooseneck, mast tang, swivel or shackle that may be used to attach the vang cleat block to the mast tang, the cunningham attachment point on the "Builder Supplied" vang cleating fitting or the becket of an optional becket block fixed on the cunningham attachment point on the "Builder-supplied" vang.

The cunningham control line shall pass through the sail tack cringle as a moving line.

The sail tack cringle shall be at least one of the **maximum of 5 "Turning Points" permitted by Rule 3(e)**.

- iii. Additional purchases may be obtained using rope loops, "Optional" blocks and using any of the boom, sail tack cringle, gooseneck fitting, mast tang, shackle attaching vang cleat block or swivel, the swivel, or the cunningham attachment point on a "Builder Supplied" vang cleating fitting.
- iv. Deck Block Fitting and Deck Cleat Base
 - The cunningham control line shall pass only once through the cunningham fairlead or "Optional" single block attached to the "Builder Supplied" deck block fitting and shall pass only once through the cunningham clam cleat or "Optional" cam cleat attached to the "Builder Supplied" deck cleat base.

(f) Outhaul – also see Rules 3(a) & 3(b)

- i. The outhaul system shall consist of a maximum of two control lines, "Optional" blocks or loops for purchase and a **maximum of 6 "Turning Points"**.
- ii. The outhaul control line shall be attached to either the end of the boom, the outhaul fairlead, the sail, or a quick release system, and shall pass through the boom outhaul fairlead as a moving line at least

once. The outhaul fairlead shall be at least one of the maximum of 6 "Turning Points" permitted by Rule 3(f).

- iii. Additional purchases may be obtained by forming rope loops in the line or adding "Optional" blocks to the line, and/or using the outhaul fairlead, the outhaul clam cleat, the boom, the mast or gooseneck fitting.

An "Optional" block may be attached to the outhaul fairlead, **provided** Rule 3(f)ii is also satisfied.

An "Optional" block may be attached to the outhaul clam cleat.

- iv. An "Optional" block may be attached to the clew of the sail, or to a quick release system, or be part of a quick release system.
- v. One or two "Optional" blocks may be attached to the gooseneck fitting, or at the mast/gooseneck junction with their "Turning Points" not more than 100mm from the centre of the gooseneck bolt. (The gooseneck may be inverted.) The blocks in this rule may also be attached to the gooseneck with a bolt or a pin.
- vi. A shock cord for use as an inhaul may be attached around the boom immediately in front of the outhaul cleat or to the outhaul cleat and then to the clew of the sail, the clew tie down, the optional block at the clew, the quick release system or through the clew of the sail and to an optional block in the primary control line.
- vii. Shock cord and/or rope loops (rope loops may be part of the control line) can be tied around the boom and/or the outhaul control lines to retain the outhaul lines close to the boom.
- viii. Deck Led Outhaul System

- a) When led to the deck, the outhaul control line shall pass only once through the cunningham fairlead or the outhaul "Optional" single block attached to the "Builder Supplied" deck block fitting and shall pass only once through the "Optional" cam cleat attached to the "Builder Supplied" deck cleat base.

- b) The boom outhaul clam cleat shall not be removed.

(g) Clew Tie Down – also see Rules 3(a) & 3(b)

- i. The clew of the sail shall be attached to the boom by either a tie line or a webbing strap with or without a fastening device wrapped around the boom and through the sail cringle, a quick release system attached to a tie line or soft strap wrapped around the boom, or a "Builder Supplied" stainless steel boom slide with quick release system. An additional outhaul extension tie line may be added between the clew of the sail and the outhaul or the quick release system.
- ii. If the clew tie down is a tie line, it may be passed through solid balls with holes and/or tubes to reduce friction.



(h) Traveller – also see Rules 3(a) & 3(b)

- i. The traveller shall be a single line. It shall be rigged as a simple closed loop through the traveller eyes and the free end passing through the traveller cleat. A splice that does not extend through the nearest traveller eye may be used at the non-free end.
- ii. A spring, ball or tape may be used between the traveller blocks.

4. SAIL REGISTRATION NUMBERS, NATIONAL LETTERS AND NATIONAL FLAG

(For Laser Radial and 4.7 sail number positions please see part 4 rule 28(e) and 29(e))

- (a) For Lasers up to sail number 148199, the sail number is a number moulded into the deck under the bow eye or into the transom, or displayed on a plate attached to the rear of the cockpit.

For Lasers with sail numbers from 148200, the sail number is the number displayed on a unique World Sailing Building Plaque attached to the rear of the cockpit.

- (b) All numbers shall be in accordance with the Racing Rules of Sailing except as amended by these rules in respect of type, positioning and minimum dimensions:

Height 300 mm.

Width 200 mm (excluding number 1).

Thickness 45 mm.

Space between adjoining numbers minimum 50 mm.

Sail numbers shall be regularly spaced.

Numbers on the starboard side shall be placed above those on the port side.

Each sail number digit shall be of one colour only.

The sail numbers shall be solid and easy to read.

After 1st March 1998 - sail numbers and national letters shall only be adhesive numbers. The use of permanent ink pens or similar to mark numbers and national letters on the sail is prohibited.

- (c) For sails with numbers above 153000 and sails purchased after 1st June 1993 the sail numbers shall be glued or sewn on each side of the sail, with the bottom of the numbers on the starboard side of the sail placed along a line parallel to and 400 mm (+ or - 12 mm) below the seam at the middle batten pocket. The bottom of the numbers on the port side of the sail shall be placed on a line 400 mm (+ or - 12 mm) below and parallel to the bottom of the numbers on the starboard side of the sail. The starboard sail numbers shall commence 100 mm (+ or - 12 mm) from the leech and the port side numbers shall end 100 mm (+ or - 12 mm) from the leech.

(Refer to sail number application diagram for procedure for applying sail numbers & letters)

- (d) Sail numbers from 131000, sails purchased after 1st June 1993 and new sails stamped "New Numbers" shall have numbers that are clearly visible with the last four digits of the number in one dark, distinctive colour or black and any preceding numbers in a different, contrasting, distinctive colour (red is recommended).
- (e) Exceptions to this Rule are permitted:

- when the hull and/or sail are provided by the organisers for an event and after approval of the International Laser Class Association, the numbers on the sail used for that event only may be single, double or triple digit numbers.
- in the case of a Laser borrowed or chartered for a specific event, and after written approval from the Race Committee, a competitor may use a sail with numbers that are different to the sail number allocated to the hull. The sail number used shall be the sail number allocated to the competitor's own Laser. When the competitor does not own a Laser, the number used on the sail shall be the number of the Laser chartered.
- when a sail is damaged during a series and Rule 7 (c) applies the sail number may contravene Rules 4

(a) and (e) ii only when written permission for a sail number change is given by the Race Committee.

- (f) **National Letters**, if required, shall conform to the same type, size, spacing and requirements as sail numbers (refer rule 4(b), (c), (d) and (e)) and shall be positioned as follows (also see diagrams on pages 25-28):

The letters on the starboard side of the *MK/I* sail shall be placed along the top edge of the seam below the bottom batten pocket (+ or - 12mm), for the *MK/II* sail on a Base Line 400mm (+ or - 12mm) below the bottom batten pocket and on the port side of the sail along a line 400 mm (+ or - 12mm) below and parallel to the letters on the starboard side. The starboard letters shall commence 100 mm (+ or - 12 mm) from the leech and the port letters shall finish 100 mm (+ or - 12 mm) from the leech. The letters shall all be the same colour, which may be one of the colours of the digits of the sail number, or another distinctive colour.

National Letters shall be required at all World Championships, Regional Championships and events described as international events in the notice of race or sailing instructions. National Letters may be required at any other regatta by the notice of race or sailing instructions.

(g) RED RHOMBUS

- Sails used in the following women's events shall carry a red rhombus above the top batten pocket on both sides;
 - World or regional (continental) championships.
 - Events described as "international events" by the Notice of Race or Sailing Instructions.
 - Other events that prescribe in the Notice of Race or Sailing Instructions that women competitors should be identified.
- The minimum size and approximate position shall comply with diagram on page 29.
- The rhombus may be retained for racing in other events.

(h) NATIONAL FLAG

If required by the Notice of Race and the Sailing Instructions, a national flag with a nominal size of 567 x 337 mm shall be applied to both sides of the mainsail. For the Standard and Radial sails, flags shall be positioned such that the aft edge of the flag is within 100 and 150 mm of the leech and between the sail numbers and the batten pocket below the sail numbers. The flag shall be approximately parallel with the sail numbers and letters and shall not touch the numbers. For the 4.7 sail, the flag shall be positioned within 100 and 150 mm of the leech but below and within 50 mm of the bottom batten pocket. The flag shall be printed on separate material applied to the sail. The use of permanent ink pens or similar to make a national flag is forbidden. The national flag shall correspond to the national letters.

5. MAST

No mast which has a permanent bend shall be used at any time.

6. CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT

- (a) In alteration of RRS 43.1 (b) the maximum total weight of competitors' clothing and equipment shall be 9kg (for Laser Radial and 4.7 rigs please see part 4).
- (b) Competitors shall not wear or carry non floating clothing or equipment which in total weight exceeds 500 grammes dead weight except protective sailing clothing.

- (c) For the purposes of weighing clothing and equipment as required by RRS Appendix H three coat hangers may be used instead of a rack.

7. SAILING REQUIREMENTS

- (a) The Laser shall be raced with either one or two persons aboard.

When two persons race a Laser they shall race together throughout the entire race or series of races without alternating at the helm.

- (b) No part of the helmsman or crew may be placed forward of the mast while racing.

- (c) Sails

In a series of races a sail shall not be changed for another unless written permission for an individual change is obtained from the race committee. Written permission shall only be given in the event of a sail damaged beyond repair or damaged to the extent that it cannot be repaired before the start of the next race in a series. In the event of a change the damaged sail shall not be used again in that series even if it is subsequently repaired.

For the purpose of this rule, a series is deemed to be two or more individual races which count towards an overall points total.

8. HULL COATINGS

The use of slowly soluble applications which might alter the boundary layer characteristics of the hull are prohibited.

9. CLASS ASSOCIATION MEMBERSHIP

No person is permitted to race a Laser in any Fleet, InterFleet, District, or other sanctioned event unless at least one member of the crew is a current member of the International Laser Class Association (a member of a District Laser Association duly established in accordance with the Constitution is a member of the International Laser Class Association).

10. ADVERTISING

Advertising, including competitor advertising, is permitted in accordance with World Sailing Regulation 20 - Advertising code; except that the sail window shall be kept free of advertising or other graphic material. Note: For information about placing advertising on sails, including diagrams, see:

www.laserinternational.org/info/regulation20advertisingcode

PART THREE

OPTIONS & EXCEPTIONS TO PARTS ONE & TWO

11. HULL FINISH

- (a) Waxing, polishing and fine wet and dry sanding of the hull is permitted, provided the intention and effect is to polish the hull only. Polishing/sanding shall not be used to remove mould imperfections.
- (b) Sanding and refinishing of the hull with the intention or effect to lighten the hull or improve the performance, finish, materials or shape beyond the original is not permitted.

12. TRANSOM DRAIN BUNG

A retaining line may be attached to the transom drain bung and the gudgeon.

13. SELF BAILER

A self-bailing device as supplied only by the builder may be added. The bailer may be sealed with tape, filler or glue along its edge where it joins the hull and at the screw hole. Filling the screw hole level with the flat surface of the bailer is permitted. Fairing the flat surface of the bailer to the hull shape or changing the profile of the bailer is not permitted. The drain bung may be removed from the self-bailer, and

the self bailer opening pin may be secured to the cockpit floor with self adhesive plastic tape. The builder-supplied o-rings may be substituted with non builder-supplied alternatives provided the basic function of the bailer is unchanged.

14. CENTREBOARD

- (a) A rope handle passing through not more than two holes of maximum diameter 12.5 mm above a line drawn from the bottom of the centreboard stop, parallel to the top of the centreboard is permitted. A plastic/rubber tube and/or tape are permitted on the handle of the centreboard.
- (b) The trailing edge of the centreboard may be sharpened by sanding the blade between the trailing edge and a line 100 mm parallel to the trailing edge, provided the distance between the leading edge and the trailing edge of the blade is not reduced.
- (c) Surface refinishing of the centreboard is permitted provided the original shape, thickness and characteristics are not altered.
- (d) One layer of any material of maximum 2mm thickness and of a maximum size of 30mm x 30mm may be applied at the top front corner of the centreboard case. Vertical cuts are allowed in the material to allow the material to conform to the shape of the centreboard case.
- (e) A wood centreboard shall not be used on a hull that was originally supplied with a non wood centreboard.
- (f) A tie line or shock cord shall be attached to the small hole in the upper forward corner of the centreboard, and any of the bow eye, the cunningham fairlead, the "Builder Supplied" deck block fitting and the mast to prevent loss of the centreboard in event of a capsized. The tie line or shock cord may be looped around the bow, but shall not be attached to the gunwale. Attachment can be by knots or loops in the shock cord, and/or tie lines, shackles, clips, hooks or eyes. When the shock cord is attached to the bow eye it may also pass through an attachment to the "Builder Supplied" deck block fitting or the cunningham fairlead.
- (g) The components of the "Builder Supplied" centreboard stopper may be secured together by glue, screws, bolts, nuts and washers, provided the original shape and dimensions are not reduced.

15. RUDDER

- (a) The trailing edge of the rudder blade may be sharpened by sanding the blade between the trailing edge and a line 60 mm parallel to the trailing edge, provided the distance between the leading edge and the trailing edge of the blade is not reduced.
- (b) Surface refinishing of the rudder blade is permitted provided that the original shape, thickness and characteristics are not altered.
- (c) The rudder blade and/or rudder head holes may be enlarged up to a maximum diameter of 10mm. The rudder bolt and bush set may be replaced with a larger diameter bolt to fit this hole. The bolt head, nut and washers shall fall within a 20mm diameter circle.
- (d) To achieve the maximum 78 degree rudder angle relative to the bottom edge of the rudder head, the leading edge of the blade may be cut away where it touches the spacing pin.
- (e) To restrict the rudder angle to maximum 78 degrees relative to the bottom edge of the rudder head,

the lower forward spacing pin shall be wound with flexible adhesive tape.

- (f) The rudder pintles may be fitted with spacers to lift the rudder head to allow the tiller to clear the deck at the transom.
- (g) The rudder downhaul line may have multiple purchases.
- (h) A hole may be drilled in the top rudder pintle and a pin or clip inserted in the hole to prevent loss of the rudder.
- (i) A wood rudder shall not be used on a hull that was originally supplied with a non wood rudder.
- (j) The rudder shall be maintained in the full down position except whilst racing in water less than 1.5m deep unless otherwise specified in the sailing instructions.
- (k) Padding of uniform thickness may be used in the gap between the rudder blade and rudder head. This padding must cover completely the part of the rudder blade that comes in contact with the rudder head. The thickness of the rudder blade plus the padding must not exceed 20.3mm.

16. TILLER

- (a) The tiller and tiller extension are not restricted in any way except that the tiller:
 - i. shall be capable of being removed from the rudder head.
 - ii. shall be fitted with a cleat, hook, pin or eye to secure the downhaul.
 - iii. shall, except for normal wear caused by the traveller rope, be straight along its topmost edge between a point 30 mm in front of the forward edge of the rudder head and the cockpit end of the tiller.
- (b) The tiller may be fitted with an "anti wear" strip or tube of not more than 200 mm in length placed above the level of the straight edge required by 16 (a) iii and only where the traveller crosses the tiller.
- (c) The use of a tiller retaining pin is optional.

17. HIKING STRAP

- (a) The hiking strap may be substituted with any type of non-stretch material and it may be padded.
- (b) The hiking strap may be fixed to the cockpit at the

forward end by wrapping the strap around the mainsheet block plastic pressure plate or by using both the centreboard friction attachment plate and the mainsheet block plastic pressure plate.

- (c) The hiking strap supporting line between the aft end of the hiking strap and the eye straps on the aft face of the cockpit may be rigged in any manner so that the hiking strap is fixed or adjustable.
- (d) A shock cord may be attached between the aft end of the hiking strap and to either the traveller cleat, or the hiking strap eye straps at the aft end of the cockpit.

18. BOOM

- (a) A metal sleeve supplied by the builder of maximum length 900 mm may be fixed inside the boom. The sleeve shall not extend aft of the point 1220 mm from the front end of the boom (including plug).
- (b) The stainless steel mainsheet eye strap between the two blocks on the boom may be replaced with a soft strap. The maximum width of the soft strap shall be 26mm. The soft strap shall only be fixed to the boom using the holes drilled by the builder as shown in the diagram below.
- (c) Traveller and Boom mounted mainsheet blocks may be replaced with the "Builder Supplied" blocks shown in the photo.



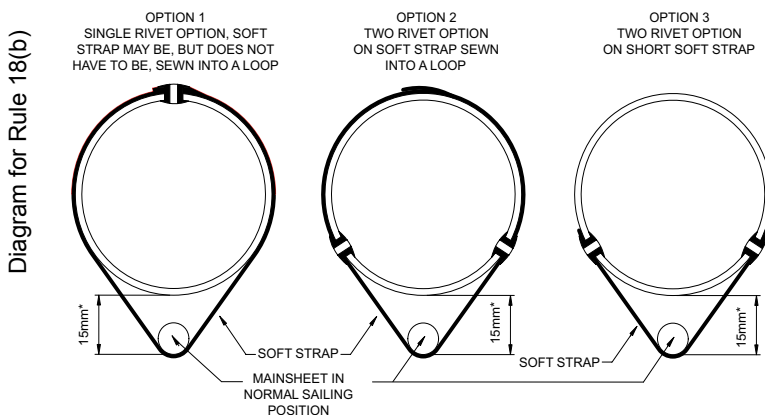
19. MAST

- (a) To prevent abrasion of the mast step, a tube or collar of uniform thickness not exceeding 1 mm may be placed around the entire circumference of the lower mast or the mast step cavity. The tube or collar shall not extend more than 10 mm above deck level.

In addition, a disc of uniform thickness not exceeding 1mm in thickness may be placed in the bottom of the mast step.

- (b) The mast or mast cavity may be lubricated.
- (c) Tape or other bushing material may be applied to both the plastic end cap, the collar of the upper mast and the upper mast to ensure a snug fit. The

CROSS SECTIONS THROUGH BOOMS AND SOFT STRAPS SHOWING THE ONLY LEGAL FIXING OPTIONS



NOTES:
1. 15mm DIMENSION MARKED * IS NOMINAL
2. HOLES FOR OPTIONS 2 AND 3 ARE POSITIONED TO FIT THE ORIGINAL STAINLESS STEEL EYE STRAP
3. NO ROOM SHALL BE DRILLED WITH THREE HOLES AT THE BOOM STAMP POSITION

tape or bushing material may only be used on that portion of the plastic parts that actually slide into the lower section and/or between the upper mast and the collar and it shall be a uniform thickness around the circumference. Taping or bushing material above the collar to fair the collar into the mast is prohibited.

- (d) Flexible adhesive tape may be applied to the outside of the joint of the upper and lower mast sections to a limit of 40mm above and below the joint to prevent rotation of the mast sections at the joint.

20. INSPECTION PORTS

Inspection ports not exceeding 153 mm internal diameter may be installed on the deck or in the cockpit to provide access to the hull cavity, provided that any inspection port is fitted with watertight threaded covers (any bayonet mounted parts are deemed to be not threaded).

Storage receptacles are permitted underneath hatch covers.

21. CLIPS AND STORAGE BAGS

Clips, ties or bags to stow or secure safety or other equipment may be used on the deck, in the cockpit, around the mast or boom.

22. COMPASS, ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT AND TIMING DEVICES

(a) One compass is permitted mounted on any part of the deck or the cockpit, provided that the hull cavity is not pierced by anything other than the fasteners. Compasses shall not be fitted to inspection ports. Electronic and digital compasses are prohibited (see exception in part d).

(b) Any use of electronic equipment not specifically allowed in the rules is prohibited unless modified in the sailing instructions.

(c) Timing devices are permitted.

(d) A timing device that includes an electronic compass is permitted as long as it is worn on the wrist.

23. WIND INDICATORS

(a) Wind indicators may be attached as desired provided the sail is not cut and the buoyancy qualities of the hull and mast are not impaired.

(b) Ribbons, wool or similar wind indicators may be attached to the sail.

24. TAPE AND LINE

The use of flexible adhesive tape or similar or line is permitted to secure shackle pins and clips, and to bind sheets, control lines and rigging, except that tape or line shall not be used to construct new fittings or modify the function of existing fittings.

25. SAFETY EQUIPMENT

Any additional equipment required by an international, national or other governing authority for safety purposes may be fitted or carried provided it is not used in contravention of the FUNDAMENTAL RULE.

26. REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE

(a) Repairs and preventative maintenance to the sail, hull, deck, centreboard, rudder, mast, boom or any fittings and fixings may be carried out without violation of these Rules provided such repairs are made in such a way that the essential shape, characteristics or function of the original are not affected.

(b) In the event of the failure of any fittings, or the replacement of fittings as authorised by these Rules, the fitting or the replacement shall be the same type as the original and shall be placed in a position conforming to the Measurement Diagrams.

(c) Preventative maintenance includes the replacement

of fasteners (screws, bolts, nuts, washers and rivets) provided the replacement does not alter the function of the fitting. The tolerances of the Measurement Diagrams shall not be used to alter the position of fittings. In addition the reversing of spars is permitted if the fittings are replaced in accordance with the Measurement Diagrams. Any holes in the top section of the mast shall be permanently sealed with a rivet or similar to maintain the buoyancy of the mast.

(d) Sail panels and luff sleeves shall not be replaced.

(e) Any flotation equipment (flotation foam blocks or Cubitainer inserts) that is defective or has been removed shall be replaced by fully air filled, builder supplied, Cubitainer inserts which shall have an equal volume to the defective or removed flotation equipment.

(f) The use of lubricants is unrestricted except that they shall not be used on the hull (below the gunwales).

27. REEFING

The sail may be reefed by rolling the sail around the mast 1 or 2 times.

PART FOUR LASER RADIAL RIG AND LASER 4.7 RIG OPTIONS

Part 4 of the Laser Class Rules shall be read in conjunction with the remainder of the Laser Class Rules.

When the Laser Radial or the Laser 4.7 rigs are used the Rules of Parts 1, 2, 3 and 5 of the Laser Class Rules apply except where specifically amended by Part Four.

28. LASER RADIAL

(a) The Laser Radial sail and bottom mast as supplied by an approved Builder shall conform to the measurement diagrams which form part of these Rules.

(b) The Laser Radial rig may be used in any Laser regatta subject to the conditions in 28 (c) and any restrictions in the Notice of Race and Sailing Instructions.

(c) The Laser Radial rig may only be used in District Championships and higher level regattas when prescribed in the Notice of Race and Sailing Instructions.

(d) In a series of races a Laser Radial rig shall not be changed for a Laser or Laser 4.7 rig. A series is 2 or more races that count towards an overall points total.

(e) SAIL REGISTRATION NUMBERS & NATIONAL LETTERS

Rules 4(c) and (f) shall be amended to read as follows:

4(c) For Laser Radial sails with numbers above 153000 and sails purchased after 1st June 1993 the sail numbers shall be glued or sewn on each side of the sail, with the bottom of the numbers on the starboard side of the sail placed along a line parallel to and 400 mm (+ or - 12 mm) below the underside of the middle batten pocket. The bottom of the numbers on the port side of the sail shall be placed on a line 400 mm (+ or - 12 mm) below and parallel to the bottom of the numbers on the starboard side of the sail. The starboard sail numbers shall commence 100 mm (+ or - 12 mm) from the leech and the port side numbers shall finish 100 mm (+ or - 12 mm) from the leech.

(Refer to sail number application diagram for procedure for applying numbers & letters)

4(f) **National Letters**, if required, shall conform to the same type, size, spacing and requirements as sail numbers (refer rule 4(b), (c), (d) and (e)) and shall be

positioned as follows (also see diagram):

The top of the letters on the starboard side of the sail shall be placed on the bottom edge of the bottom batten pocket and its extension (+ 12 mm). The starboard letters shall commence 100 mm (+ or - 12 mm) from the leech. The bottom of the letters on the port side shall be placed on a line 400 mm (+ or - 12 mm) below and parallel to the bottom of the letters on the starboard side of the sail. The port letters shall finish 100 mm (+ or - 12 mm) from the leech. The letters shall all be the same colour, which may be one of the colours of the digits of the sail number, or another distinctive colour.

National Letters shall be required at all World Championships, Regional Championships and events described as international events in the notice of race or sailing instructions. National Letters may be required at any other regatta by the notice of race or sailing instructions.

(f) CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT

Rule 6(a) shall be amended to read as follows:

6(a) For the purposes of RRS 43.1 (b) the maximum total weight of competitors clothing and equipment shall be 9 kg.

29. LASER 4.7

(a) The Laser 4.7 sail and bottom mast as supplied by an approved Builder shall conform to the measurement diagrams which form part of these Rules.

(b) The Laser 4.7 rig may be used in any Laser regatta subject to the conditions in 29 (c) and any restrictions in the Notice of Race and Sailing Instructions.

(c) The Laser 4.7 rig may only be used in District Championships and higher level regattas when prescribed in the Notice of Race and Sailing Instructions.

(d) In a series of races a Laser 4.7 rig shall not be changed for a Laser or Laser Radial rig. A series is 2 or more races that count towards an overall points total.

(e) SAIL REGISTRATION NUMBERS

Rules 4(b), 4(c) and 4(f) shall be amended to read as follows:

4(b) On Laser 4.7 sails all numbers shall be in accordance with the Racing Rules of Sailing and shall be of the following minimum dimensions:

Height 220 mm.

Width 150 mm excluding No.1.

Thickness 30 mm.

Note: Optimist Class legal numbers conform to this rule.

The maximum height to conform is 240mm.

Space between adjoining numbers / letters and rows minimum 30 mm.

Sail numbers shall be regularly spaced.

Numbers on the starboard side shall be placed above those on the port side.

Each number digit shall be one colour only.

The numbers shall be solid and easy to read.

4(c) For Laser 4.7 sails with numbers above 153000 and sails purchased after 1st June 1993 the sail numbers shall be glued or sewn on each side of the sail, with the bottom of the starboard numbers placed along the top edge of a line placed 270mm (0 to +12mm) below and parallel to the seam below the bottom edge of the middle batten pocket.

The port side numbers shall be placed along a line 270mm below and parallel to the bottom of the starboard side numbers. The starboard side numbers shall commence 100 mm (+ or - 12 mm) from the leech and the port side numbers shall end 100 mm (+ or - 12 mm) from the leech.

(Refer to sail number application diagram for procedure for applying numbers & letters)

4(f) National letters, if required, shall conform to the same type, size, spacing and requirements as Laser 4.7 numbers (refer rule 28 (e) 4 (b)).

For all Laser 4.7 sails with numbers from 190000, and for sails purchased from 1 April 2006 onwards, The bottom of the starboard side letters shall be placed along a line 270mm (+12mm) below and parallel to the bottom of the numbers on the port side and start 100mm (+ or -12mm) from the leech. The bottom of the letters on the port side shall be placed along a line 270mm (+12mm) below and parallel to the bottom of the letters on the starboard side and finish 100mm (+ or -12mm) from the leech.

For Laser 4.7 sails with numbers under 190000 that were purchased before 1 April 2006, they may be placed as above or along the same line, 270mm below and parallel to the bottom of the numbers on the port side, on opposite sides of the sail. The letters on the port side shall be closer to the leech than those on the starboard side, with the port side letters finishing 100mm (+ or - 12mm) from the leech.

National Letters shall be required at all World Championships, Regional Championships and events described as international events in the notice of race or sailing instructions. National Letters may be required at any other regatta by the notice of race or sailing instructions.

The letters shall all be the same colour, which may be one of the colours of the digits of the sail number, or another distinctive colour.

(f) MAST

Rule 5 shall be amended to read as follows:

5 The Laser 4.7 bottom mast is supplied with a pre-bend aft of approximately 5 degrees. The pre-bend shall not be increased or decreased. No top mast that has permanent bend in it shall be used at any time.

(g) CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT

Rule 6(a) shall be amended to read as follows:

6(a) In alteration of RRS 43.1 (b) the maximum total weight of competitors clothing and equipment shall be 8 kg.

PART FIVE

30. AMENDMENTS

Amendments to these Rules shall be approved by each of:

- (a)** the World Council,
- (b)** the Advisory Council,
- (c)** at least two thirds of the membership replying in writing to the International Office of the Class in response to a postal ballot published by the International Office of the Class. Only those postal votes returned to the International Office within 6 months from the date of publication of the rule change shall be valid, and
- (d)** World Sailing.

Class Rule Interpretations

1. Solid block: Interpretation to Rule 3(a)v regarding turning point: A block with a solid sheave is allowed.
2. Clam cleats: Interpretation to 3(b) vi. Clam Cleats® of identical overall size and shape with attachment points are allowed.
3. Mast abrasion prevention: Interpretation to rule 19 a. The tube or collar may be in two separate pieces in both the lower and upper locations as long as the total thickness does not exceed 1mm.

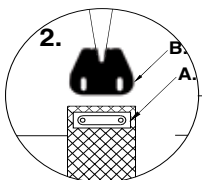


Measurement Diagrams

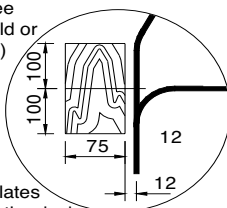
(pages 43 to 49 part of class rules)

All dimensions shown in millimetres

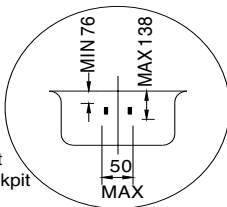
Measurements are shown only as a guide to replacement in the event of failure.



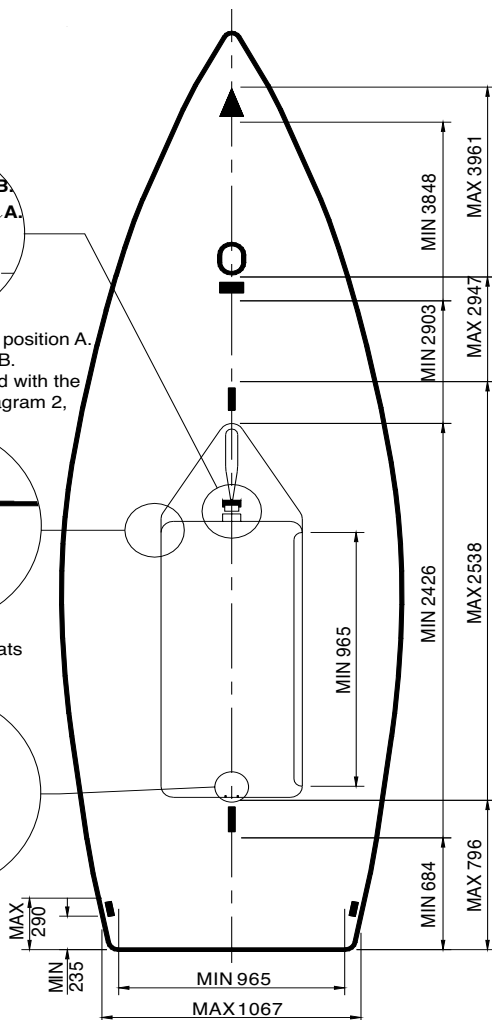
Mainsheet block shall be attached to eyestrap in position A.
Centreboard Brake shall be attached in position B.
Centreboard Brake in diagram 1 may be replaced with the
builder supplied Centreboard Brake shown in diagram 2,
available mid/late 2009 (see
December 2008 LaserWorld or
www.laserinternational.org)



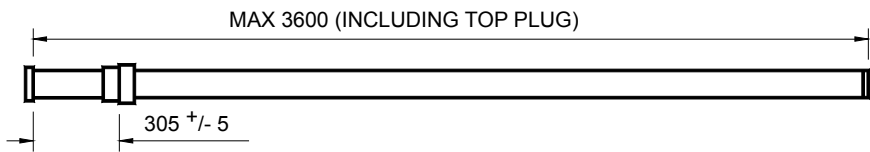
Wooden backing plates are under the deck for the fitting of cam or clam cleats



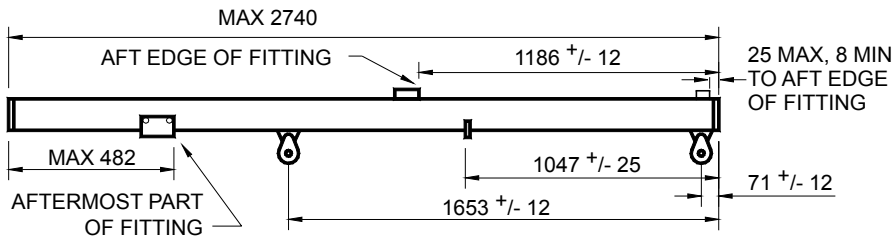
Eyes at aft
end of cockpit



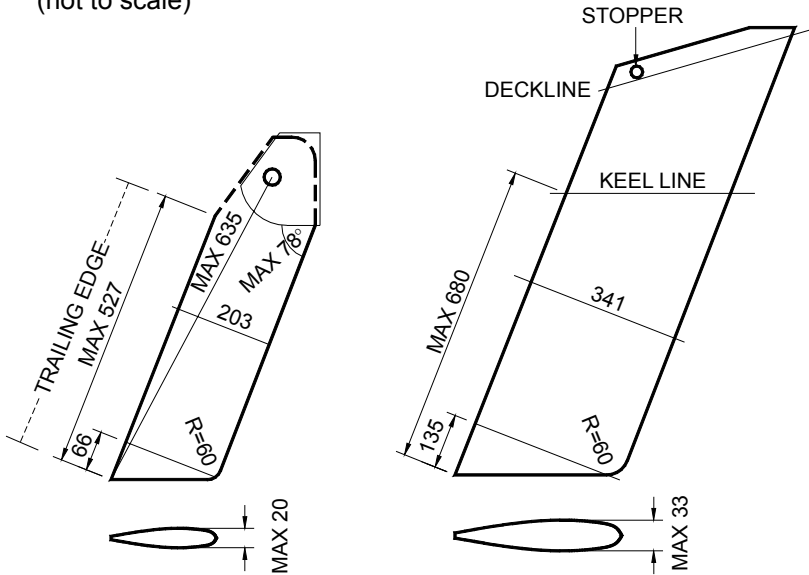
LASER, LASER RADIAL & LASER 4.7 MAST TOP SECTION



LASER, LASER RADIAL & LASER 4.7 BOOM

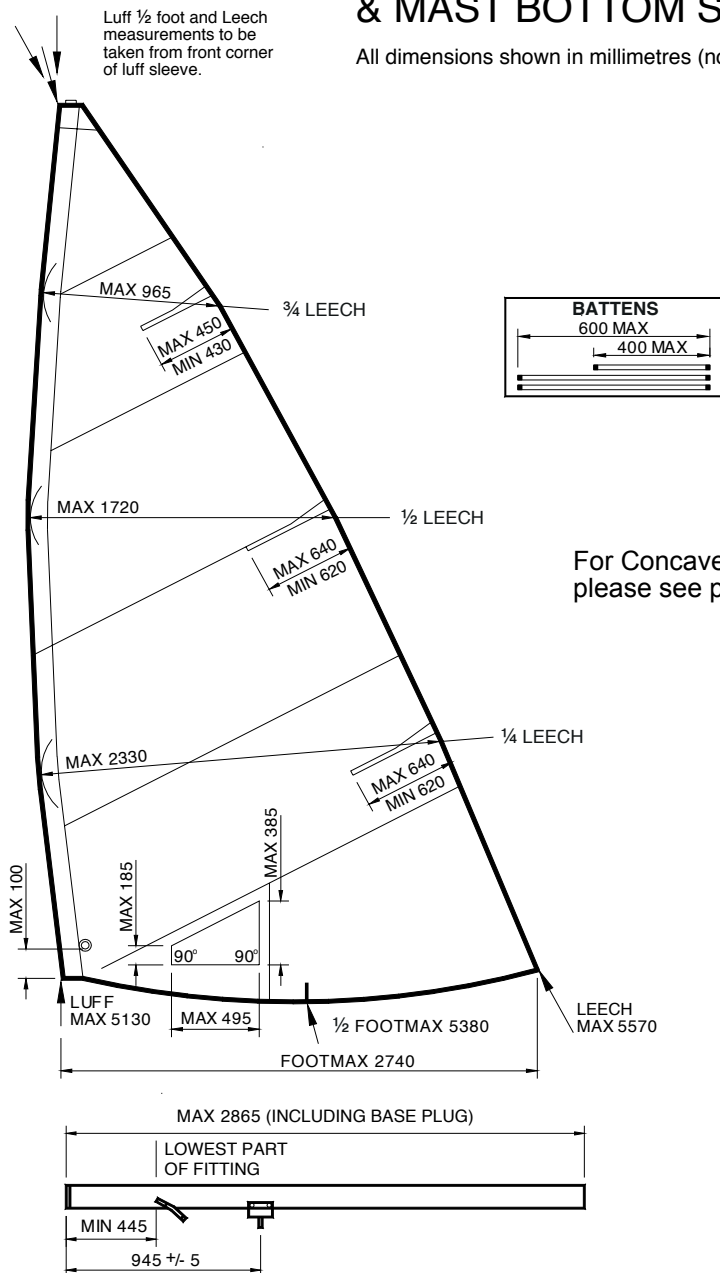


All dimensions shown
in millimetres
(not to scale)



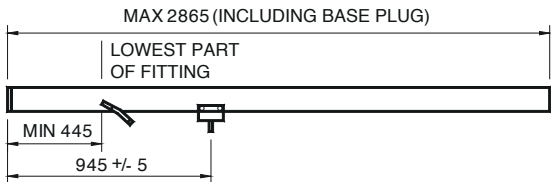
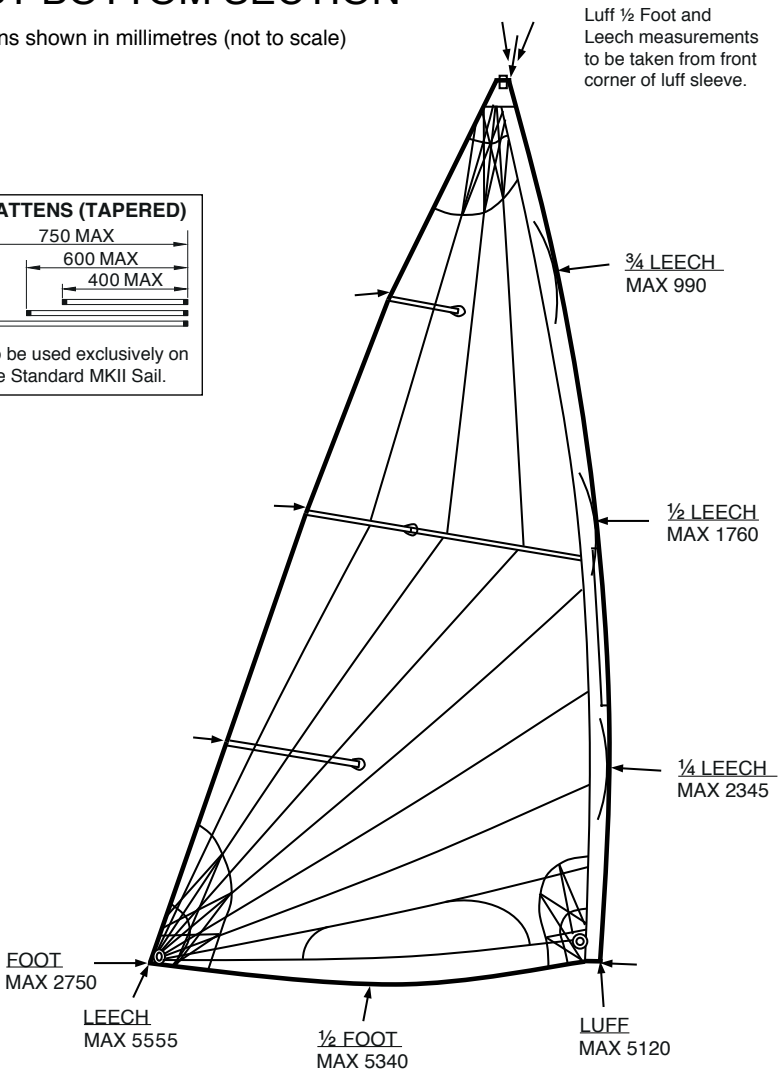
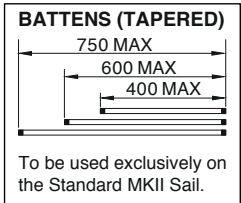
LASER STANDARD MKI SAIL & MAST BOTTOM SECTION

All dimensions shown in millimetres (not to scale)



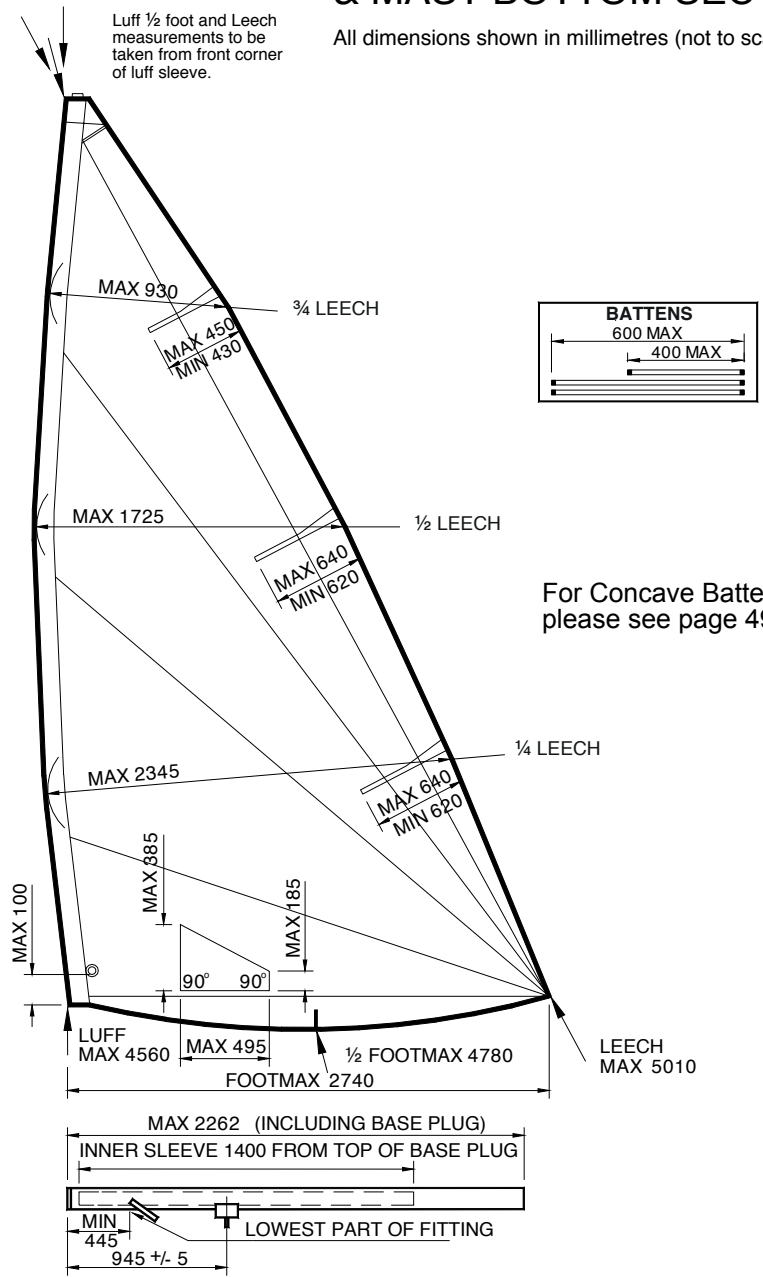
LASER STANDARD MKII SAIL & MAST BOTTOM SECTION

All dimensions shown in millimetres (not to scale)



LASER RADIAL SAIL & MAST BOTTOM SECTION

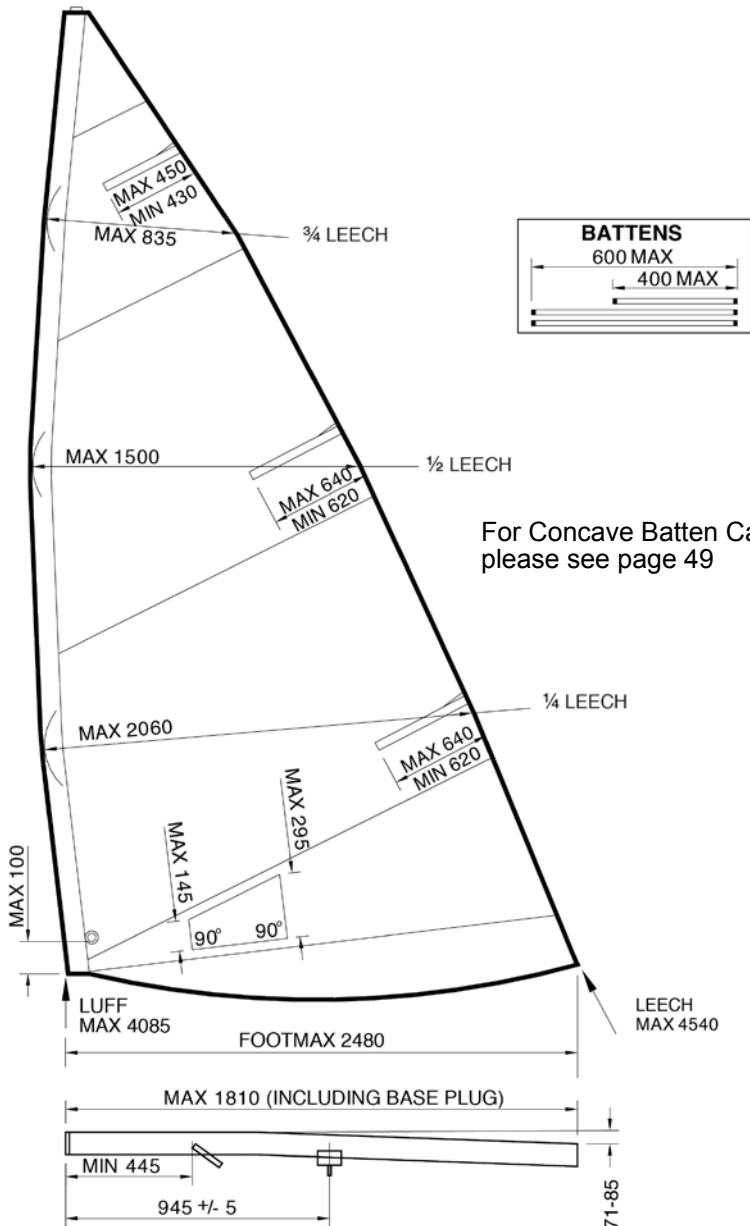
All dimensions shown in millimetres (not to scale)



LASER 4.7 SAIL & MAST BOTTOM SECTION

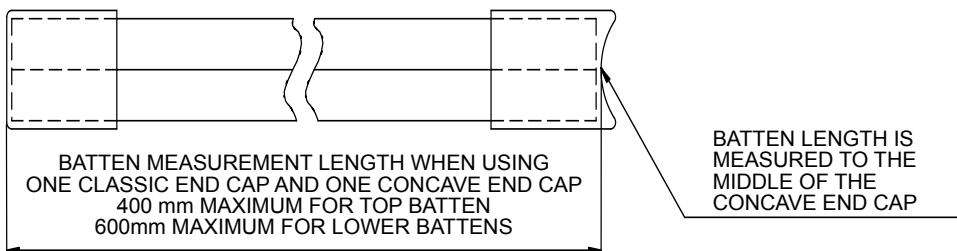
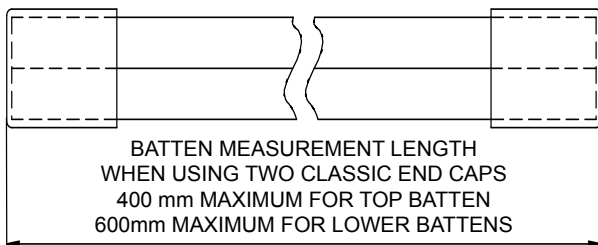
All dimensions shown in millimetres (not to scale)

Luff and Leech measurements to be taken from front corner of luff sleeve.



Concave Batten Caps

The diagrams below illustrate the methods to be used for the measurement of battens using both classic and concave end caps. Please see pages 45-48 for full sail and bottom section diagrams.



ILCA By-Law 2:

District General By-Law

1. NAME

The name of the District Association shall be the (Name or Geographic Designation) Laser Association and it shall have its offices at Address in the City of

2. OBJECTS

The objects of the District Association are

- (a) to provide a medium of exchange of information among Laser Sailors in the District;
- (b) to promote and develop Laser Class racing within this District;
- (c) to encourage and foster the enjoyment of the sporting and recreational aspects of sailing through the development of fleets within the District; and
- (d) to co-ordinate the activities of this District with other Districts within the Region.

3. FLEET CHARTERS

- (1) A fleet may be granted a Fleet Charter upon application to the District Association by six or more persons who are members of the International Laser Class Association and who are individual owners of Lasers within an area or club deemed appropriate having regard to locality where regular racing activity is easily accessible to members of that Fleet.
- (2) Notwithstanding Paragraph (1), a special Fleet may be chartered in any locality for the purposes of accommodating specific members of the armed forces, an educational institution, a junior programme or any other non-profit organisation.
- (3) A Fleet Captain, and such other officers if any as the Fleet may deem necessary, shall be elected annually from among the members of the Fleet in such manner as is prescribed by the Fleet, unless otherwise provided by a By-Law of the District Association, and shall be responsible to the District Association for the organisation of the Fleet and the due compliance by the members of the Fleet with the provisions of the Constitution and By-Laws of the Association.

4. ASSOCIATION OFFICERS

The District Association shall be comprised of a

- (a) District Chairman who shall be responsible for the co-ordination of all activities of the District Association within the District, shall represent the District at Annual Meetings of the Region in accordance with the Constitution of the International Laser Class Association, shall chair all Annual Meetings of the District Association, and shall otherwise perform the normal functions of the senior officer within the District;
- (b) District Vice Chairman who shall act in the place instead of the Chairman in the event of his inability or refusal to act and in addition he shall be the Sailing Secretary of the District and be responsible for the development of District racing programmes of all kinds, the supervision of sanctioned events, and co-ordination with other Sailing Secretaries of all inter-District racing;

- (c) District Secretary who shall be responsible for maintaining all membership and other records and correspondence of the District Association, the preparation of the District Newsletter, if any, and shall otherwise carry out such responsibilities as may be assigned to him by the District Chairman;
 - (d) District Treasurer who shall be responsible for determination of the entitlement of applicants to membership in accordance with Paragraph 10 of the Constitution, the collection of dues to be levied for membership in accordance with Section 11 of the said Constitution, the maintenance of all accounts to the District membership thereon and preparation of an annual financial statement for the membership; and
 - (e) District Measurer, if one is appointed by the Chief Measurer of the International Laser Class Association, who shall carry out the responsibilities set forth in subparagraph (6) of paragraph 8 of the Constitution.
5. The District Association may appoint such additional officers to perform such duties or to carry out such special projects as may from time to time be determined by the District Association and they shall hold office for such term as it may determine.
6. The District Association may appoint such committees, as may be deemed appropriate from time to time to carry out the functions and duties as are prescribed by the District Association; and the District Chairman shall be a member ex-officio of any committee so established.
- ### 7. ANNUAL MEETINGS AND ELECTION TO OFFICE
- (1) The District Association shall hold an Annual Meeting at such time as may be determined by resolution of the District Association, but not later than fifteen months from the date of the last Annual Meeting.
 - (2) Notice of the Annual Meeting shall be sent to all members of the District Association not less than fourteen days prior to the Meeting and such notice shall include:
 - (a) an agenda for the said Meeting,
 - (b) a notice of any special By-Law whether to amend the District General By-Law or to enact any other By-Laws,
 - (c) a summary of the annual reports of the District Chairman and the Treasurer, and
 - (d) a report of the nominating committee, if any, for the election of officers for the ensuing year.
 - (3) Any member of the District Association shall be entitled to attend the Annual General Meeting and to vote thereat.
 - (4) A majority of members voting in favour of a resolution at the Annual Meeting shall be sufficient, except for resolutions which report to amend the District General By-Law or to enact any other By-Law which shall require a two-thirds majority thereof to be effective.
 - (5) Officers of the Association elected at an Annual General Meeting of the Association shall hold office until their successors are elected.

8. FEES

The annual fees of the District Association shall be payable to the Association not later than the first day of March in any year or such other day as the District Association shall by By-Law determine, provided that no person may race a Laser in any event after the last date for payment shall fall due unless the said dues have been fully paid and he shall be a member of the International Laser Class Association as required by the Class Rules.

9. DISTRICT CHAMPIONSHIPS

- (1) The District Association shall annually sponsor a District Championship sailing event which shall be open to any member of the District Association to be held at such place within the District as the District Association shall determine.
- (2) The District Championship event shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Racing By-Law passed by the World Council.

10. BY-LAWS

The District Association may make By-Laws for the purpose of carrying out the objects of these General By-Laws and, without restricting the generality of the foregoing, may make By-Laws

- (1) determining the fiscal year of the District Association;
- (2) determining the period within which the Annual General Meeting must be held;
- (3) establishing nominating committees and methods of formation thereof;
- (4) subject to any By-Law of the International Laser Class Association, respecting the conduct of any regatta within the District and the eligibility of members for major racing events;
- (5) respecting the acceptance of deeds of gift of trophies;
- (6) changing the Head Office of the District;
- (7) respecting the conduct of the business of the District;
- (8) giving effect to the provisions of any local or general public law having application in the District enacted by any governmental body having jurisdiction;
- (9) respecting the organisation, constitution, and operation of fleets within the District; and
- (10) respecting the constitution and eligibility for committees including nominating committees.

11. COMING INTO FORCE

- (1) This By-Law comes into force
- (a) in respect of any District established by the World Council prior to the first day of November 1973, on the said date; and
- (b) in respect of any District established on or after the first day of November 1973, on the date of the By-Law of the World Council establishing such District pursuant to provisions of Section 8 of the Constitution.
- (c) The World Council upon establishing a District shall designate the name of the District and the location of the offices thereof and may, in addition, approve any addition to the said District General

By-Law as may be required to meet the laws of such District or any special circumstances, provided such additions are not inconsistent with the provisions of the Constitution or this By-Law.

ILCA By-Law 3: Measurement

1. If a protest is lodged against a boat alleging that there has been an alteration or addition thereto not permitted by the Rules of the Class, and the Race Committee, on investigation, is in doubt as to whether a violation of the Rules has occurred, it shall measure the part of the boat subject to protest in accordance with paragraph 2.

2. (a) Hull

The part of the hull of the boat subject to protest shall be measured in accordance with the measurement directions attached as Schedule A and the same part of not less than five (5) other Lasers, chosen by the Race Committee as random samples, shall be measured in the same manner. The Race Committee shall select, if possible, Lasers which show no evidence of having been repaired or altered and which do not have inspection ports.

The arithmetic mean of the measurements of the boats chosen as the sample shall be calculated, and the protested boat shall be disqualified if the difference between the mean value so determined and the measurement on the boat subject to protest shall exceed the following values for the measurements indicated:

any point along the keel line (rocker): 2 mm
any other area of the hull: 3 mm

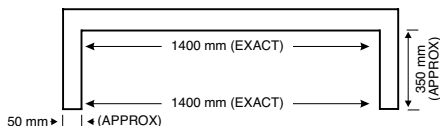
(b) Equipment

If any mast, boom, fitting, centreboard or rudder is the subject of a protest as to size, shape or location, measurement thereof shall be governed by the drawings and tolerances set forth in the Measurement Diagrams (Ref: By-Law 1 - Rules)

3. This By-Law shall be read and construed in conjunction with the Rules of the International Laser Class Association and the Interpretation of the Chief Measurer, and may be amended by the World Council with the approval of World Sailing.

Schedule A to By-Law 3

1. Measurement Template



2. Measurement of Hull

Turn boat upside down. Starting at the transom, measure out a distance along the keel line and establish point A, which will fall roughly athwartships of point X, the area under protest.

Lay a straight edge across the transom as shown in the sketch and measure out a distance along the vertical

surface of the gunwale and establish point B, which will fall approximately in line with the measured point on the keel line (A) and the area under protest (X). Distances shown are as an example only.

The centre line of the boat must then be established at point A. This will be easy in the front one third of the boat but, to find the centre line in the aft two thirds, stretch a string over the centre of the centreboard opening and the centre of the bailer depression and extend fore and aft, as necessary. Mark the centre line at point A. Now measure from point A to point X and retain this figure to establish an equal point of measurement on the five random sample boats.

Place the centre of the measurement template on point A (Diagram 2), line up the vertical arms with points B and equalise exactly the distance from the horizontal bar to the inside of the gunwale on each side of the boat.

Measure the shortest distance from point X up to the horizontal bar and record this measurement (96 mm in example).

This procedure should now be repeated using all the distances established above and a similar reading obtained for the distances from the hull to the horizontal cross bar on the other five sample boats.

Example: Measurements on 5 sample boats:

$93 + 94 + 94 + 97 + 96$	$= 474$
Arithmetic mean $= 474/5$	$= 94.8$
Measurement on protested boat	$= 96$
Difference	$= 1.2$

Diagram 1

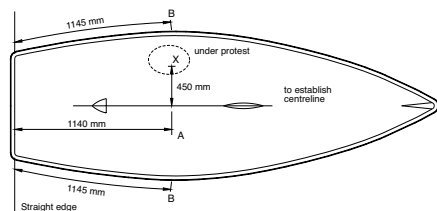
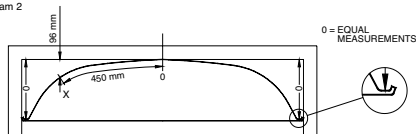


Diagram 2



This does not exceed mean value by more than 3 mm, therefore protest is disallowed.

Measurement of Rocker

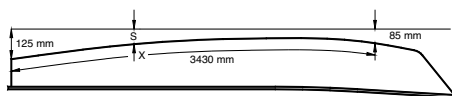
Turn boat upside down. Measure out a distance of 3430 mm along the keel line of the boat.

Set up a taut string over the centre line of the boat exactly 125 mm above the keel at the transom and 85 mm above the keel at 3430 mm from the transom.

Measure distance along keel to point under protest (point X) and retain this figure to establish an equal point of measurement on the five sample boats.

Measure the shortest point from point X to the string and then repeat procedure with five sample boats.

Calculate arithmetic mean of the measurements from the five sample boats. Point under protest should not



deviate by more than 2 mm.

ILCA By-Law 4: District Measurers

- The responsibilities of the District Measurer and any assistant shall include:
 - generally, ensuring that throughout the District, the principles of the Rules are understood and complied with;
 - National and District championships and other events designated by the District Chairman as requiring the attendance of the District Measurer;
 - perform a pre-race inspection following ILCA standard procedures of boats to be sailed in such event and report to each owner and to the Race Committee Chairman the owner and number of any boat which, if sailed in such event, would violate the Rules and be subject to protest and submit a written summary report of each event to the ILCA Chief Measurer within 2 weeks of the championship ending;
 - assist the Race Committee at such event, upon request, with any protests to which the Measurement By-Law applies;
 - issue interim rulings respecting the Rules, not previously the subject of an Interpretation of the Chief Measurer, provided that such interpretation shall be committed to writing following such event and submitted to the Chief Measurer for confirmation or variation as he shall see fit. Any such interim interpretation shall be binding and valid for the event for which it shall have been issued.
 - carry out such additional responsibilities (as a member of the Executive of the District Association) as may be assigned to him.
 - to make an annual report to the ILCA Chief Measurer on the measurement and inspection that has taken place in the year.
- No person shall be nominated for the position of District Measurer unless he has displayed, to the satisfaction of the District Chairman and Sailing Secretary:
 - a thorough appreciation of the Constitution of the Laser Class;
 - an appreciation of the principles as set forth in Part 1 of the Rules;
 - a thorough knowledge of the Rules, the Interpretations issued thereunder and the Measurement By-Law of the Class, including the ability to carry out measurements in accordance with the Measurement By-Law; and
 - that he is a person who maintains his Laser in a condition which does not violate any of the Rules of the Class and whose attitude towards the

enforcement of the Rules has been and is likely to be, beyond reproach.

3. The position of District Measurer is limited to a two year period, after which the existing Measurer can be re-proposed or an alternative proposed by the District Chairman as set out in point 4 below.
4. The District Chairman, upon satisfying himself in respect of the items set forth in paragraph 2 above, shall submit the recommendation for the appointment of the District Measurer to the Executive Secretary of the World Council or the Regional Council.
5. The Executive Secretary shall forthwith communicate the recommendation to the Chief Measurer and shall confirm the appointment, following certification, if the same is approved.
6. District Measurers, with the approval of the District Chairman, may appoint assistant District Measurers from time to time, who meet the requirements of paragraph 2, for the purpose of attending a sanctioned or other event designated as requiring the presence of the District Measurer. Such appointment shall be for one specific event.

ILCA By-Law 5: Sanctioned Events and Honour Awards

SANCTIONED EVENTS

1. The following events shall be deemed to be Sanctioned Events for the purposes of the Constitution, the Rules and the By-Laws of the Association:
 - (a) World Championship events;
 - (b) Regional Championship events approved by the World Council, including the North American, European, Central & South American, Oceania and the Asian Championship, whether or not a Region has been established;
 - (c) Multi District events (other than district, regional or World Championship) including North American Midwinters, Canadian, US, Nordic, Australian and Middle East Championships;
 - (d) District Championship events, including District Womens' Championship, District Junior Championship;
 - (e) Such other events as may be designated by the World Council or a Regional Executive Committee, as the case may be.
2. Any Sanctioned Event shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Racing By-Law.
3. Honour Awards and Trophies shall only be given if sufficient entries take part in each category in a regatta according to the following table:

5-9	Entries	1 award/cube
10-19	Entries	2 awards/cubes
20-29	Entries	3 awards/cubes
30-39	Entries	4 awards/cubes
40+	Entries	5 awards/cubes

HONOUR AWARDS

Sail Awards

4. Every member shall be entitled to apply to his sail the symbol earned by him racing in a Sanctioned Event, in accordance with the following schedule:

World Championships

Winner	3 Chevrons
Series 2nd & 3rd place finishers	2 Chevrons
Each daily 1st place finisher	1 Chevron
Series 4th & 5th place finishers	1 Chevron

Regional Championships

(which may be known as "Bar Events")

Winner	3 Bars
Series 2nd & 3rd place finishers	2 Bars
Each daily 1st place finisher	1 Bar
Series 4th & 5th place finishers	1 Bar

Multi District Events

(which may be known as "Medallion Events")

Winner	3 Medallions
Series 2nd & 3rd place finishers	2 Medallions
Each daily 1st place finisher	1 Medallion
Series 4th & 5th place finishers	1 Medallion

District Sanctioned Events

(which may be known as "Diamond Events")

Winner	3 Diamonds
Series 2nd & 3rd place finishers	2 Diamonds
Each daily 1st place finisher	1 Diamond
Series 4th & 5th place finishers	1 Diamond

5. A member may carry on his sail only one award, which shall be the highest award won at any time by such member; it being understood that the highest awards are Chevrons, Bars, Medallions and Diamonds in that order.
6.
 - (a) The symbols representing the sail awards shall be glued on or sewn to each side of the sail in the third panel from the top of the sail, with the first award being placed in the uppermost position as specified in Schedule A.
 - (b) The symbols shall be in red for events which are not restricted, green for events restricted to women, blue for events restricted to juniors, and light blue for events restricted to Masters (35 years and over). A Masters event may be split into 5 categories: 75 and Over (aged 75+), Great Grand Masters (aged 65-74), Grand Masters (aged 55-64), Masters (aged 45-54) and Apprentices (aged 35-44) in which case honour awards and cubes may be awarded for each category. The minimum number of entries in each age category (except Apprentices) at a Masters championship shall be 5. If there are fewer than the minimum number then those Masters shall be scored and eligible to win awards in the next lower age category. Determination of category for Masters shall be the age attained on the day before the first scheduled race of a regatta.

7. Sail awards shall be retroactive to all North American, European and District Championships organised at any time and publicised and known as such; and any dispute as to whether any event heretofore qualifies as a Regional or District event herein shall be settled by the World Council on application for interpretation made to the Executive Secretary.

Trophies

8. Every member shall be entitled to receive a Laser cube, in accordance with the following schedule:

World Championship

Winner

Cube inscribed with 3 Chevrons

Series 2nd & 3rd place finishers

Cube inscribed with 2 Chevrons

Each daily 1st place finisher

Cube inscribed with 1 Chevron

Series 4th & 5th place finishers

Cube inscribed with 1 Chevron

Regional Events ("Bar Event")

Winner

Cube inscribed with 3 Bars

Series 2nd & 3rd place finishers

Cube inscribed with 2 Bars

Series 4th & 5th place finishers

Cube inscribed with 1 Bar

Multi District Events ("Medallion Events")

Winner

Cube inscribed with 3 Medallions

Series 2nd & 3rd place finishers

Cube inscribed with 2 Medallions

Series 4th & 5th place finishers

Cube inscribed with 1 Medallion

District Events ("Diamond Events")

Winner

Cube inscribed with 3 Diamonds

Series 2nd & 3rd place finishers

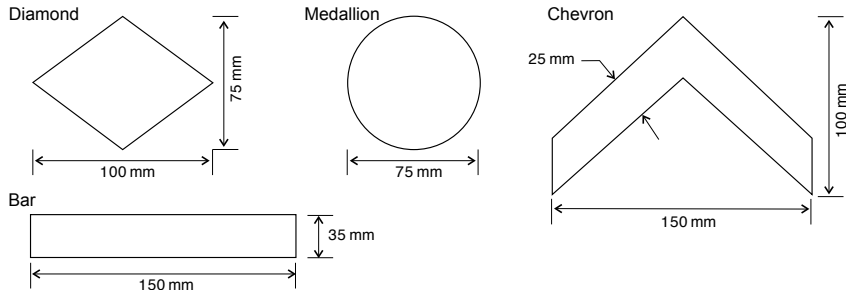
Cube inscribed with 2 Diamonds

Series 4th & 5th place finishers

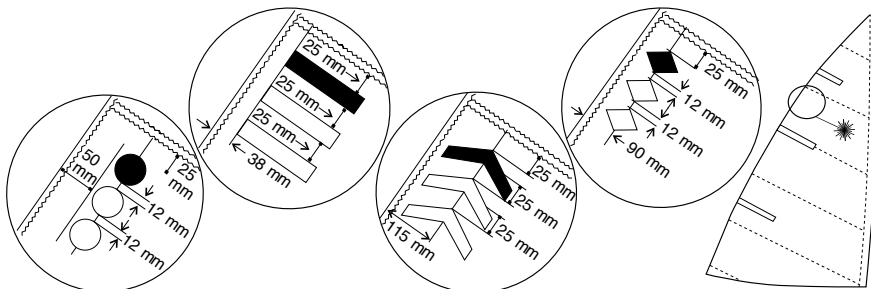
Cube inscribed with 1 Diamond

9. Any member who has earned a Laser cube in any event to which paragraph 3 applies shall be entitled, if available, to order such cube upon application to the Executive Secretary with particulars of the event, time and location; provided that such application shall be certified by the District Sailing Secretary or the Race Committee Chairman of such event. The insurance of the retroactive trophies shall be at the expense of the person applying therefore; the cost of the cube shall be determined from time to time by the World Council.
10. In the event of the disposition of a sail, the person holding a sail award shall cause the same to be removed from the sail prior to such disposition.
11. The cubes referred to in paragraphs 7 and 8 may be changed in style and design from time to time by the World Council.

Size and Shape of Award Symbols



Schedule A: Position of Award Symbols



ILCA By-Law 6: Status and Dissolution

1. The Association is a non-profit organisation. All profit and surpluses shall be used to maintain or improve the Association's facilities and the objects of the Constitution.
2. No profit or surplus shall be distributed other than to another non-profit making body promoting international sailing on winding up or dissolution of the Association.
3. Dissolution shall be approved by each of:
 - (a) The World Council
 - (b) The Advisory Council
 - (c) At least two thirds of the membership replying in writing to the International Office of the class in response to a postal ballot published by the International Office. Only those postal votes returned to the International Office within 6 months of the date of publication of the proposal to dissolve the Association shall be valid.

ILCA By-Law 7: Postal Ballots

1. For the purposes of Constitution article 17 (c) and By-Law 1 (Rules) paragraph 30 (c) Postal Ballots may be published by any of:
 - (a) a printed document
 - (b) e-mail

- (c) e-mail or a printed document and notice on the Association's web site
2. Responses to a Postal Ballot shall be by returning the Postal Ballot Voting Form by letter, fax, e-mail or completing a designated web based Postal Ballot Voting Form.
3. When so designated by the World Council a Postal Ballot on a subject that relates only to members owning a specific rig shall be voted upon only by members owning the specified rig.

ILCA By-Law 8: Regional Championships

Organisation and Conduct of Regional (Continental) Championships

1. At least 18 months in advance of a Regional (Continental) Championship and before the dates, venue and notice of race of such a championship are published the venue and dates shall be submitted to the World Council for approval. Before giving such approval the World Council shall consider the requirements of this By-Law and any other aspect affecting the quality and fairness of the competition.
2. The sailing instructions shall be submitted to ILCA for approval 4 months before the date of the first race and shall follow the ILCA standard championship instructions.
3. A Laser District or International Measurer approved for the event by the ILCA Chief Measurer shall inspect boats at the championship prior to the start of racing using a check list and procedure prepared by the ILCA Chief Measurer.

World Championship Archives

Before 1997, ILCA did not hold separate Laser Radial or Youth Worlds. Except in 1980, entry to the Senior Worlds (Standard Rig) was restricted. Regional Championship archives are on the website: www.laserinternational.org

OLYMPIC GAMES

2016 Rio, Brazil

Laser Standard	
Countries 46	
1st Tom Burton	AUS
2nd Tonci Stipanovic	CRO
3rd Sam Meech	NZL
4th Robert Scheidt	BRA
5th Jean Baptiste Bernaz	FRA
Laser Radial	
Countries 37	
1st Marit Bouwmeester	NED
2nd Annalisse Murphy	IRL
3rd Anne-Marie Rindom	DEN
4th Evi Van Acker	BEL
5th Tuula Tenkanen	FIN

2012 London, UK

Laser Standard	
Countries 49	
1st Tom Slingsby	AUS
2nd Pavlos Kontides	CYP
3rd Rasmus Mygren	SWE
4th Tonci Stipanovic	CRO
5th Andrew Murdoch	NZL
Laser Radial	
Countries 41	
1st Lijia Xu	CHN
2nd Marit Bouwmeester	NED
3rd Evi Van Acker	BEL
4th Annalisse Murphy	IRL
5th Alison Young	GBR

2008 Beijing, CHN

Laser Standard	
Countries 43	
1st Paul Goodison	GBR
2nd Vasilij Zbogor	SLO
3rd Diego Romero	ITA
4th Gustavo Lima	POR
5th Andrew Murdoch	NZL
Laser Radial	
Countries 28	
1st Anna Tunnicliffe	USA
2nd Gintare Volungeviciute	LTU
3rd Lijia Xu	CHN
4th Sarah Blanck	AUS
5th Sarah Steyaert	FRA

2004 Athens, GRE

Laser Standard	
Countries 42	
1st Robert Scheidt	BRA
2nd Andreas Geritzer	AUT
3rd Vasilij Zbogor	SLO
4th Paul Goodison	GBR
5th Gustavo Lima	POR

2000 Sydney, AUS

Laser Standard	
Countries 43	
1st Ben Ainslie	GBR
2nd Robert Scheidt	BRA
3rd Michael Blackburn	AUS
4th Serge Kats	NED
5th Andreas Geritzer	AUT

1996 Savannah, USA

Laser Standard	
Countries 56	
1st Robert Scheidt	BRA
2nd Ben Ainslie	GBR
3rd Peer Moberg	NOR
4th Michael Blackburn	AUS
5th Stefan Warkalla	GER

WORLD

CHAMPIONSHIPS

2016 Nuevo Vallarta, MEX

Open: Laser Standard	
Entries 113 Countries 44	
1st Nick Thompson	GBR
2nd Jean-Baptiste Bernaz	FRA
3rd Rutger Van Schaardenburg	NED
4th Matthew Wearn	AUS
5th Marco Gallo	ITA

2016 Nuevo Vallarta, MEX

Women: Laser Radial	
Entries 72 Countries 32	
1st Alison Young	GBR
2nd Paige Railey	USA
3rd Ann-Marie Rindom	DEN
4th Marit Bouwmeester	NED
5th Gintare Volungeviciute	-Scheidt LTU

2016 Dun Laoghaire, IRL

Men: Laser Radial	
Entries 42 Countries 18	
1st Marcin Rudawski	POL
2nd Nik Pletikos	SLO
3rd Martin Manzoli Lowy	BRA
4th Daragh O'Sullivan	IRL
5th Jack Marshall	USA

2016 Dun Laoghaire, IRL

Youth Men: Laser Radial	
Entries 231 Countries 42	
1st Henry Marshall	USA
2nd Ewan McMahon	IRL
3rd Bernie Chin	GBR
4th Daniel Whiteley	GBR
5th Fionn Alexander	AUS

Youth Women: Laser Radial

Entries 76 Countries 25	
1st Zoe Thomson	AUS
2nd Caroline Rosmo	NOR
3rd Louise Cervera	FRA
4th Sophia Reineke	USA
5th Carolina Albano	ITA

2016 Kiel, GER

U21: Laser Standard	
Entries 147 Countries 38	
1st Jonatan Vadnai	HUN
2nd Joel Rodriguez	ESP
3rd Nik Aaron Willim	GER
4th Santiago Sampaio	POR
5th Nicolo' Villa	ITA

U21: Laser Radial Women

Entries 59 Countries 39	
1st Monika Mikollá	FIN
2nd Vasiliea Karachaliou	GRE
3rd Maite Carlier	BEL
4th Valentina Balbi	ITA
5th Maud Jayet	SUI

U18 Men: Laser 4.7

Entries 262 Countries 38	
1st Dimitrios Papadimitriou	GRE
2nd Guido Gallinaro	ITA
3rd Pere Ponseti	ESP
4th Uffe Tomassgaard	NOR
5th Andrey De Oliveira Godoy	BRA

U18 Women: Laser 4.7

Entries 127 Countries 32	
1st Emma Savelon	NED
2nd Maria Kislukhina	RUS
3rd Elisa Navoni	ITA
4th Federica Cattarozzi	ITA
5th Juli Baruch	ISR

2015 Kingston, CAN

Open: Laser Standard	
Entries 158 Countries 62	
1st Nick Thompson	GBR
2nd Philipp Buhl	GER

3rd Tom Burton	AUS
4th Juan Ignacio Maegli	GUA
5th Matthew Wearn	AUS

2015 Al Mussannah City, OMA

Women: Laser Radial	
Entries 100 Countries 49	
1st Ann-Marie Rindom	DEN
2nd Marit Bouwmeester	NED
3rd Evi Van Acker	BEL
4th Tuula Tenkanen	FIN
5th Josefin Olsson	SWE

2015 Aarhus, DEN

Men: Laser Radial	
Entries 75 Countries 21	
1st Marcin Rudawski	POL
2nd Matthias Van De Look	BEL
3rd Zan Luka Zelko	SLO
4th Patrick Dopping	DEN
5th Mon Cañellas Salas	ESP

2015 Kingston, CAN

Youth Men: Laser Radial	
Entries 142 Countries 34	
1st Conor Nicholas	AUS
2nd Gianmarco Planchestainer	ITA
3rd Nic Baird	USA
4th Paolo Giorgia	ITA
5th Umberto Jose Varbaro	ITA

Youth Women: Laser Radial

Entries 53 Countries 20	
1st Maria Erdi	HUN
2nd Dolores Moreira	URU
3rd Magdalena Kwaska	POL
4th Francesca Bergamo	ITA
5th Carolina Albano	ITA

2015 Medemblik, NED

U21: Laser Standard	
Entries 155 Countries 42	
1st Joel Rodriguez	ESP
2nd Michael Beckett	GBR
3rd Benjamin Vadnai	HUN
4th Finn Lynch	IRL
5th Jonatan Vadnai	HUN

U21: Laser Radial Women

Entries 74 Countries 33	
1st Maxime Jonker	NED
2nd Line Flem Host	NOR
3rd Monika Mikollá	FIN
4th Dewi Couvert	NED
5th Martina Reino Cacho	ESP

U18 Men: Laser 4.7

Entries 257 Countries 36	
1st A. Bethencourt Fuentes	ESP
2nd Rafael De La Hoz Tuells	ESP
3rd Guido Gallinaro	ITA
4th Toygar Elmas	TUR
5th Alberto Tezza	ITA

U18 Women: Laser 4.7

Entries 127 Countries 29	
1st Katerina Gumenko	UKR
2nd Julia Büßelberg	GER
3rd Isaura Maenhaut	BEL
4th Lin Pletikos	SLO
5th Federica Cattarozzi	ITA

2014 Santander, ESP

Open: Laser Standard	
Entries 147 Countries 69	
1st Nicholas Heiner	NED
2nd Tom Burton	AUS
3rd Nick Thompson	GBR
4th Philipp Buhl	GER
5th Robert Scheidt	BRA

2014 Santander, ESP

Women: Laser Radial	
Entries 120 Countries 55	
1st Marit Bouwmeester	NED
2nd Josefin Olsson	SWE
3rd Evi Van Acker	BEL

4th Tuula Tenkanen	FIN
5th Veronika K. Fenclova	CZE

2014 Dziwnow, POL

Men: Laser Radial	
Entries 76 Countries 22	
1st Stelmazyk Jonasz	POL
2nd Marcin Rudawski	POL
3rd William De smet	BEL
4th Tristan Brown	AUS
5th Martis Pjarskas	LTU

Youth Men: Laser Radial

Entries 159 Countries 31	
1st Joel Rodriguez	ESP
2nd Nik Willim	GER
3rd Benjamin Wempe	NED
4th Nicol Villa	ITA
5th Jonatan Vadnai	HUN

Youth Women: Laser Radial

Entries 81 Countries 27	
1st Monika Mikollá	FIN
2nd Maria Erdi	HUN
3rd Maite Carlier	BEL
4th Magdalena Kwaska	POL
5th Maud Jayet	SUI

2014 Douarnenez, FRA

U21: Laser Standard	
Entries 105 Countries 33	
1st Lorenzo Chiavari	GBR
2nd Hermann Tomassgaard	NOR
3rd Stefano Peschiera	PER
4th Finn Lynch	IRL
5th Joao Souto de Oliveira	BRA

U21: Laser Radial Women

Entries 57 Countries 23	
1st Agata Barwinska	POL
2nd Daphne Van der Vaart	NED
3rd Martina Reino Cacho	ESP
4th Martha Faraguna	ITA
5th Joyce Florida	ITA

2014 Karatsu, JPN

U18 Men: Laser 4.7	
Entries 66 Countries 21	
1st Alexandre Boite	FRA
2nd Ismael Iess	ESP
3rd Paolo Mavricic	CRO
4th Frederico Fomasari	ITA
5th Kaito Iwaki	JPN

U18 Women: Laser 4.7

Entries 37 Countries 15	
1st Asya Luvisetto	SUI
2nd Irene Miras Leung	ESP
3rd Francesca Bergamo	ITA
4th Ilaria Rochelli	ITA
5th Maria Kislukhina	RUS

2013 Al Musannah, OMA

Open: Laser Standard	
Entries 112 Countries 38	
1st Robert Scheidt	BRA
2nd Pavlos Kontides	CYP
3rd Philipp Buhl	GER
4th Rutger Schaardenburg	NED
5th Jesper Stalheim	SWE

2013 Rizhao City, CHN

Women: Laser Radial	
Entries 76 Countries 31	
1st Tina Mihelic	CRO
2nd Tuula Tenkanen	FIN
3rd Paige Railey	USA
4th Dongshuang Zhang	CHN
5th Sarah Gunni	DEN

2013 Dun Laoghaire, IRL

Men: Laser Radial	
Entries 95 Countries 25	
1st Tristan Brown	AUS
2nd Marcin Rudawski	POL
3rd Finn Lynch	IRL
4th Juan Cabrera Gonzales	ESP
5th Sebastian Schneider	ESP

2013 Al Musannah, OMA

Youth Men: Laser Radial

Entries 51	Countries 22
1st Benjamin Vadnai	HUN
2nd Gianmarco Planchestainer	ITA
3rd Sebastian Schneider	SUI
4th Ryan Lo	SIN
5th Jonathan Vadnai	HUN

Youth Women: Laser Radial

Entries 28	Countries 17
1st Monika Mikkola	FIN
2nd Celine Therese Herud	NOR
3rd Line Flem Host	NOR
4th Jillian Lee	SIN
5th Agata Barwinska	POL

2013 Balatonfured, HUN

U21: Laser Standard

Entries 138	Countries 34
1st Mitchell Kennedy	AUS
2nd Hermann Tommasgaard	NOR
3rd Francesco Marrai	ITA
4th Lorenzo Chiavarini	GBR
5th Giovanni Cocoluto	ITA

U21: Laser Radial Women

Entries 96	Countries 32
1st Svenja Weger	GER
2nd Niki Blassar	FIN
3rd Claretta Tempesti	ITA
4th Namami Doi	JPN
5th Kim Pletikos	SLO

U18 Men: Laser 4.7

Entries 239	Countries 46
1st Anil Cetin	TUR
2nd Jonathan Vadnai	HUN
3rd Connor Nicholas	AUS
4th Gianmarco Planchestainer	ITA
5th Sergio Silva	PER

U18 Women: Laser 4.7

Entries 130	Countries 33
1st Silvia Morales Gonzalez	ESP
2nd Magdalena Kwasna	POL
3rd Sofia Capparucini	ITA
4th Alba Elejabaitia	ESP
5th Jose Maria Marichal	ESP

2012 Boltenhagen, GER

Open: Laser Standard

Entries 169	Countries 62
1st Tom Slingsby	AUS
2nd Tonci Stipanovic	CRO
3rd Andrew Maloney	NZL
4th Juan Maegi	GUA
5th Tom Burton	AUS

2012 Boltenhagen, GER

Women: Laser Radial

Entries 136	Countries 53
1st Gintare Scheidt	LTU
2nd Lijia Xu	CHN
3rd Sari Multala	FIN
4th Allison Young	GBR
5th Marit Bouwmeester	NED

2012 Buenos Aires, ARG

U21: Laser Standard

Entries 29	Countries 19
1st Giovanni Cocoluto	ITA
2nd Stig Steinfurth	DEN
3rd Aleksander Arian	POL
4th Juan Ignacio Biava	ARG
5th Ignasi Lopez Carcaré	ESP

2012 Brisbane, AUS

Men: Laser Radial

Entries 54	Countries 9
1st Tristan Brown	AUS
2nd Matthew Wearn	AUS
3rd Jeremy O'Connell	AUS
4th Mahia Pepper	NZL
5th Daniel Smith	AUS

Youth Men: Laser Radial

Entries 71	Countries 11
1st Hermann Tommasgaard	NOR
2nd Andrew McKenzie	NZL
3rd Mitchell Kiss	USA
4th Maxim Nikolayev	RUS
5th Juan Carlos Perdomo	PUR

Youth Women: Laser Radial

Entries 35	Countries 19
1st Maxime Jonker	NED
2nd Madison Kennedy	AUS

3rd Georgina Povall	GBR
4th Milly Bennett	AUS
5th Anna Philip	AUS

2012 Buenos Aires, ARG

U18 Men: Laser 4.7

Entries 71	Countries 25
1st Benjamin Vadnai	HUN
2nd Nahuel Rodriguez Pérez	ESP
3rd Maximilian Kuester	ITA
4th Jacopo Fanti	ITA
5th Raul Sanchez Lago	ESP

U16 Men: Laser 4.7

Entries 20	Countries 12
1st Joel Rodríguez Pérez	ESP
2nd Malone Chao Jie Pun	SIN
3rd Luka Tosic	SRB
4th Liam McCarthy	USA
5th Francisco Guaragna	ARG

U18 Women: Laser 4.7

Entries 46	Countries 17
1st Celine Therese Herud	NOR
2nd Yolanda Lluque Gonzalez	ESP
3rd Anja Hamerlitz	CRO
4th Julia Silva	BRA
5th Martina Reino Cacho	ESP

U16 Women: Laser 4.7

Entries 12	Countries 7
1st Maria K. Bosbad	BRA
2nd Natalia A. S. Barriga	ESP
3rd Jacinta Ainsworth	AUS
4th Daniela Cardozo	ARG
5th Kana Hayashi	JPN

2011 Perth, AUS

Open: Laser Standard

Entries 145	Countries 66
1st Tom Slingsby	AUS
2nd Simon Groteluschen	GER
3rd Nick Thompson	GBR
4th Andreas Getzter	AUT
5th Paul Goodison	GBR

Women: Laser Radial

Entries 102	Countries 51
1st Marit Bouwmeester	NED
2nd Evi Van Acker	BEL
3rd Paige Raley	USA
4th Veronika Fenclova	CZE
5th Gintare Volungeviciute	LTU

2011 La Rochelle, FRA

U21: Laser Standard

Entries 151	Countries 40
1st Sam Meech	NZL
2nd Alex Mills-Barton	GBR
3rd Martin Evans	GBR
4th Ki-Raphael Sukulowski	AUS
5th Francesco Marrai	ITA

2011 La Rochelle, FRA

Men: Laser Radial

Entries 135	Countries 35
1st Marcin Rudawski	POL
2nd James Burman	AUS
3rd Yuri Hummel	NED
4th Tristan Brown	AUS
5th Juan Carlos Perdomo	PUR

Youth Men: Laser Radial

Entries 277	Countries 42
1st Giovanni Cocoluto	ITA
2nd Elliot Hanson	GBR
3rd Eliot Merceron	FRA
4th Mitchell Kiss	USA
5th Tommaso Centonze	ITA

Youth Women: Laser Radial

Entries 101	Countries 27
1st Erika Reineke	USA
2nd Oren Jacob	ISR
3rd Sandy Fauthoux	FRA
4th Paulina Czubachowska	POL
5th Manami Doi	JPN

2011 San Francisco, USA

U18 Men: Laser 4.7

Entries 112	Countries 28
1st Francisco Gonzalez S.	ESP
2nd Carlos Rosello	ESP
3rd William de Smet	BEL
4th Keiju Okada	JPN
5th Mehmet Turkmen	TUR

U16 Men: Laser 4.7

Entries 39	Countries 22
1st Nils Theuninck	SUI

2nd Anthony Parke	GBR
3rd Martin Lowy	BRA
4th Nicholas Connor	AUS
5th Trent Rippey	NZL

U18 Women: Laser 4.7

Entries 53	Countries 19
1st Cecilia Zorzi	ITA
2nd Kim Pletikos	SLO
3rd Line Flem Host	NOR
4th Celine Therese Herud	NOR
5th Maud Jayet	SUI

U16 Women: Laser 4.7

Entries 12	Countries 8
1st Maud Jayet	SUI
2nd Athanasia Fakidi	GRE
3rd Vasileia Karachaliou	GRE
4th Savannah Siew K. Hui	SIN
5th Marine V.Campenhoudt	SUI

2010 Hayling Island, GBR

Open: Laser Standard

Entries 160	Countries 53
1st Tom Slingsby	AUS
2nd Nick Thompson	GBR
3rd Andrew Murdoch	NZL
4th Julio Alsogaray	ARG
5th Pavlos Contides	CYP

U21: Laser Standard

Entries 137	Countries 37
1st Thorbjørn Schierup	DEN
2nd Francesco Marrai	ITA
3rd Alex Mills-Barton	GBR
4th Kacper Zieminski	POL
5th Filip Jurisic	CRO

2010 Largs, GBR

Women: Laser Radial

Entries 117	Countries 41
1st Sari Multala	FIN
2nd Marit Bouwmeester	NED
3rd Paige Raley	USA
4th Sarah Steyaert	FRA
5th Tatiana Drozdovskaya	BLR

Men: Laser Radial

Entries 103	Countries 31
1st Marcin Rudawski	POL
2nd Wojciech Zemke	POL
3rd Mitchell Kiss	USA
4th Koppelaar	NED
5th Insub Kim	KOR

Youth Men: Laser Radial

Entries 228	Countries 41
1st Giovanni Cocoluto	ITA
2nd Tadeusz Kubiak	POL
3rd Luca Antognoli	BRA
4th Stefano Mazzaferro	BRA
5th Mitchell Kiss	USA

Youth Women: Laser Radial

Entries 91	Countries 26
1st Erika Reineke	USA
2nd Manami Doi	JPN
3rd Michelle Broekhuizen	NED
4th Chiara Steinmueller	GER
5th Arjonilla Julia Vallo	ESP

2010 Pattaya, THA

U18 Men: Laser 4.7

Entries 45	Countries 22
1st Etienne Le Pen	FRA
2nd Supakorn Pongwichan	THA
3rd Jolbert Van Dijk	NED
4th Luca Malusa	ITA
5th Juan Carlos Perdomo	PUR

U18 Women: Laser 4.7

Entries 40	Countries 20
1st Caitlin Elks	AUS
2nd Nur Amirah Hamid	MAS
3rd Oren Jacob	ISR
4th Ashlie Lane	AUS
5th Ella Evans	AUS

U16 Mixed: Laser 4.7

Entries 31	Countries 14
1st Ryan Amlehn	NZL
2nd Mark Spearman	AUS
3rd Filipos Florentin	GRE
4th Panagiotis Stathis	GRE
5th Benjamin Whiteside	NZL

2009 Halifax, CAN

Open: Laser Standard

Entries 168	Countries 51
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1st Paul Goodison	GBR
2nd Michael Bullot	NZL
3rd Nick Thompson	GBR
4th Julio Alsogaray	ARG
5th Tonci Stipanovic	CRO

2009 Karatsu, JPN

Women: Laser Radial

Entries 88	Countries 30
1st Sari Multala	FIN
2nd Sophie de Turckheim	FRA
3rd Anna Tunnicliffe	USA
4th Marit Bouwmeester	NED
5th Lijia Xu	CHN

Men: Laser Radial

Entries 61	Countries 16
1st Marcin Rudawski	POL
2nd Ben Koppelaar	NED
3rd Insub Kim	KOR
4th Hisaki Nagai	JPN
5th Mohd Romsli Muhamad	MAS

Youth Men: Laser Radial

Entries 100	Countries 25
1st Keerat Bualong	THA
2nd Aleksander Arian	POL
3rd Filip Kobelski	POL
4th Toma Visic	CRO
5th Chris Barnard	USA

Youth Women: Laser Radial

Entries 39	Countries 16
1st Mathilde de Kerangat	FRA
2nd Ashley Stoddart	AUS
3rd Michelle Broekhuizen	NED
4th Anna Agrafioti	GRE
5th Joanna Maksmiuk	POL

2009 Buzios, BRA

Youth Men: Laser 4.7

Entries 109	Countries 24
1st Jonathan Martinetti	ECU
2nd Hermann Tommasgaard	NOR
3rd Jural Divjakinja	CRO
4th Guillermo Arce	PER
5th Tono Alcazar	ESP

Youth Women: Laser 4.7

Entries 39	Countries 23
1st Urska Kosir	SLO
2nd Tomoyo Wakabayashi	JPN
3rd Hitomi Murayama	JPN
4th Kim Pletikos	SLO
5th Patricia Coro Leveque	ESP

2008 Terrigal, AUS

Open: Laser Standard

Entries 157	Countries 58
1st Tom Slingsby	AUS
2nd Julio Alsogaray	ARG
3rd Javier Hernandez	ESP
4th Vasilij Zbogor	SLO
5th Michael Bullot	NZL

2008 Auckland, NZL

Women: Laser Radial

Entries 116	Countries 41
1st Sarah Steyaert	FRA
2nd Lijia Xu	CHN
3rd Andrea Brewster	GBR
4th Gintare Volungeviciute	LTU
5th Sarah Blanck	AUS

Men: Laser Radial

Entries 71	Countries 17
1st Michael Leigh	CAN
2nd Brad Funk	USA
3rd Simon Morgan	AUS
4th James Sandall	NZL
5th James Burman	AUS

Youth Men: Laser Radial

Entries 85	Countries 20
1st Andrew Maloney	GBR
2nd Martin Evans	NZL
3rd Maarten Max Moerman	NED
4th Tom Burton	AUS
5th Sam Meech	NZL

Youth Women: Laser Radial

Entries 38	Countries 14
1st Gabrielle King	AUS
2nd Cushman Hume-Merry	NZL
3rd Sarah Gunni	DEN
4th Mathilde de Kerangat	FRA
5th Annaliese Murphy	IRL

2008 Trogir, CRO

Youth Men: Laser 4.7

Entries 279	Countries 43
1st Shahar Jacob	ISR
2nd Scott Sydney	SIN
3rd Lovre Perhat	CRO
4th Toma Visic	CRO
5th Alexandros Chocholis	GRE
Youth Women: Laser 4.7	
Entries 116	Countries 32
1st Elizabeth Yin	SIN
2nd Matea Senkic	CRO
3rd Antea Kordic	CRO
4th Coro Leveque Patricia	ESP
5th Charlotte Asselt	NED

2007 Cascais, POR

Open: Laser Standard

Entries 149	Countries 60
1st Tom Slingsby	AUS
2nd Andrew Murdoch	NZL
3rd Dennis Karpak	EST
4th Mate Arapov	CRO
5th Paul Goodison	GBR

Women: Laser Radial

Entries 107	Countries 48
1st Tatiana Drozdovskaya	BLR
2nd Sari Mutala	FIN
3rd Petra Niemann	GER
4th Katarzyna Szotynski	POL
5th Anna Tunnicliffe	USA

2007 The Hague, NED

Men: Laser Radial

Entries 121	Countries 26
1st Ben Paton	GBR
2nd Eduardo Vianen	NED
3rd Steven Kroll	NED
4th Jon Emmett	GBR
5th James Burman	AUS

Youth Men: Laser Radial

Entries 204	Countries 29
1st Thorbjørn Schierup	DEN
2nd Ioannis Mitakis	GRE
3rd Gijis Pelt	NED
4th Joaquin Blanco	ESP
5th Barbaros Tuna	TUR

Youth Women: Laser Radial

Entries 68	Countries 26
1st Tuula Tenkanen	FIN
2nd Susana Romero	ESP
3rd Sarah Gunn	DEN
4th Anne Haeger	USA
5th Mathilde de Kerangat	FRA

2007 Hermanus, RSA

Youth Men: Laser 4.7

Entries 95	Countries 27
1st Filip Matika	CRO
2nd Baepi Pinna	BRA
3rd Alexander Zimmermann	PER
4th Boris Bignoli	ITA
5th Jakob Bozic	SLO

Youth Women: Laser 4.7

Entries 25	Countries 14
1st Tajana Ganic	CRO
2nd Ewa Makowska	POL
3rd Lina Stock	CRO
4th Tiffany Brien	IRL
5th Matea Senkic	CRO

2006 Jeju Island, KOR

Open: Laser Standard

Entries 128	Countries 43
1st Michael Blackburn	AUS
2nd Tom Slingsby	AUS
3rd Rasmus Myrgen	SWE
4th Michael Leigh	CAN
5th Gustavo Lima	POR

2006 Los Angeles, USA

Men: Laser Radial

Entries 71	Countries 22
1st Fabio Pillar	BRA
2nd Steven Le Fevre	NED
3rd Steven Kroll	NED
4th Jon Emmett	GBR
5th Ryan Seaton	IRL

Women: Laser Radial

Entries 89	Countries 31
1st Lijia Xu	CHN
2nd Petra Niemann	GER
3rd Tania Elias Calles Wolf	MEX
4th Anna Tunnicliffe	USA

5th Evi Van Ecker	BEL
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Youth Men: Laser Radial

Entries 140	Countries 21
1st Kyle Rogachenko	USA
2nd Guilherme Barbosa Lima	BRA
3rd Mathew Archibald	CAN
4th Joaquin Blanco	ESP
5th James Sandall	NZL

Youth Women: Laser Radial

Entries 39	Countries 12
1st Claire Dennis	USA
2nd Susana Romero	ESP
3rd Allie Blecher	USA
4th Laura Maes	BEL
5th Stephanie Roble	USA

2006 Hourtin, FRA

Youth Men: Laser 4.7

Entries 237	Countries 27
1st Colin Xinn Cheng	SIN
2nd Victor Serezkhin	RUS
3rd Marko Peresa	CRO
4th Fran Perucic	CRO
5th Giuseppe Linares	ITA

Youth Women: Laser 4.7

Entries 88	Countries 19
1st Victoria Chan	SIN
2nd Agnieszka Skrzypulec	FRA
3rd Julie Chehal	FRA
4th Susana Romero	ESP
5th Tuula Tenkanen	FIN

2005 Fortaleza, BRA

Open: Laser Standard

Entries 136	Countries 36
1st Robert Scheidt	BRA
2nd Diego Emilio Romero	ARG
3rd Andrew Murdoch	NZL
4th Vasilij Zbogor	SLO
5th Mate Arapov	CRO

Men: Laser Radial

Entries 90	Countries 24
1st Eduardo Magalhães	BRA
2nd Brad Funk	USA
3rd Blair McIay	NZL
4th Martin Jenkins	ARG
5th Andreas Perdicaris	BRA

Women: Laser Radial

Entries 76	Countries 31
1st Paige Railey	USA
2nd Sophie de Turkheim	FRA
3rd Anna Tunnicliffe	USA
4th Petra Niemann	GER
5th Krystal Weir	AUS

Youth Men: Laser Radial

Entries 77	Countries 23
1st Blair McIay	NZL
2nd Frederico Melo	POR
3rd Ivan Taritas	CRO
4th Antonios Tzortzis	GRE
5th James Burman	AUS

Youth Women: Laser Radial

Entries 26	Countries 13
1st Veronika Haid	AUT
2nd Bruna Cordeiro	BRA
3rd Viviane de Oliveira	BRA
4th Luiza de Saboia	BRA
5th Cecilia de Andrade	BRA

2005 Barrington, USA

Entries 92 Countries 16

Youth Men: Laser 4.7

1st Joaquin Blanco	ESP
2nd Adam Sims	GBR
3rd Dany Stanisic	SLO
4th Mustafa Kahir	TUR
5th Marco Teixidor	PUR

Youth Women: Laser 4.7

1st Stephanie Roble	USA
2nd Anne Haeger	USA
3rd Cecilia Aragao	BRA
4th Mathilde Fabrigi	ITA
5th Nilus Orgen	TUR

2004 Bitez, TUR

Open: Laser Standard

Entries 145	Countries 60
1st Robert Scheidt	BRA
2nd Mark Mendelblatt	USA
3rd Michael Blackburn	AUS
4th Hamish Pepper	NZL

5th Karl Suneson	SWE
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2004 Brisbane, AUS

Men: Laser Radial

Entries 133	Countries 11
1st Michael Blackburn	AUS
2nd Aron Lolic	CRO
3rd Tom Slingsby	AUS
4th Blair McIay	NZL
5th Marc Orans	NZL

Women: Laser Radial

Entries 37	Countries 12
1st Krystal Weir	AUS
2nd Christine Bridge	AUS
3rd Cecilia Carranza Saroli	ARG
4th Nufar Edelman	ISR
5th Gea Jutiens	NED

Youth: Laser Radial

Entries 108	Countries 18
1st Jean Baptiste Bernaz	FRA
2nd Nathan Outeridge	AUS
3rd Daniel Mihelc	CRO
4th Daniel Jakobsen	BRA
5th Javier Padron	ESP

2004 Riva del Garda, ITA

Entries 276 Countries 23

Youth Men: Laser 4.7

1st Justin Onlviee	RSA
2nd Mathieu Frei	FRA
3rd Ivo Kalebic	CRO
4th Alexander Dolan	IRL
5th Pierre Angelo Collura	FIN

Youth Women: Laser 4.7

1st Anita Di lasio	ITA
2nd Tina Mihelic	CRO
3rd Cansin Karga	TUR
4th Vanessa le Bouteiller	FRA
5th Clare Chapple	GBR

2003 Cadiz, ESP

Open: Laser Standard

Entries 174	Countries 61
1st Gustavo Lima	POR
2nd Robert Scheidt	BRA
3rd Michael Blackburn	AUS
4th Luis Martinez	ESP
5th Daniel Birgmark	SWE

2003 Riva del Garda, ITA

Men: Laser Radial

Entries 231	Countries 31
1st Aron Lolic	CRO
2nd Jake Bartrom	NZL
3rd Karlo Krpeljevic	CRO
4th Max Bulley	FRA
5th Marc Jux	CHI

Women: Laser Radial

Entries 50	Countries 16
1st Katarzyna Szotynski	POL
2nd Krystal Weir	AUS
3rd Jeanette Dagson	SWE
4th Corinne Meyer	SUI
5th Gea Jutiens	NED

Youth: Laser Radial

Entries 280	Countries 27
1st Tonci Stanovic	CRO
2nd Tonko Kuzmanic	CRO
3rd Jonas Stelmazyk	POL
4th Campbell Davidson	GBR
5th Javier Padron	ESP

2003 Cesme, TUR

Entries 98 Countries 18

Youth Men: Laser 4.7

1st Onur Derbasli	TUR
2nd Kasim Cinar	TUR
3rd Mustafa Kahir	TUR
4th Philip White	GBR
5th Miosz Landowski	POL

Youth Women: Laser 4.7

1st Ayda Unver	TUR
2nd Anita Di lasio	ITA
3rd Didem Sarman	TUR
4th Cansin Karga	TUR
5th Istem Oguzbayir	TUR

2002 Hyannis, USA

Open: Laser Standard

Entries 131	Countries 44
1st Robert Scheidt	BRA
2nd Karl Suneson	SWE
3rd Paul Goodison	GBR

4th Diego Negri	ITA
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5th Brendan Casey	AUS
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2002 Ontario, CAN

Men: Laser Radial

Entries 101	Countries 19
1st Karlo Krpeljevic	CRO
2nd Chris Ashley	USA
3rd Tiago Rodrigues	BRA
4th David Wright	CAN
5th Jake Bartrom	NZL

Women: Laser Radial

Entries 38	Countries 10
1st Katarzyna Szotynski	POL
2nd Miranda Powrie	NZL
3rd Clara Peelo	IRL
4th Nicky Souter	AUS
5th Alison Casey-Hall	AUS

Youth: Laser Radial

Entries 174	Countries 20
1st Tonko Kuzmanic	CRO
2nd Conner Higgins	CAN
3rd Giles Scott	GBR
4th Nick Thompson	GBR
5th Max Bulley	FRA

2002 Mulderstrand, NED

Entries 124 Countries 16

Youth Men: Laser 4.7

1st Tonci Stanovic	CRO
2nd Daniel Mihelc	CRO
3rd Collin Robard	NED
4th Stefano Meciani	ITA
5th Dennis Karpak	EST

Youth Women: Laser 4.7

1st Tugce Subasi	TUR
2nd Celine Olivon	FRA
3rd Mandy Mulder	NED
4th Samantha Chidgey	AUS
5th Lidia Noto	ITA

2001 Cork, IRL

Open: Laser Standard

Entries 159	Countries 48
1st Robert Scheidt	BRA
2nd Gustavo Lima	POR
3rd Peer Moberg	NOR
4th Paul Goodison	GBR
5th Sarah Blankenberg	RSA

2001 Vilanova, ESP

Men: Laser Radial

Entries 230	Countries 35
1st Michael Bullot	NZL
2nd Andre Streppel	BRA
3rd Aron Lolic	CRO
4th Alp Alpagut	TUR
5th Karlo Krpeljevic	CRO

Women: Laser Radial

Entries 56	Countries 23
1st Katarzyna Szotynski	POL
2nd Larissa Nevierov	ITA
3rd Sara Lane Wright	BER
4th Tatiana Drozdovskaya	BLR
5th Jayne Singleton	GBR

Youth: Laser Radial

Entries 260	Countries 33
1st Michael Bullot	NZL
2nd Iason Georgaris	GRE
3rd Alexandre Monteau	FRA
4th Mathieu Murati	FRA
5th Guray Zimbal	TUR

2000 Cancun, MEX

Open: Laser Standard

Entries 141	Countries 50
1st Robert Scheidt	BRA
2nd Michael Blackburn	AUS
3rd Ben Ainslie	GBR
4th Karl Suneson	SWE
5th Serge Kats	NED

2000 Cesme, TUR

Men: Laser Radial

Entries 124	Countries 25
1st Fredrik Lassenius	SWE
2nd Alexandros Logothetis	GRE
3rd Vangelis Chimonas	GRE
4th Petar Cupac	CRO
5th Kemal Muslubas	TUR

Women: Laser Radial

Entries 33	Countries 16
1st Katarzyna Szotynski	POL

2nd Nicola Muller GBR
3rd Jayne Singleton GBR
4th Jeanette Dagson SWE
5th Denis Karacaglu TUR
Youth: Laser Radial
Entries 137 Countries 31
1st Guray Zumbul TUR
2nd Anders Nyholm DEN
3rd Arne Nieuwenhuys NED
4th Antonis Manolakis GRE
5th Andrew Walsh GBR

1999 Melbourne, AUS
Open: Laser Standard
Entries 141 Countries 46
1st Ben Ainslie GBR
2nd Robert Scheidt BRA
3rd Karl Suneson SWE
4th Michael Blackburn AUS
5th Andrew Simpson GBR

1999 La Rochelle, FRA
Men: Laser Radial
Entries 167 Countries 27
1st Adonis Bougiouris GRE
2nd Gustavo Lima POR
3rd Teddy Quesroy FRA
4th Luka Radelic CRO
5th Vagelis Chimonas GRE

Women: Laser Radial
Entries 42 Countries 20
1st Kelly Hand CAN
2nd Jeanette Dagson SWE
3rd Helene Viazzo FRA
4th Clementine Destailleur FRA
5th Alison Casey AUS

Youth: Laser Radial
Entries 304 Countries 35
1st Francisco Sanchez F ESP
2nd Luka Radelic CRO
3rd Jorge Lima POR
4th Andrew Walsh GBR
5th Anders Nyholm DEN

1998 Medemblik, NED
Men: Laser Radial
Entries 209 Countries 25
1st Gustavo Lima POR
2nd Adonis Bougiouris GRE
3rd Alexandros Logothetis GRE
4th Raimondos Siugzdisinis LTU
5th Luca Radelic CRO

Women: Laser Radial
Entries 87 Countries 19
1st Larissa Nevierov ITA
2nd Carolijn Brouwer NED
3rd Jeanette Dagson SWE
4th Marcelien de Koning NED
5th Jo Dikkenberg AUS

Youth: Laser Radial
Entries 228 Countries 33
1st Alastair Gair NZL
2nd Evangelos Himonas GRE
3rd Goncalo Lopes POR
4th Leigh McMillan GBR
5th David Hiver GBR

1997 Algarrobo, CHI
Open: Laser Standard
Entries 128 Countries 34
1st Robert Scheidt BRA
2nd Nik Burfoot NZL
3rd Ben Ainslie GBR
4th Hamish Pepper NZL
5th Hugh Styles GBR

1997 Mohamedia, MAR
Men: Laser Radial
Entries 122 Countries 25
1st Raimondos Siugzdisinis LTU
2nd Romain Knipping FRA
3rd Selim Kakis TUR
4th Benoit Raphaelen FRA
5th Goncalo Lopes POR

Women: Laser Radial
Entries 40 Countries 17
1st Sarah Black AUS
2nd Helen Waite GBR
3rd Anja Sahlborg SWE
4th Anje de Boer NED
5th Larissa Nevierov ITA

Youth: Laser Radial
Entries 122 Countries 31
1st Teddy Quesroy FRA
2nd Romain Knipping FRA
3rd Alastair Gair NZL
4th Justin Deal GBR
5th Joao Santos Silva POR

1996 Cape Town, RSA
Open: Laser Standard
Entries 134 Countries 38
1st Robert Scheidt BRA
2nd Karl Suneson SWE
3rd Ben Ainslie GBR
4th Stefan Warkalla GER
5th Iain Percy GBR

Men: Laser Radial
Entries 96 Countries 20
1st Brendan Casey AUS
2nd Andrew Kiriljuk RUS
3rd Allan Coutts NZL
4th Tim Shuwalow AUS
5th Dimitris Theodorakis GRE

Women: Laser Radial
Entries 29 Countries 11
1st Jacqueline Ellis AUS
2nd Larissa Nevierov ITA
3rd Kathryn McQueen AUS
4th Sarah Black AUS
5th Alison Casey AUS

1995 Tenerife, ESP
Open: Laser Standard
Entries 137 Countries 39
1st Robert Scheidt BRA
2nd Nik Burfoot NZL
3rd Eivind Melbye NOR
4th Hamish Pepper NZL
5th Michael Blackburn AUS

Men: Laser Radial
Entries 66 Countries 18
1st Brendan Casey AUS
2nd Tim Shuwalow AUS
3rd Gustavo Lima POR
4th Sean Kirjijan AUS
5th David Huet FRA

Women: Laser Radial
Entries 18 Countries 8
1st Heidi Gordon AUS
2nd Larissa Nevierov ITA
3rd Roberta Hartley GBR
4th Alison Casey AUS
5th Roelien Huismans NED

1994 Wakayama, JPN
Open: Laser Standard
Entries 120 Countries 36
1st Nikolas Burfoot NZL
2nd Pascal Lacoste FRA
3rd Serge Kats NED
4th Hamish Pepper NZL
5th Peer Moberg NOR

Men: Laser Radial
Entries 82 Countries 14
1st Rui Pedro Coelho POR
2nd Rodion Luka UKR
3rd Nathan Handley NZL
4th Yanghe Zhu CHN
5th Todd Holzapfel AUS

Women: Laser Radial
Entries 33 Countries 8
1st Melanie Dennison AUS
2nd Jacqueline Ellis AUS
3rd Tracey Tan SIN
4th Ma. Bettina Marcone ARG
5th Elizabeth Roberts AUS

1993 Takapuna, NZL
Open: Laser Standard
Entries 99 Countries 29
1st Thomas Johanson FIN
2nd Peter Tanscheit BRA
3rd Robert Scheidt BRA
4th Nikolas Burfoot NZL
5th Michael Hestbaek DEN

Men: Laser Radial
Entries 102 Countries 15
1st Ben Ainslie GBR
2nd Daniel Slater NZL
3rd Allan Coutts NZL

4th Michael Blackburn AUS
5th Peter Waring NZL
Women: Laser Radial
Entries 32 Countries 12
1st Carolijn Brouwer NED
2nd Giselle Camet USA
3rd Alexandra Verbeek NED
4th Maria Vlachou GRE
5th Jacqueline Ellis AUS

1991 Porto Carras, GRE
Open: Laser Standard
Entries 105 Countries 31
1st Peter Tanscheit BRA
2nd Stefan Warkalla GER
3rd Mladen Makjanic CRO
4th Michael Hestbaek DEN
5th Dimitri Theodorakis GRE

Men: Laser Radial
Entries 73 Countries 15
1st Stewart Casey AUS
2nd Maria Vlachou GRE
3rd John Karageorgis GRE
4th Alessandro Sartorelli ITA
5th Elias Katchorhis GRE

Women: Laser Radial
Entries 33 Countries 10
1st Maria Vlachou GRE
2nd Carolijn Brouwer NED
3rd Ourania Flabouri GRE
4th Roberta Zuchinetti ITA
5th Marina Psichogiou GRE

1990 Newport, USA
Open: Laser Standard
Entries 103 Countries 26
1st Glenn Bourke AUS
2nd Steven Bourdow USA
3rd Peter Tanscheit BRA
4th Mark Brink USA
5th Steve Rich GBR

Men: Laser Radial
Entries 58 Countries 11
1st Peter Katcha USA
2nd John Bonds USA
3rd Scott Cheney USA
4th Ardis Bollweg NED
5th Ulrika Antonsson SWE

Women: Laser Radial
Entries 30 Countries 11
1st Ardis Bollweg NED
2nd Ulrika Antonsson SWE
3rd Jacqueline Ellis AUS
4th Shona Moss CAN
5th Lotta Nilsson SWE

1989 Aarhus, DEN
Open: Laser Standard
Entries 104 Countries 28
1st Glenn Bourke AUS
2nd Wouter Deutz NED
3rd Scott Ellis AUS
4th Francois Le Castrec FRA
5th Peter Tanscheit BRA

Men: Laser Radial
Entries 58 Countries 17
1st James Johnstone USA
2nd Dimitris Theodorakis GRE
3rd Jeff Loosemore AUS
4th Peter Katcha USA
5th Yuguan Xu CHN

Women: Laser Radial
Entries 33 Countries 15
1st Ardis Bollweg NED
2nd Giselle Camet USA
3rd Ulrika Antonsson SWE
4th Grethe Halvorsen NOR
5th Marie Dahloff SWE

1988 Falmouth, GBR
Open: Laser Standard
Entries 88 Countries 24
1st Glenn Bourke AUS
2nd Benny Anderson DEN
3rd Peter Fox NZL
4th Mark Brink USA
5th Stefan Warkalla GER

Women: Laser Radial
Entries 31 Countries 14

1st Jacqueline Ellis AUS
2nd Ardis Bollweg NED
3rd Ann Keates GBR
4th Ulrika Antonsson SWE
5th Johanna Harkonmaki FIN
Youth: Laser Standard
Entries 62 Countries 20
1st Ville Aalto Setala FIN
2nd Joakim Berg SWE
3rd Jeroen Harderwijk NED
4th Jon Lasenby GBR
5th Nikos Nikoltoudis GRE

1987 Melbourne, AUS
Open: Laser Standard
Entries 130 Countries 20
1st Stuart Wallace AUS
2nd Gunni Pedersen DEN
3rd Peter Tanscheit BRA
4th Nelson Alecastro BRA
5th Simon Cole GBR

1985 Halmstad, SWE
Open: Laser Standard
Entries 108 Countries 28
1st Lawrence Crispin GBR
2nd Andreas John GER
3rd Benny Andersen DEN
4th Gustaf Svensson SWE
5th Stefan Warkalla GER

Women: Laser Standard
Entries 26 Countries 12
1st Marit Soderstrom SWE
2nd Lynne Jewell USA
3rd Francesca Pavesi ITA
4th Susanne Madsen DEN
5th Claudine Taibouet FRA

1983 Gulfport, USA
Open: Laser Standard
Entries 145 Countries 27
1st Oscar Paulich NED
2nd Per Aime Nilsson NOR
3rd Asbjorn Arntkværn SWE
4th Roland Gaebler GER
5th John Irvine NZL

Women: Laser Standard
Entries 23 Countries 12
1st Betsy Gelinetti USA
2nd Lynne Jewell USA
3rd Carolee Spooner CAN
4th Virginia Perry USA
5th Susanne Madsen DEN

1982 Sardinia, ITA
Open: Laser Standard
Entries 231 Countries 28
1st Terry Neilson CAN
2nd Andrew Roy CAN
3rd Mark Brink USA
4th Peter Vilby DEN
5th John Irvine NZL

Women: Laser Standard
Entries 23 Countries 12
1st Marlon Steenhuis NED
2nd Vittoria Masotto ITA
3rd Francesca Pavesi ITA
4th Susanne Schmidt GER
5th Barbara Champion GBR

1980 Kingston, CAN
Open: Laser Standard
Entries 350 Countries 25
1st Ed Baird USA
2nd Jose Barcel Dias BRA
3rd John Currier NZL
4th Sjaak Haakman NED
5th Duncan Lewis CAN

Women: Laser Standard
Entries: 20
1st Marit Soderstrom SWE
2nd Lynne Jewell USA
3rd Cheryl Smith NZL
4th Annette Henderson CAN
5th Kathy Karlson USA

1979 Perth, AUS
Open: Laser Standard
Entries 93 Countries 25
1st Lasse Hjortnaes DEN
2nd Peter Conde AUS

3rd	Andrew Menkart	USA
4th	Cor Van Aanholt	NED
5th	Dado Perry	USA

1977 Cabo Frio, BRA

Open: Laser Standard

Entries 104		Countries 23
1st	John Bertrand	USA
2nd	Peter Commette	USA
3rd	Mark Neeleman	NED
4th	Tim Alexander	AUS
5th	Gary Knapp	USA

1976 Kiel, GER

Open: Laser Standard

Entries 77	Countries 24
1st John Bertrand	USA
2nd Barry Thom	NZL
3rd Edward Adams	USA
4th Jeff Madrigali	USA
5th Emile Pels	NED

1974 Bermuda

Open: Laser Standard

Entries 108	Countries 24
1st Peter Commette	USA
2nd Norm Freeman	USA
3rd Chris Boome	USA
4th Hugo Schmidt	USA
5th Carl Buchan	USA

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MASTERS WORLD CHAMPIONSHIPS

2016 Nuevo Vallarta, MEX

Entries 227 Countries 23

Laser Standard

Apprentices		
1st	Pablo Rabago	MEX
2nd	Guilherme Roth	BRA
3rd	Alejandro Rabago	MEX
4th	Alfonso Aguilar	MEX
5th	Fabian Gomez-Ibarra	MEX

Masters

1st	Brett Beyer	AUS
2nd	Ernesto Rodriguez	USA
3rd	Andrew Dellabarca	NZL
4th	Benoit Meesmaecker	FRA
5th	Peter Hurley	USA

Grand Masters

1st	Gavin Dagley	AUS
2nd	Cristian Herman	CHI
3rd	Allan Clark	CAN
4th	Tim Law	GBR
5th	Steve Gunther	AUS

Great Grand Masters

1st	Mark Bethwaite	AUS
2nd	Doug Peckover	USA
3rd	James Temple	AUS
4th	Alberto Larrea	ARG
5th	John Roberson	AUS

Laser Radial

Apprentices		
1st	Scott Leith	NZL
2nd	Jon Emmett	GBR
3rd	Ian Gregory	GBR
4th	Alejandro Rabago . . .	MEX
5th	Fabio Suyama Ramos	BRA

Women Apprentices

1st	Natalya Gontcharova	USA
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Masters

1st	Carlos Eduardo Wanderley	BRA
2nd	Richard Blakey	NZL
3rd	Alessio Marinelli	ITA
4th	Keith Davids	USA
5th	Edmund Tam	NZL

Women Masters

1st	Anna Macdonald	BRA
2nd	Agneta Jonsson	SWE
3rd	Diane Sissingh	AUS
4th	Alexandra Weihrach	GER
5th	Julie Hughes	CAN

Grand Masters

1st	Vanessa Dudley	AUS
2nd	Jeff Loosemore	AUS
3rd	Luis Castro	BRA
4th	Terry Scutcher	GBR
5th	Robert Britten	CAN

Women Grand Masters

1st	Vanessa Dudley	AUS
2nd	Lyndall Patterson	AUS
3rd	Kathy Luciano	USA

Great Grand Masters

1st	Robert Lowndes	AUS
2nd	William Symes	USA
3rd	Michael Kinnear	GBR
4th	Jon Andron	USA
5th	Kevin Phillips	AUS

Women Great Grand Masters

1st	Hilary Thomas	GBR
Over 75 Masters		
1st	Peter Seidenberg	USA
2nd	Kerry Waraker	AUS
3rd	David Hartman	USA
4th	Geoffrey Lucas	AUS
5th	Denis O'Sullivan	IRL

2015 Kingston, CAN

Entries 247 Countries 25

Laser Standard

Apprentices		
1st	Adonis Bougiouris . . .	GRE
2nd	Matt Blakey	NZL
3rd	Paul Scullion	GBR
4th	Denzil May	GBR
5th	Ray Davies	CAN

Masters

1st	Brett Beyer	AUS
2nd	Peter Hurley	USA
3rd	Ari Barshi	DOM
4th	Marc Jacobi	USA
5th	Brad Taylor	AUS

Grand Masters

1st	Peter Shope	USA
2nd	Andy Roy	CAN
3rd	Mark Bear	USA
4th	Vann Wilson	USA
5th	Gavin Dagley	AUS

Great Grand Masters

1st	Mark Bethwaite	USA
2nd	Alan Keen	NZL
3rd	Robert Blakey	GBR
4th	David Frazier	USA
5th	John Roberson	AUS

Laser Radial

Apprentices		
1st	Scott Leith	NZL
2nd	Zac Skulander	AUS
3rd	Steven Smith	GBR
4th	Pierre-Olivier Roy . . .	CAN
5th	Duncan Whitrow	GBR

Women Apprentices

1st	Erika Vines	CAN
2nd	Alexandra Weihrach	GER
3rd	Dorian Haldeaman	USA
4th	Jennifer Ruddy	CAN

Masters

1st	Keith Davids	USA
2nd	Ian Jones	GBR
3rd	Joao Ramos	BRA
4th	Michael Knowsley	NZL
5th	Nigel Heath	CAN

Women Masters

1st	Kimberly Couranz	USA
2nd	Margaret Podlich	USA
3rd	Monica Wilson	USA
4th	Julie Stewart	CAN
5th	Lisa Pelling	CAN

Grand Masters

1st	Allan Clark	CAN
2nd	Terry Scutcher	GBR
3rd	Robert Britten	CAN
4th	Jeff Loosemore	AUS
5th	Tim Woodford	CAN

Women Grand Masters

1st	Paule Samson	CAN
2nd	Judith Krimski	USA
Great Grand Masters		
1st	Robert Lowndes	AUS
2nd	Bill Symes	USA

Women Great Grand Masters

4th	Daniel Devos	FRA
5th	Michael Kinnear	GBR
Women Great Grand Masters		
1st	Hilary Thomas	GBR
Over 75 Masters		
1st	Peter Seidenberg	USA
2nd	Johan van Rossem	CAN
3rd	Michael Shields	NZL
4th	Heini Wellmann	SUI
5th	Geoffrey Lucas	AUS

Women Over 75 Masters

1st	Deirdre Webster	CAN
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2014 Hyeres, FRA

Entries 499 Countries 36

Laser Standard

Apprentices			
1st	Adonis Bougiouris	...	GRE
2nd	Marciel Grabowski	...	POL
3rd	Matt Blakey	NZL
4th	Angelo Tabernero	...	ESP
5th	Urban Nyhammar	...	SWE

Masters

1st	Brett Beyer	AUS
2nd	Arnold Hummel	NED
3rd	Peter Shope	USA
4th	Scott Ferguson	USA
5th	Christian Gunn Pedersen	DEN

Grand Masters

1st	Nick Harrison	GBR
2nd	Andy Roy	CAN
3rd	Peter Vessella	USA
4th	Colin Dibb	AUS
5th	Wolfgang Gerz	GER

Great Grand Masters

1st	Mark Bethwaite	AUS
2nd	Robert Blakey	NZL
3rd	John Dawson Edwards	CAN
4th	John Roberson	AUS
5th	Christopher Fyans	GBR

Laser Radial

Apprentices		
1st	Jon Emmett	GBR
2nd	Scott Leith	NZL
3rd	Alp Alpogut	TUR
4th	Iago Whately	BRA
5th	Edmund Tam	NZL

Women Apprentices

1st	Monica Azon	ESP
2nd	Cecile Venaut	FRA
3rd	Caroline Mueslet	CAN
4th	Alexandra Weihrach	GER

Masters

1st	Stephen Cockerill	GBR
2nd	Mark Kennedy	AUS
3rd	Joao Ramos	BRA
4th	Richard Blakey	NZL
5th	Ian Jones	GBR

Women Masters

1st	Helene Viazzo	FRA
2nd	Agneta Jonsson	SWE
3rd	Diane Sissingh	AUS
4th	Claudine Tatibout	FRA
5th	Giovanna Lenci	ITA

Grand Masters

1st	Michael Keeton	NZL
2nd	Jeff Loosemore	AUS
3rd	Terry Scutcher	GBR
4th	Vanessa Dudley	AUS
5th	Brett Wright	BER

Women Grand Masters

1st	Vanessa Dudley	AUS
2nd	Ann Keates	GBR
3rd	Lyndall Patterson	AUS
4th	Isabelle Arnoux	FRA
5th	Lesley Reichenberg	CAN

Great Grand Masters

1st	Keith Wilkins	GBR
2nd	Robert Lowndes	AUS
3rd	Peter Seidenberg	USA
4th	Jacky Nebrel	FRA
5th	Bill Symes	USA

Women Great Grand Masters

1st	Hilary Thomas	GBR
Over 75 Masters		
1st	Peter Seidenberg	USA
2nd	Kerry Waraker	AUS
3rd	Denis O'Sullivan	IRL
4th	Ken Holliday	RSA
5th	Peter Craig	AUS

Women Over 75 Masters

1st	Deirdre Webster	CAN
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Laser 4.7

Masters

1st	Stephen Walsh	AUS
2nd	Akemi Nagaoka	JPN
3rd	Waltraud Schmitt	FRA
4th	Jean-Francois Farrugia	FRA

Women Masters

1st	Akemi Nagaoka	JPN
2nd	Waltraud Schmitt	FRA

2013 Al Mussanah, OMA

Entries 186 Countries 31

Laser Standard

Apprentices		
1st	Scott Leith	NZL
2nd	Niklas Edler	SWE
3rd	Alastair Tate	NZL
4th	Kris Decke	NZL
5th	Alan Coutts	OMA

Masters

1st	Al Clark	CAN
2nd	Arnold Hummel	NED
3rd	Chris Dawson	AUS
4th	Benoit Meesmaecker	FRA
5th	Torbjorn Jonsson	SWE

Grand Masters

1st	Greg Adams	AUS
2nd	Terry Scutcher	GBR
3rd	Wolfgang Gerz	GER
4th	Tim Law	GBR
5th	Robert Britten	CAN

Great Grand Masters

1st	Mark Bethwaite	AUS
2nd	Robert Blakey	NZL
3rd	John Roberson	AUS
4th	Sandy Grigg	NZL
5th	Stephen Wawn	AUS

Laser Radial

Apprentices		
1st	Jon Emmett	GBR
2nd	Fabio Syama Ramos	BRA
3rd	Edmund Tam	NZL
4th	Ian Gregory	GBR
5th	Niall Peelo	GBR

Women Apprentices

1st	Kimberly Couranz	USA
2nd	Alexandra Weihrach	GER

Masters

1st	Ian Jones	GBR
2nd	Joao Ramos	BRA
3rd	Martin Van Olfen	NED
4th	Matthias Bruhl	GER
5th	Robert Cage	GBR

Women Masters

1st	Agneta Jonsson	SWE
2nd	Diane Sissingh	AUS
3rd	Martien Zeegers-Nouwen	NED
4th	Lindsay Whitton	AUS

Grand Masters

1st	Vanessa Dudley	AUS
2nd	Joao Ramos	BRA
3rd	Michael Pridham	GBR
4th	Doug Peckover	USA
5th	Bo Johansson	SWE

Women Grand Masters

1st	Vanessa Dudley	AUS
Great Grand Masters		
1st	Peter Seidenberg	USA
2nd	Keith Wilkins	GBR
3rd	Henk Wittenberg	ned
4th	Michael Kinnear	GBR

Women Great Grand Masters

1st	Hilary Thomas	GBR
2nd	Elaine Capps	AUS

2012 Brisbane, AUS

Entries 232 Countries 19

Laser Standard

Apprentices		
1st	Matias Del Solar	CHI
2nd	Tony Baisden	AUS
3rd	Brett Morris	AUS
4th	Kent Coplestone	NZL
5th	Rob Woodward	NZL

4th	Matthias Bruehl	GER
5th	Edmund Tam	NZL
Women Apprentices		
1st	Myra Robertson	AUS
2nd	Anita Smith	AUS
3rd	Ruth Mccance	AUS
4th	Jane Moffat	AUS
5th	Christy Usher	USA

Masters		
1st	Mark Orams	NZL
2nd	Greg Adams	AUS
3rd	Mark Kennedy	AUS
4th	David Early	AUS
5th	Grant Willmott	AUS

Women Masters		
1st	Christine Bridge	AUS
2nd	Vanessa Dudley	AUS
3rd	Agneta Jonsson	SWE
4th	Diane Sissingh	AUS
5th	Kirsteen Reid	RSA

Grand Masters		
1st	Michael Keeton	NZL
2nd	Adam French	AUS
3rd	Pete Thomas	NZL
4th	Doug Peckover	USA
5th	Jeff Loosmore	AUS

Women Grand Masters		
1st	Lyndall Patterson	AUS
2nd	Lesley Reichenfeld	CAN

Great Grand Masters		
1st	Kerry Waraker	AUS
2nd	Keith Wilkins	GBR
3rd	Peter Seidenberg	USA
4th	Kevin Phillips	AUS
5th	Lev Verdon	AUS

Women Great Grand Masters		
1st	Hilary Thomas	GBR

Laser 4.7 Masters		
1st	Claire Heenan	AUS
2nd	Peter Charlton	AUS
3rd	George Meikle	AUS
4th	Martin Brady	AUS
5th	Bronwyn Mitchell	AUS

Women Masters		
1st	Claire Heenan	AUS
2nd	Bronwyn Mitchell	AUS
3rd	Michelle Lefevre	RSA
4th	Janet Kemp	AUS
5th	Jenny Walker	AUS

2011 San Francisco, USA

Entries 236 Countries 27

Laser Standard Apprentices		
1st	Benjamin Richardson	USA
2nd	Orlando Gledhill	GBR
3rd	Kevin Taugher	USA
4th	Gaspare Silvestri	ITA
5th	David Armitage	USA

Masters		
1st	Arnoud Hummel	NED
2nd	Brett Beyer	AUS
3rd	Scott Ferguson	USA
4th	Russ Silvestri	USA
5th	Otto Strandvig	DEN

Grand Masters		
1st	Colin Dobb	AUS
2nd	Peter Vessella	USA
3rd	Malcolm Courts	GBR
4th	Lard Hansen	USA
5th	Wolfgang Gerz	GER

Laser Radial Apprentices

1st	Scott Leith	NZL
2nd	Edmund Tam	NZL
3rd	Ian Gregory	GBR
4th	Joe Burcar	USA
5th	Pablo Cervantes	MEX

Women Apprentices

1st	Buff Wendt	USA
2nd	Michelle Davis	USA
3rd	Kate Easton	CAN

Masters

1st	Al Clark	CAN
2nd	Carlos E. Wanderley	BRA
3rd	Marcelo Fuchs	BRA
4th	Gary Ratcliffe	AUS
5th	Mark Page	NZL

Women Masters

1st	Diane Sissingh	AUS
2nd	Isabelle Barbeau	TAH

Grand Masters

1st	William Symes	USA
2nd	Bruce Martinson	USA
3rd	Robert Lowndes	AUS
4th	Peter Heywood	AUS
5th	Walt Spevak	USA

Women Grand Masters

1st	Lesley Reichenfeld	CAN
2nd	Irina Pashutin	ISR
3rd	Kathy Luciano	USA

Great Grand Masters

1st	Keith Wilkins	GBR
2nd	Peter Seidenberg	USA
3rd	Jim Quinn	NZL
4th	Lindsay Hewitt	USA
5th	Michael Kinnear	GBR

2010 Hayling Island, GBR

Entries 354 Countries 31

Laser Standard Apprentices		
1st	Brett Beyer	AUS
2nd	Adonis Bougiouris	GRE
3rd	Jyrki Taiminen	FIN
4th	Orlando Gledhill	GBR
5th	Benjamin Richardson	USA

Masters

1st	Scott Ferguson	USA
2nd	Arnoud Hummel	NED
3rd	John Bertrand	AUS
4th	Christian Gunn Pedersen	DEN
5th	Al Clark	CAN

Women Masters

1st	Wolfgang Gerz	GER
2nd	Peter Vessella	USA
3rd	Peter Sherwin	GBR
4th	Peter Sundelin	SWE
5th	William Symes	USA

Laser Radial Apprentices

1st	Scott Leith	NZL
2nd	Jean-Christophe Leydet	FRA
3rd	Matthias Bruehl	GER
4th	Ian Jones	GBR
5th	Edmund Tam	NZL

Women Apprentices

1st	Caroline Muelet	CAN
2nd	Rosie Tribe	GBR
3rd	Brenda Hoult	GBR

Masters

1st	Stephen Cockerill	GBR
2nd	Joao Ramos	BRA
3rd	Harish Atkinson	NZL
4th	Carlos E. Wanderley	BRA
5th	Ian Escott	GBR

Women Masters

1st	Christine Bridge	AUS
2nd	Agneta Jonsson	SWE
3rd	Vanessa Dudley	AUS

Grand Masters

1st	Lyndall Patterson	AUS
2nd	Alden Shattuck	USA
3rd	Bruce Martinson	USA
4th	Mark Halman	USA
5th	Kevin Pearson	GBR

Women Grand Masters

1st	Lyndall Patterson	AUS
2nd	Janet Kemp	AUS

Great Grand Masters

1st	Keith Wilkins	GBR
2nd	Peter Seidenberg	USA
3rd	Johan Stam	NED
4th	Jim Quinn	NZL
5th	Kerry Waraker	AUS

Women Great Grand Masters

1st	Hilary Thomas	AUS
2nd	Deirdre Webster	CAN

2009 Halifax, CAN

Entries 295 Countries 26

Laser Standard Apprentices		
1st	Adonis Bougiouris	GRE
2nd	Brett Beyer	AUS
3rd	Orlando Gledhill	GBR
4th	Ray Davies	CAN
5th	Stewart Casey	USA

Masters

1st	Scott Ferguson	USA
2nd	Arnoud Hummel	NED
3rd	Andrew Pimental	USA
4th	Mark Bear	USA
5th	Jan Scholten	AUS

Grand Masters

1st	Wolfgang Gerz	GER
2nd	Mark Bethwaite	AUS
3rd	Alan Keen	RSA
4th	Jack Schlachter	AUS
5th	Bill Symes	USA

Laser Radial Apprentices

1st	Richard Bott	AUS
2nd	Scott Leith	NZL
3rd	Grant Willmott	AUS
4th	Edmund Tam	NZL
5th	Matthias Bruehl	GER

Women Apprentices

1st	Alison Casey	AUS
2nd	Yvonne Malmsten	SWE
3rd	Kimberley Couranz	USA

Masters

1st	Carlos E. Wanderley	BRA
2nd	Greg Adams	AUS
3rd	Joao Ramos	BRA
4th	Michael Knowsley	NZL
5th	Nigel Heath	CAN

Women Masters

1st	Lyndall Patterson	AUS
2nd	Vanessa Dudley	AUS
3rd	Agneta Jonsson	SWE

Grand Masters

1st	Peter Heywood	AUS
2nd	Michael Pridham	GBR
3rd	Ian Rawet	GBR
4th	Alden Shattuck	USA
5th	Kevin Pearson	GBR

Women Grand Masters

1st	Hilary Thomas	AUS
2nd	Yvonne Malmsten	SWE
3rd	Castelle Marsault	FRA
4th	Jim Quinn	NZL
5th	Lindsay Hewitt	USA

2008 Terrigal, AUS

Entries 370 Countries 22

Laser Standard Apprentices		
1st	Brett Beyer	AUS
2nd	Rohan Lord	NZL
3rd	Jyrki Taiminen	FIN
4th	Orlando Gledhill	GBR
5th	Christopher Gowers	GBR

Masters

1st	Jan Scholten	AUS
2nd	Bradley Taylor	AUS
3rd	Peter Conde	AUS
4th	Andy Roy	CAN
5th	Colin Dobb	AUS

Women Masters

1st	Mark Bethwaite	AUS
2nd	Wolfgang Gerz	GER
3rd	Jack Schlachter	AUS
4th	Robert Lowndes	AUS
5th	Michael Nissen	GER

Laser Radial Apprentices

1st	James Liebl	USA
2nd	John Jagger	AUS
3rd	Richard Bott	AUS
4th	Scott Leith	NZL
5th	David Early	AUS

Women Apprentices

1st	Alison Casey	AUS
2nd	Justine Ella	AUS
3rd	Yvonne Malmsten	SWE

Masters

1st	Mark Orams	NZL
2nd	Stephen Cockerill	GBR
3rd	Greg Adams	AUS
4th	Al Clark	CAN
5th	Chris Raab	USA

Women Masters

1st	Christine Bridge	AUS
2nd	Lyndall Patterson	AUS
3rd	Vanessa Dudley	AUS

Grand Masters

1st	Peter Heywood	AUS
2nd	Brian Watson	AUS
3rd	Peter Whipp	GBR
4th	Lev Verdon	AUS
5th	Ian Rawet	GBR

Women Grand Masters

1st	Gill Waitling	NZL
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Great Grand Masters

1st	Peter Seidenberg	USA
2nd	Kerry Waraker	AUS
3rd	Tom Speed	NZL
4th	Jim Quinn	NZL
5th	Howard Taylor	AUS

2007 Roses, ESP

Entries 419 Countries 33

Laser Standard Apprentices		
1st	Brett Beyer	AUS
2nd	Orlando Gledhill	GBR
3rd	Stephen Cockerill	GBR
4th	Xav Leclerc	FRA
5th	Erasen Echavarrri	ESP

Masters

1st	Arnoud Hummel	NED
2nd	Al Clark	CAN
3rd	César Sierhuis	NED
4th	Scott Ferguson	USA
5th	Peter Vessella	USA

Women Masters

1st	Mark Bethwaite	AUS
2nd	Michael Nissen	GER
3rd	Anders Sorensson	SWE
4th	Jack Schlachter	AUS
5th	William Symes	USA

Laser Radial Apprentices

1st	Mark	NZL
2nd	Freek Miranda	NED
3rd	Wilmar Groenendijk	NED
4th	Matthias Bruehl	GER
5th	David Early	AUS

Women Apprentices

1st	Agneta Jonsson	SWE
2nd	Yvonne Malmsten	SWE
3rd	Castelle Marsault	FRA

Masters

1st	Greg Adams	AUS
2nd	Robert Cage	GBR
3rd	Martin Baitchevsky	FIN
4th	John Reay	GBR
5th	Richard Major	GBR

Women Masters

1st	Lyndall Patterson	AUS
2nd	Janet Kemp	AUS
3rd	Claudine Tatibouet	FRA
4th	Peter Heywood	AUS
5th	Peter Whipp	GBR
6th	Alden Shattuck	USA
7th	Ian Rawet	GBR
8th	Serge Raphalen	FRA

Women Grand Masters

1st	Hilary Thomas	GBR
2nd	Caroline Marriage	GBR

Great Grand Masters

1st	Peter Seidenberg	USA
2nd	Kerry Waraker	AUS
3rd	Heini Wellmann	SUI
4th	Greg Marshall	AUS
5th	Bill Watson	GBR

Women Great Grand Masters

1st	Deirdre Webster	CAN
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2006 Jeju Island, KOR

Entries 72 Countries 14

Laser Standard Apprentices		
1st	Brett Beyer	AUS
2nd	Orlando Gledhill	GBR
3rd	Giles Grigg	NZL
4th	Richard Blakey	NZL
5th	Kevin Currier	IRL

2nd Mark Page NZL	2nd Jack Schlachter AUS	5th Denis O'Sullivan IRL	4th Yvonne Malmsten SWE
3rd David Early AUS	3rd Tracy Usher USA	5th Jan Kemp AUS	
4th Christine Bridge AUS	4th Brett Wright BER		
Masters	5th Mark Bear USA		
1st Greg Adams AUS	Grand Masters		
2nd Bruce Martinson AUS	1st Mark Bethwaite AUS		
3rd Martin Baltischeffsky FIN	2nd Magnus Olin SWE		
4th Lyndall Patterson AUS	3rd David Edmiston AUS		
5th Gregory Kemp AUS	4th Robert Lowndes AUS		
Grand Masters	5th Sandy Grigg NZL		
1st Alden Shattuck AUS	Laser Radial		
2nd Peter Whipp GBR	Apprentices		
3rd Ian Rawet GBR	1st David Early HKG		
4th Mark Miller GBR	2nd Aydin Yurdum TUR		
5th Hilary Thomas GBR	3rd Martin Baltischeffsky FIN		
Great Grand Masters	4th Bulent Baha Akin TUR		
1st Peter Seidenberg USA	5th Claudio Gallizioli ITA		
2nd Kerry Waraker AUS	Women Apprentices		
3rd Sandy Grigg NZL	1st Yvonne Malmsten SWE		
4th Tom Speed NZL	Masters		
5th Gregg Marshall AUS	1st Goran Bonacic CRO		
Women	2nd Lyndall Patterson AUS		
1st Christine Bridge AUS	3rd Bruce Martinson USA		
2nd Lyndall Patterson AUS	4th Olivier Falque FRA		
3rd Janet Kemp AUS	5th Laurent Vigo FRA		
4th Hilary Thomas GBR	Women Masters		
5th Lesley Hotchin GBR	1st Lyndall Patterson AUS		
	Grand Masters		
	1st Poopy Marcon FRA		
	2nd Alden Shattuck USA		
	3rd Peter Whipp GBR		
	4th Heini Wellmann SUI		
	5th Mark Miller NZL		
	Great Grand Masters		
	1st Peter Seidenberg USA		
	2nd Jack Hansen NZL		
	3rd Kenneth Holliday RSA		
	4th Denis O'Sullivan IRL		
	5th David Flakelar AUS		
	2003 Cadiz, ESP		
	Entries 236 Countries 27		
	Laser Standard		
	Apprentices		
	1st Mark Littlejohn GBR		
	2nd Stephen Cockerill GBR		
	3rd Brett Beyer AUS		
	4th Jyrki Taiminen FIN		
	5th Huub Lambriex NED		
	Masters		
	1st Anders Sorensson SWE		
	2nd Chris Raab USA		
	3rd Malcolm Courts GBR		
	4th Nick Harrison GBR		
	5th Alexander Nikolaev RUS		
	Grand Masters		
	1st Mark Bethwaite AUS		
	2nd Keith Wilkins GBR		
	3rd Kevin Pearson GBR		
	4th Kim Weber FIN		
	5th William Symes USA		
	Laser Radial		
	Apprentices		
	1st Wilmar Groenendijk NED		
	2nd Thomas Deimling GER		
	3rd Roberta Hartley GBR		
	4th Martin Baltischeffsky FIN		
	5th Luis Martin Propato ARG		
	Women Apprentices		
	1st Roberta Hartley GBR		
	2nd Yvonne Malmsten SWE		
	3rd Susan Brown GBR		
	Grand Masters		
	1st Alastair McMichael AUS		
	2nd Bruce Martinson USA		
	3rd Lyndall Patterson AUS		
	4th Christian Borenius FIN		
	5th Peter Whipp GBR		
	Women Masters		
	1st Lyndall Patterson AUS		
	2nd Jan Kemp AUS		
	3rd Okumura Hiroko JPN		
	Grand Masters		
	1st Alden Shattuck USA		
	2nd Henk Wittenberg NED		
	3rd Gary McCrohon AUS		
	4th Roger Williams BER		
	5th Gerard Jeannot FRA		
	Great Grand Masters		
	1st Peter Seidenberg USA		
	2nd Tom Speed NZL		
	3rd Bill Watson GBR		
	4th Heinz Gebauer CAN		
	2002 Hyannis, USA		
	Entries 270 Countries 24		
	Laser Standard		
	Apprentices		
	1st Andreas John GER		
	2nd Brett Beyer AUS		
	3rd Mark Littlejohn GBR		
	4th Andrew Pimental USA		
	5th Jyrki Taiminen FIN		
	Masters		
	1st Ed Adams USA		
	2nd Mark Bear USA		
	3rd Peter Vessella USA		
	4th Charles Tripp USA		
	5th Tracy Usher USA		
	Grand Masters		
	1st Keith Wilkins GBR		
	2nd Bill Symes USA		
	3rd Peter Seidenberg USA		
	4th Robert Lowndes AUS		
	5th Jack Hansen NZL		
	Laser Radial		
	Apprentices		
	1st Stephen Cockerill GBR		
	2nd Mark Orams NZL		
	3rd Wilmar Groenendijk NED		
	4th Ryan Minth USA		
	5th Robert Falk USA		
	Masters		
	1st Adam French AUS		
	2nd Alden Shattuck USA		
	3rd Bruce Martinson USA		
	4th Diane Burton USA		
	5th Richard Ineson NZL		
	Grand Masters		
	1st Lindsay Hewitt USA		
	2nd Colin Maddren NZL		
	3rd Mark Miller NZL		
	4th James Johnson NZL		
	5th Lew Verdon AUS		
	Great Grand Masters		
	1st Dick Tillman USA		
	2nd Henry de Wolf Jr. USA		
	3rd Heinz Gebauer CAN		
	4th Jim Christopher USA		
	5th Peter Raymer GBR		
	Women		
	1st Diane Burton USA		
	2nd Jane Codman USA		
	3rd Sally Sharp USA		
	4th Yvonne Malmsten SWE		
	5th Debbie Phillips GBR		
	2001 Cork, IRL		
	Entries 314 Countries 25		
	Laser Standard		
	Apprentices		
	1st Brett Beyer AUS		
	2nd Mark Littlejohn GBR		
	3rd Doug McGain AUS		
	4th Mark Lyttle IRL		
	5th Marc Jacobi USA		
	Masters		
	1st Colin Dobb AUS		
	2nd Ian Lineberger USA		
	3rd Anders Sorensson SWE		
	4th Mark Bethwaite AUS		
	5th Malcolm Courts GBR		
	Grand Masters		
	1st Keith Wilkins GBR		
	2nd Philip Pegler AUS		
	3rd Jacky Nebrel FRA		
	4th Bob Blakey NZL		
	5th Barry Waller AUS		
	Laser Radial		
	Great Grand Masters		
	1st Henry de Wolf Jr. USA		
	2nd Fradin Schoettle AUS		
	3rd Heinz Gebauer CAN		
	4th Anthony Denham AUS		
	5th James Christopher USA		
	Laser Radial Open		
	1st Stephen Cockerill GBR		
	2nd Wilmar Groenendijk NED		
	3rd Thomas Urban SWE		
	4th John Reay GBR		
	5th Jean Luc Michon FRA		
	Laser Radial Women		
	1st Roberta Hartley GBR		
	2nd Lyndall Patterson AUS		
	3rd Claire Davison GBR		
	2000 Cancun, MEX		
	Entries 147 Countries 20		
	Laser Standard		
	Apprentices		
	1st Alan Davis GBR		
	2nd Alexandre Nikolaev RUS		
	3rd Terry Scutcher GBR		
	4th Bill O'Hara IRL		
	5th Martin Hallsten SWE		
	Masters		
	1st Mark Bethwaite AUS		
	2nd Rob Coult NZL		
	3rd Doug Peckover USA		
	4th Jack Schlachter AUS		
	5th Alan Keen RSA		
	Grand Masters		
	1st Keith Wilkins GBR		
	2nd Dick Tillmann USA		
	3rd Joe van Rossem CAN		
	4th Ian Rawet GBR		
	5th Tom Speed NZL		
	Laser Radial		
	Great Grand Masters		
	1st Henry de Wolf Jr. USA		
	2nd Kurt Zueger SUI		
	3rd Heinz Gebauer CAN		
	4th Geoffrey Myburgh RSA		
	5th Robert Saltmarsh USA		
	Laser Radial Open		
	1st Adam French AUS		
	2nd Wilmar Groenendijk NED		
	3rd Glyn Purnell GBR		
	4th Lew Verdon AUS		
	5th Henry de Wolf Jr. USA		
	Laser Radial Women		
	1st Sally Sharp USA		
	2nd Jennie King GBR		
	3rd Karyn Voss USA		
	4th Alison Knight IVB		
	1999 Melbourne, AUS		
	Entries 237 Countries 22		
	Laser Standard		
	Apprentices		
	1st Mark Littlejohn GBR		
	2nd Andreas John GER		
	3rd Alan Davis GBR		
	4th Bill O'Hara IRL		
	5th Brad Taylor AUS		
	Masters		
	1st Keith Wilkins GBR		
	2nd Peter Sundheim SWE		
	3rd Doug Peckover USA		
	4th Jack Schlachter AUS		
	5th Timothy Alexander AUS		
	Grand Masters		
	1st Graham Oborn AUS		
	2nd Jack Hansen NZL		
	3rd Keith Vann NZL		
	4th Ben Piefke AUS		
	5th Kerry Waraker AUS		
	Laser Radial		
	Great Grand Masters		
	1st Graham Read AUS		
	2nd Haruyoshi Kimura JPN		
	3rd Geoffrey Myburgh RSA		
	4th Kurt Zueger SUI		
	5th Peter O'Grady AUS		
	Laser Radial Open		
	1st Mark Orams NZL		
	2nd Alexandre Nikolaev RUS		
	3rd Frank Inmon AUS		
	4th Wilmar Groenendijk NED		
	5th Adam French AUS		
	Laser Radial Women		
	1st Lyndall Patterson AUS		
	2nd Helen Cooksey AUS		
	3rd Sally Sharp USA		
	4th Susan Fielding AUS		
	5th Lesley Hotchin GBR		
	1997 Algarrobo, CHI		
	Entries 128 Countries 21		
	Laser Standard		
	Apprentices		
	1st Herman Cristian CHI		
	2nd Alan Davis GBR		
	3rd Marcelo Fuschs BRA		
	4th Terry Scutcher GBR		

5th	Bill O'Hara	IRL
Masters		
1st	Doug Peckover	USA
2nd	Mark Bethwaite	AUS
3rd	Keith Wilkins	GBR
4th	Jack Schlachter	AUS
5th	Barry Waller	AUS

Grand Masters		
1st	Colin Lovelady	AUS
2nd	Peter Seidenberg	USA
3rd	Wilhelm Gerlinger	GER
4th	Joe Van Rossem	CAN
5th	Jack Hansen	NZL

Laser Radial		
Great Grand Masters		
1st	Heinz Gebauer	CAN
2nd	Doug Bates	NZL
3rd	Graham Reed	AUS
4th	Peter Raymer	GBR
5th	Robert Saltmarsh	USA
Laser Radial Open		
1st	Wilmar Groenendijk	NED
2nd	Aydin Yurdum	TUR
3rd	Alexandre Nikolaev	RUS
4th	Gary McCrohon	AUS
5th	Heinz Gebauer	CAN

1996 Cape Town, RSA		
Entries 155 Countries 21		
Laser Standard		
Apprentices		
1st	Peter Wilson	RSA
2nd	Robert Douglass	AUS
3rd	Regis Berenguer	FRA
4th	Terry Scutcher	GBR
5th	Chris Rodowicz	AUS

Masters		
1st	Keith Wilkins	GBR
2nd	Mark Bethwaite	AUS
3rd	Alan Keen	RSA
4th	Barry Waller	AUS
5th	Doug Peckover	USA
Grand Masters		
1st	Ben Piefke	AUS
2nd	Denis O'Sullivan	IRL
3rd	Colin Lovelady	AUS
4th	Peter Seidenberg	USA
5th	Ken Holiday	RSA

Laser Radial Open		
1st	Adam French	AUS
2nd	Alexandre Nikolaev	RUS
3rd	Kevin Bloor	AUS
4th	Rui Sancho	ANG
5th	Gary McCrohon	AUS

1995 Tenerife, ESP		
Entries 113 Countries 20		
Apprentices		
1st	Nicholas Harrison	GBR
2nd	Lance Burger	RSA
3rd	Tomas Franzen	SWE
4th	Peter Saxton	GBR
5th	Norio Akiyama	JPN

Masters		
1st	Keith Wilkins	GBR
2nd	Barry Waller	AUS
3rd	Ted Moore	USA
4th	Pieter Dekker	NED
5th	Jacky Nebrel	FRA
Grand Masters		
1st	Colin Lovelady	AUS
2nd	Peter Seidenberg	USA
3rd	Jack Hansen	NZL
4th	Joe Van Rossem	CAN
5th	Michael Heath	AUS

1994 Wakayama, JPN		
Entries 131 Countries 15		
Apprentices		
1st	Norio Akiyama	JPN
2nd	Nicholas Harrison	GBR
3rd	Nelson Horn Ilha	BRA
4th	Koichiro Naito	JPN
5th	Doug Peckover	USA

Masters		
1st	Keith Wilkins	GBR
2nd	Hiroyuki Uehara	JPN
3rd	Mark Bethwaite	AUS
4th	Katsumi Hirano	JPN
5th	Ian Rawet	GBR
Grand Masters		

1st	Colin Lovelady	AUS
2nd	Peter Seidenberg	USA
3rd	Denis O'Sullivan	IRL
4th	Barry Pownall	AUS
5th	Tony Denham	AUS

1993 Takapuna, NZL		
Entries 186 Countries 22		
Apprentices		
1st	Paul Page	NZL
2nd	Neville Wittey	AUS
3rd	Murray Thom	NZL
4th	Andrew York	AUS
5th	Lance Burger	USA

Masters		
1st	Keith Wilkins	GBR
2nd	John Rigg	AUS
3rd	Mark Bethwaite	AUS
4th	Barry Waller	AUS
5th	John Douglas	NZL
Grand Masters		
1st	Colin Lovelady	AUS
2nd	Denis O'Sullivan	USA
3rd	Barry Pownall	AUS
4th	Ralph Ellis	AUS
5th	John Maynard	GBR

Great Grand Masters		
1st	Doug Bates	NZL
2nd	Robert Saltmarsh	USA
Women		
1st	Jill Robertson	CAN
2nd	Sally Sharp	USA

1991 Porto Carras, GRE		
Entries 107 Countries 23		
Laser Standard		
Apprentices		
1st	Stephen Birbeck	GBR
2nd	Mark Phillips	AUS
3rd	Mario Orlich	ITA
4th	Geoffrey McGillivray	AUS
5th	Peter Wolfe	IRL

Masters		
1st	Keith Wilkins	GBR
2nd	Peter Seidenberg	CAN
3rd	Barry Waller	AUS
4th	Willi Gerlinger	GER
5th	Ilkka Schroderus	FIN
Grand Masters		
1st	Colin Lovelady	AUS
2nd	Friedhelm Lixenfeld	GER
3rd	Heinz Gebauer	CAN
4th	Nick Paine	GBR
5th	Tony Denham	AUS

1990 New Bedford, USA		
Entries 112 Countries 19		
Apprentices		
1st	Kim Zetterberg	USA
2nd	Michael Stovin-Bradford	AUS
3rd	Mark Phillips	AUS
4th	Geoffrey McGillivray	AUS
5th	Had Brick	USA

Masters		
1st	Denis O'Sullivan	IRL
2nd	Peter Seidenberg	CAN
3rd	Joe Van Rossem	CAN
4th	Curt Bildner	SWE
5th	David Olson	USA
Grand Masters		
1st	Friedhelm Lixenfeld	GER
2nd	Jim Christopher	USA
3rd	Tony Denham	AUS
4th	Norman Freeman	USA
5th	Nick Paine	GBR

1989 Aarhus, DEN		
Entries 114 Countries 25		
Apprentices		
1st	Keith Wilkins	GBR
2nd	Phil Graves	CAN
3rd	Jeff Loosemore	AUS
4th	Had Brick	USA
5th	Peter Griffiths	NZL

Masters		
1st	John Rigg	AUS
2nd	Curt Bildner	SWE
3rd	Christher Baath	SWE
4th	Denis O'Sullivan	IRL
5th	Peter Seidenberg	CAN
Grand Masters		
1st	Friedhelm Lixenfeld	GER

2nd	Jack Swenson	USA
3rd	Heinz Gebauer	CAN
4th	Nick Paine	GBR
5th	Robert Saltmarsh	USA

1988 Falmouth, GBR		
Entries 156 Countries 24		
Apprentices		
1st	Jeff Loosemore	AUS
2nd	Philip Graves	CAN
3rd	Had Brick	USA
4th	Keith Wilkins	GBR
5th	Peter Heywood	AUS

Masters		
1st	Peter Seidenberg	CAN
2nd	Colin Lovelady	AUS
3rd	John Maynard	GBR
4th	John Rigg	AUS
5th	Nils Andersson	USA
Grand Masters		
1st	Friedhelm Lixenfeld	GER
2nd	Geoffrey Myburgh	RSA
3rd	Heinz Gebauer	CAN
4th	Peter Milnes	USA
5th	Jan Nouwen	NED

1987 Melbourne, AUS		
Entries 106 Countries 22		
Apprentices		
1st	Phil Peglar	AUS
2nd	Warwick Phillips	AUS
3rd	John Sprague	AUS
4th	Geoff Gale	AUS
5th	Willi Gerlinger	GER

Masters		
1st	John Rigg	AUS
2nd	Michael Heath	AUS
3rd	Peter Seidenberg	CAN
4th	Colin Lovelady	AUS
5th	Greg Marshall	AUS
Grand Masters		
1st	Alan Clark	AUS
2nd	Alec McClure	AUS
3rd	Graham Gilbert	AUS
4th	Doug Bates	NZL
5th	Bob White	AUS

1985 World Masters Games		
Toronto, CAN		
Entries 101		
Apprentices		
1st	David Olsen	USA
2nd	Ben Lashaway	USA
3rd	Richard Gronblom	FIN

Masters		
1st	Peter Seidenberg	CAN
2nd	Colin Lovelady	AUS
3rd	Peter Lundt	USA
Grand Masters		
1st	Alec McClure	AUS
2nd	Alexander Nimick	USA
3rd	Alister Taig	USA

1984 Pattaya, THA		
Entries 62 Countries 22		
Apprentices		
1st	Richard Verco	AUS
2nd	Paul Millsom	AUS
3rd	Kim Weber	FIN
4th	Roger Williams	UAE
5th	Ilkka Schroderus	FIN

Masters		
1st	John Rigg	AUS
2nd	Peter Seidenberg	CAN
3rd	Colin Lovelady	AUS
4th	Michael Heath	AUS
5th	Denis O'Sullivan	IRL
Grand Masters		
1st	Alec McClure	AUS
2nd	Doug Bates	NZL
3rd	Alan Clark	AUS
4th	Robert Saltmarsh	USA
5th	Alf Johnson	USA

1983 Gulfport, USA		
Entries 70		
Apprentices		
1st	Tucker Bragdon	USA
2nd	Philip Peglar	AUS
3rd	Peter Branning	USA
4th	Carole Spooner	CAN
5th	Roger Williams	QAT
Masters		

1st	Norman Freeman	USA
2nd	Randall Swan	USA
3rd	Dick Rose	USA
4th	Heinz Gebauer	CAN
5th	Geoff Myburgh	RSA
Grand Masters		
1st	Alan Clark	AUS
2nd	Alan Levinson	USA
3rd	Bob Saltmarsh	USA
4th	Peter Milnes	USA
5th	Alf Johnson	RSA

1982 Sardinia, ITA		
Entries 82		
Apprentices		
1st	Paul Millsom	AUS
2nd	Jacky Nebrel	FRA
3rd	Michael Wallace	IRL
4th	Michael Heath	AUS
5th	Tony Manning	AUS

Masters		
1st	Hans-Luther Striewe	GER
2nd	Geoff Myburgh	RSA
3rd	Nick Paine	GBR
4th	Jack Swenson	USA
5th	Hugo Kroth	GER
Grand Masters		
1st	Alan Clark	AUS
2nd	Alex McClure	AUS
3rd	Cecil Walker	GBR
4th	Bob Saltmarsh	USA
5th	William ter Weld	NED

1981 Bendor, FRA		
Entries 52 Countries 11		
Apprentices		
1st	Jacky Nebrel	FRA
2nd	Michael Telken	GER
3rd	Michael Nerbollier	SUI
4th	Werner Winter	GER
5th	Wolf Peter Niesen	GER

Masters		
1st	Nick Paine	GBR
2nd	Maudez de Cozannet	FRA
3rd	Lucien Bouche	FRA
4th	Horst Kimm	GER
5th	Michael Tuson	QAT
Grand Masters		
1st	Alan Clark	AUS
2nd	Cecil Walker	GBR
3rd	Piero Marchetti	ITA
4th	Vittorio Baldoni	ITA
5th	John Nouwen	NED

1980 Bendor, FRA		
Entries 67 Countries 15		
Apprentices		
1st	Svend Carlsen	DEN
2nd	Werner Winter	GER
3rd	Jacky Nebrel	FRA
Masters		
1st	Nick Paine	GBR
2nd	Alf Johnson	RSA
3rd	Peter Fordham	GBR

Grand Masters		
1st	Sam Small	USA
2nd	Cecil Walker	GBR
3rd	Vittorio Baldoni	ITA

International Laser Class Association



Register your Laser with your National Laser Association and keep up-to-date with News, Events and class rules updates...

By registering you will be immediately informed of any Laser events that are taking place in your district as well as updates on any information relevant to you.

You can register by completing this form and sending to your nearest District Contact. Details of your District Contact can be found on pages 13-16 of this ILCA Handbook or at www.laserinternational.org.

Name

Address

.....

.....

Date of Birth. Male ☐ Female ☐

Zip Code / Postcode

Country

Email

Tel Number: Home.

Work

Laser Rig (tick box) Standard ☐ Radial ☐ Laser 4.7 ☐

Laser Sail Number.

Dealer where Laser was purchased





Laser 4.7



Laser Radial



Laser Standard